THE WEATHER
Snow tonight, followed by clearing and somewhat colder tonight.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY MARCH 2 1916 | PRICE ONE CENT

MURDER IN TEWKSBURY

SENATE READY TO VOTE ON GORE RESOLUTION

Administration Leaders Confident—Chairman Stone Not in Accord With President

WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—Administration forces faced with delay in the house, turned today to the senate to carry out President Wilson's demand for the defeat of resolutions warning Americans off armed ships of European belligerents.

Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee announcing openly from the floor that he was not in accord with the president on the issue, proposed, however, that the senate take an adjournment instead of another recess and thereby get into a new legislative day, relieving the parliamentary situation which thus far has held Senator Gore's resolution from coming to a vote. His action was known after a conference of administration leaders who were satisfied they had the votes to defeat the Gore resolution and demonstrate to Germany that the dissensions against the president's foreign policy do not have the support of congress.

"It has been decided to bring the resolution up for action as soon as possible, but probably not today," said Senator James of Kentucky, one of the administration supporters. "We have got the votes in the senate to smash it."

Senator Stone at the outset of his proposal made a statement of the international situation as he understood it.

Senator Stone declared it was his hope that something could be done at once to bring the president and congress more closely in accord on the issue and that he was framing a substitute for all pending resolutions on the subject.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, ranking republican member of the foreign relations committee, declared he was in accord with Senator Stone's desire for prompt action, and he agreed that the issue was more important than anything else now before congress.

President Wilson and republican leader Mann of the house will discuss the attitude of republicans on the armed ship issue at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the president's request. The president intends to place the issue squarely before the republicans in an effort to gain their support.

ARMED SHIP CONTROVERSY

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Congress met today with a clear cut issue pending between President Wilson and the official leaders of the house on the armed ship controversy.

The president, believing that a majority of the rank and file of the house

Continued to page Eye

CITY HALL NEWS

All Quiet After Strenuous Time in Slashing the Estimates

After being tied up on estimates for over a week the members of the municipal council were able to spend today in their offices and attend to their department work. There did not appear to be much doing at city hall, however, and the usual routine was moving along quietly.

Sewer Hearing

A hearing will be given before Commissioner Charles J. Morse at 7.30 o'clock tomorrow evening on the petition of Charles E. Simpson to lay a sewer in Varnum avenue, from Dunbar avenue to West Meadow road and in West Meadow road to drain the proposed Isolation hospital site. So far as could be learned today there will be no one present in opposition to the petition.

Hearings before Commissioner Morse have been set for 7.30 o'clock on the evening of March 13 on the following petitions:

Annie J. Devine for a sewer in Bernice avenue to drain Lot 17; Annie J. Devine for a sewer in Devine avenue to drain Lot 1; Charles O'Neil et al. that the sewer in Anderson street be extended to Stromquist avenue; Arsene E. Brun and others that a sewer be laid in Woburn street from near Spruce street to the city line; Arsene E. Brun for a sewer in Acton street from end of present sewer to Easton street; Arsene E. Brun for a sewer in Clifton street from Billerica street to Easton street and whereas it will be necessary to lay a sewer in Billerica street, from Bolton to Clifford street; Charles Hume that a sewer be laid in Riverby street from Lakeview avenue; Dianna Beaudry et al. for a sewer in Alma street to connect with sewer in Rosemont street; Lowell Realty Co. that a sewer be laid in Chelmsford street, from Cambridge to Liberty.

On the same date Margaret W. Merrill will be given a hearing on her petition for a concrete sidewalk in front of the property at 599 Market street; Freeman M. Bill et al. that Remington street be accepted; James H. Leighton et al. that Havilah street be accepted a distance of 430 feet from the junction of Clark road; John O. Pihl et al. that edgestones and concrete sidewalks be laid on the northerly and southerly sides of Cosgrove street, from Gorham st. to Stromquist ave., and Charles P. Witham that Putnam avenue be accepted.

The Wife Seeker

As a result of a letter published recently stating that Jack Hennessey of Butte, Montana, is looking for a life partner to go west and share the rest of her days with him, Mayor O'Donnell today received a communication from a Mrs. B. Perreault of Brookhouse, Baldwinville, Mass., asking for more information about the man. Mrs. Perreault, who apparently has a husband of her own, states that matrimony is not her intention, but that she has a cousin whose name corresponds with the man in search of a wife and she would like to locate him.

For Park Department

Purchasing Agent Foye has received requisitions for plants for the park department, city hall's official sign that spring is near. The department will purchase about 1800 plants, including shrubbery, flowers, etc. The bids will be opened at 10 o'clock tomorrow forenoon.

Leap Year Marriages

Though this is leap year, when a woman is licensed to collar the first inoffensive and unsuspecting male she desires and make him sign a contract to pay her bills during the rest of her natural life and pay the undertaker if she passes before he does, this year's marriage intentions book in the city clerk's office shows but a slight increase thus far over last year. Where 159 marriage licenses were taken out prior to March 1st last year, the number was increased to 161 in the same period this year. Whether this fact is due to the extra day in February or means that two of Lowell's girls proposed is not known.

The contagious hospital committee will meet next Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

Superintendent Welch of the police department has filed a complaint with Mayor O'Donnell charging Patrolman John F. Healey with a violation of rule 19 of the police manual. Failure to report at the station at a certain hour for duty is the specific charge in the complaint. The mayor will give a hearing on the matter in his office tomorrow forenoon.

SAVED TOWN RECORDS

CLERK FLUNG ARCHIVES AND RECORDS INTO VAULT AS FLAMES SWEPT INTO ROOM

HOLBROOK, March 2.—With the smoke from the burning town hall filling the office, Town Clerk Zenas A. French, one of the oldest town clerks in the state, flung the archives and records into the vault today and closed the door as the flames swept into the room. The town hall was destroyed with an estimated loss of $15,000 but it was believed that its records would be found intact when the vault is opened.

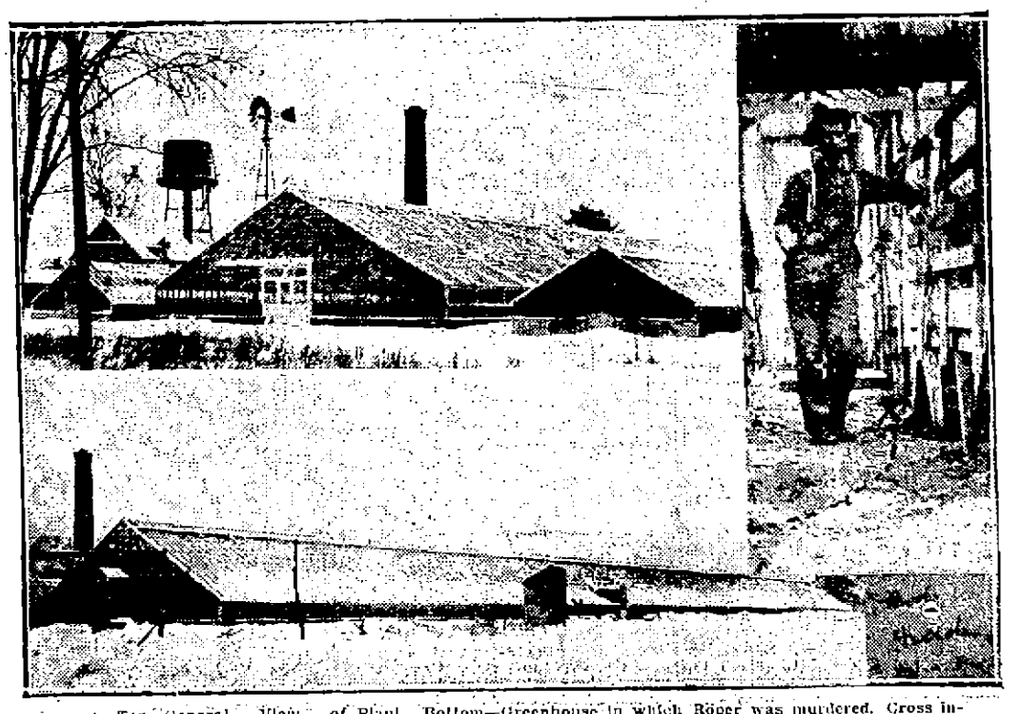
If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

HALIFOUX'S ON THE SQUARE

Women's and Misses'
NEW SPRING SUITS
$20 Values for
$14.50

This price is for the purpose of leaving a two-fold impression. First, of value related to price, and second, to lend increasing confidence that we are giving the best of style and quality at the lowest possible price.

ROBBER KILLED ALBERT ROPER



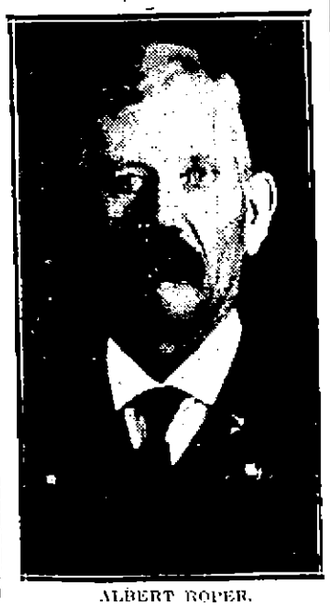
Top—General View of Plant. Bottom—Greenhouse in which Roper was murdered. Cross indicates where murder was committed. The side picture shows Mark Roper standing at spot where his father was struck down. The dotted line shows where body was dragged by murderer.
Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

Victim Struck on Head With Iron Pipe in His Greenhouse—Large Sum of Money Taken From His Vest Pocket—Murderer Evidently Familiar With Place and Man's Customs

One of the most cold-blooded murders ever committed in this section of the country took place in Tewksbury last night when Albert Roper, one of the town's best known and most respected citizens, was hit over the head with a piece of iron pipe while passing through one of his greenhouses and instantly killed. Mr. Roper was a successful florist. He started at the bottom of the ladder and worked his way along by hard and earnest endeavor. He was 55 years of age and the little building in which he started business has grown into a plant valued at more than $25,000. He leaves a wife and five children, four boys and one girl. The children are all grown up. The Lowell police are working on the case as are also the state and Tewksbury police. There is a suspect in the case and the local police feel quite positive that his arrest is a matter of but a few hours. Robbery, the police believe, was the motive for the murder as Mr. Roper was in the habit of carrying large sums of money on his person.

Murderer Familiar With Premises

Every indication points to the fact that the murderer of Albert Roper was not only familiar with the premises, but was also familiar with his movements. Mr. Roper was on his way from the boiler room to his house. He had finished for the day and had said good night to his son Arthur, the night fireman. He was wending his way to the house through aisles of roses and carnations and upon reaching a point where the flowers seemed most beautiful he was struck to earth never to rise again. The blow administered by his assassin was a powerful one, the hateful iron pipe imbedding itself in the victim's skull. The doctors believe that Roper was dead before his head struck the ground. The deed was committed in the main aisle of one of the smallest of the four greenhouses and within 150 feet of the Roper dwelling, the entrance to the hothouse being but a few feet away from the kitchen door.



ALBERT ROPER.
The Murdered Man

Found Father's Body

After striking Mr. Roper down the murderer tore away his victim's vest to reach a well filled wallet. This stands out as another bit of evidence to show that the murderer was familiar even with the manner in which Mr. Roper carried his money, for not another pocket in the dead man's clothes was disturbed. The murderer dragged the body, face downward, from the centre aisle of the greenhouse to a side aisle in order that it might not be discovered until he was well on his way. The body was discovered by Arthur Roper when he went into the greenhouse to take the temperature. He first found his father's hat near a pool of blood and, thinking his father had fallen and had gone to the house without his hat, Arthur rushed into the house, only to learn that his father had not arrived.

When Arthur Roper realized that his father had not reached the house his heart sank within him. He immediately suspected foul play and despatched his younger brother Chester to the home of Mark Roper, an elder brother, who lives less than a quarter of a mile from his father's home. Then Arthur went back into the greenhouse and in the side aisle he found the body of his father, the head gashed and lying in a pool of blood. It was a sickening and heart-rending sight. Arthur turned away and awaited the arrival of his older brother. The two brothers then pulled the body into another aisle and covered the face with a cloth.

Time of Murder

The murder was committed between the hours of 8.30 and 10.30 o'clock. Mr. Roper had been to one of the village stores during the evening and left there about 8 o'clock. He had received an order for carnations and it was immediately after picking the carnations that the foul murder was committed. He had said good night to his son, Arthur, and proceeded, lantern in hand, through the passageway leading from the boiler house and through the greenhouses to the Roper dwelling. Arthur went back to the fires and did hear a sound, though the hand of the assassin had laid his father low within a minute's walk from the boiler room. It is thought that not a sound was uttered.

No Chance For Struggle

The spot where he was struck down did not show sign of a struggle and Mr. Roper's sons declare that their father, who was wiry and powerful as well, would have put up a strong fight for his life if he had not been slain without warning. The blow was directly across the head, showing that the murderer struck him from the side

Continued to page three

A BIG TIME FRIDAY NIGHT
AT
A.O.H. HALL
WOLFE TONE GUARDS
Military Carnival
Haverhill Irish Volunteers will drill with the Wolfe Tones and Sheridan Guards of Lowell for a silver cup presented by Humphrey O'Sullivan.

GERMAN SEA RAIDER CAPTURED BY BRITISH

The German Offensive at Verdun Has Been Resumed—Sinking of Five Vessels Today

Reports of the capture of a German sea raider, either the auxiliary cruiser Moewe or the cruiser Roon, came to hand today from South American sources. The capture is said to have been effected by British cruisers, which took their prize to Trinidad, off the Venezuelan coast. It was a crew from the Moewe that brought the British steamer Appam a prize into Hampton Roads.

German Offensive Resumed

The German offensive at Verdun has been resumed after a brief halt but apparently not on the scale or with the force exerted during the early days of the drive.

The offensive was re-opened on the plain of the Woevre, east of Verdun, where the Germans have worked at several points to the base of the heights of the Meuse, pausing before the strong French positions that crown the ridge west of the plain.

Attempt to Break French Line

In apparent attempt to break the French line near the southern end of the 12-mile front along which their recent advance in this region the Germans made a drive on the French at Fresne ten miles southeast of Verdun and succeeded in penetrating the French positions at some points, Paris, however, declares that they were promptly ejected in a counter-attack.

French Took Offensive

The French themselves took the offensive at Douaumont, four miles northeast of Verdun, the outlying fort captured last week by the crown prince's Brandenburg troops and since reported to be held by several hundred Germans cut off through a subsequent French advance. Berlin announces that the attacks were fruitless resulting only in useless sacrifices of French troops. The Berlin statement does not mention the Fresne operation, the Verdun situation being otherwise covered in the general statement that conditions along the Franco-Belgian front remain unchanged.

Activity Along Meuse River

West of the Meuse river, the Germans are showing signs of the renewed activity, violently bombarding French positions between Melancourt, ten miles northwest of Verdun, and Forges, five and one-half miles east of Melancourt, indicating a possible spread of the line of the Verdun attack to the west.

German Attack Fails

Out side of the Verdun district the only important happening recorded in either of the official statements was a German attack in the Lorraine forest west of the Bezange, ten miles north of Luneville which Paris declares was a complete failure, despite the prolonged artillery preparation.

Fight In Yser District

There is possible significance in the German announcement of intense activity by the British artillery in the Yser district of Belgium where military observers have forecast a possible diversion of the British in aid of the French further down the line.

Five Vessels Sunk

Some evidences of increased submarine activity following the inauguration of the German campaign under which merchantmen are to be treated as warships are reflected in today's despatches reporting the sinking of several vessels. These vessels include the Russian steamer Alexander Wentzel, the Italian sailing ship Elisa and three British smacks.

In this connection comes announcement from Rome that the Italian ambassador at Washington has been instructed to notify the American government that Italian merchantmen will continue to carry armament which will be used only for defensive purposes.

German Loss at Verdun

Estimates of the German losses in the offensive are running high in entente quarters, one from Paris placing them at between 125,000 and 130,000. All accounts from German sources, however, have declared that the casualties of the attacking armies were surprisingly small.

INTERMITTENT BOMBARDMENT OF VERDUN AND WOEVRE FRONT DURING THE NIGHT

PARIS, Mar. 2, 2.31 p. m.—The war office announcement of this afternoon says that there was intermittent bombardment of the Verdun and Woevre front during the night but that there were no developments of importance.

The text of the war office announcement reads as follows:

"In the Artois district to the east

Continued to page Eye

Have you ever learned the cost of wiring your home?

Do you know how easily it can now be accomplished?

Here is our

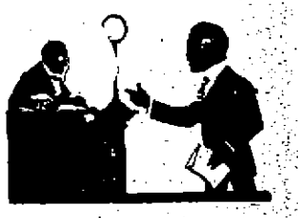
OFFER:—

Tell us you would like your hall, living room, dining room and kitchen wired for electric lights—complete with fixtures, shades and lamps. All wiring concealed.

The Cost:—$4.92 down and $2.00 a month for ten months. Telephone for further details.

LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.,
29-31 Market Street.
TEL. 821

Middlesex Trust Co.



Judge N. Wright: "What, another House Burglar Case?" I can't understand why it is that sensible people of Lowell will invite disaster by persistently keeping valuables in the Home, when absolute safety may be secured by paying $5.00 a year to

MIDDLESEX TRUST CO.
Merrimack-Palmer Sts.

where there is security, privacy, courtesy. I can't understand it."

We invite the man or woman who reads the remark of the Judge, to come in and see and understand. Our time against your time and the pleasure is ours.

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton Street. Tel. 1513

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK IN LOWELL
INC. 1861
202 MERRIMACK ST.
Interest Begins March 4

HILL DYESTUFFS BILL

Prospect That Some Other Measure With Same Import May Be Adopted By Congress

Special to the Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—There seems to be but little doubt that the Hill dyestuff tariff bill is killed in committee, so far as a bill bearing his name goes, but it is by no means uncertain that the measure he had so stoutly fought for may pass under another name and the manufacturers he ultimately benefited. There is a project on foot in the committee to shelve the Hill bill for a tariff on coal tar dyestuffs and permit Chairman Claud Kitchin of the ways and means committee, and democratic floor leader, to have the prestige of introducing such a tariff as a part of the revenue bill. It will be about the first of April that the revenue bill is framed and ready, according to present indications, and Mr. Hill, although regretting the probable loss of his bill, is loyal to the manufacturing interests of the country to let that stand in the way of aiding in any measure that will bring about the desired result of obtaining necessary dyestuff for home industries, for it is believed that with a sufficient protective tariff the manufacture of dyestuffs in this country, to take the place of those now held up by the European war, would immediately follow.

The war department is backing the idea of home produced dyestuffs and Gen. Hugh L. Scott, acting secretary of war, has sent a letter to Representative Hill, saying that such factories could be turned into munition factories at short notice. In answer to a letter from Mr. Hill, Gen. Scott replied that he should regard such factories as an important move in the preparedness program.

Representative Hill sought information of the department as to the relation of such dyestuff plants to the government in case of war. Gen. Scott said in part: "In reply to your letter requesting the opinion of the war department of the value to the U. S. government of plants producing dyestuffs in time of peace and capable of producing explosives in time of war, I may state that such plants would be of unquestionable value to any government and that their maintenance in time of peace, with the complete equipment which would enable their output to be changed from dyestuffs to explosives in a week's time, as claimed by Dr. Schoellkopf, would revive to a great extent the necessity for the erection and maintenance of special large plants for war purposes."

President Wilson and Floor Leader Kitchin have had a conference on the dyestuff tariff question as raised by Mr. Hill, and it is believed the Kitchin bill—as rumored—will result.

RICHARDS.

SEVERE RHEUMATIC PAINS DISAPPEAR

Rheumatism depends on an acid in the blood, which affects the muscles and joints, producing inflammation, stiffness and pain. This acid gets into the blood through some defect in the digestive process

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the old-time blood tonic, is very successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It acts directly, with purifying effect, on the blood, and improves the digestion. Don't suffer. Get Hood's today.

EX-MAYOR MONROE DEAD

FORMER MELROSE EXECUTIVE DIED SUDDENLY AT HIS HOME YESTERDAY

BOSTON, March 2.—Oliver B. Monroe, former mayor of Melrose, died suddenly at his home on Howard street, Melrose, yesterday afternoon. He had suffered from an attack of asthma for two weeks, but his condition had not been thought to be serious.

Mr. Monroe was very prominent in political circles in Melrose, and served as mayor from 1912 to 1914. He was engaged in newspaper and trade journal work for several years, occupying the office of financial editor of the Providence Journal for several years. Later he became editor of the Cotton and Wool Reporter in Boston, where he remained until his retirement five years ago.

He moved to Melrose from Providence in 1890. He served on the board of aldermen for six years and on the park commission for four years. Mr. Monroe was a trustee of the Melrose Savings bank and belonged to the Melrose grange and the Fort Hill lodge, K. of P.

HIT HARD BY WAR

ROME, March 2.—War has hit very hard the Alpi Apuani district, especially in the neighborhood of Carrara, where Italy's finest marble is quarried. France and Belgium were Italy's best customers for marble before the war, Germany being a close third and England fourth. There has been no exportation to France, Belgium and Germany for over a year, and now it is announced that England has decided not to allow any further importation of this type of luxury.

EPIDEMIC OF COLDS IN PARIS

PARIS, March 2.—Although the weather has been mild and almost balmy the greater part of the winter, seventy-five per cent of the people of Paris are victims of colds. The epidemic is largely charged to the first visit of the Zeppelin air raiders. Many persons at that time rushed, lightly clad, from warm apartments to the streets or into cold, clamy cellars.

GLYNN REPLIES TO ROOT

Says Pres. Wilson is Standing for Highest Ideals of American Statesmanship

SYRACUSE, N. Y. Mar. 2.—In keynote speech and platform, democrats of New York state, assembled in informal convention, last night ratified the administration of President Wilson and took steps to bring about his reelection.

Harmony marked the convention's deliberations, every proposal being adopted unanimously.

The following delegates-at-large to the national democratic convention at St. Louis were recommended for the support of the party voters at the spring primaries: United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, William Church Osborn, chairman of the democratic state committee; George J. Meyer of Buffalo, a strong supporter of the president, and Samuel Untermyer, a New York attorney.

The convention also adopted a resolution recommending the re-election of Norman E. Mack of Buffalo as democratic national committee man. The delegates to the national convention, who comprise New York's "Big Four," were unpledged, but were nominated with the understanding that they are to work for a second term for Mr. Wilson.

Glynn's Speech the Keynote

The keynote speech, delivered by former Governor Martin H. Glynn, as permanent chairman, aroused much enthusiasm. In addition to commending the actions of Mr. Wilson during his occupancy of the national executive chair, it replied directly to the criticisms of the president and his foreign policies made by former Senator Elihu Root at the recent republican state convention in New York.

At the conclusion of its delivery the convention adopted a resolution providing for the distribution of the democratic state committee of one million copies throughout the country.

The platform expressed the faith of New York's democracy in the president and urged his renomination and re-election. It was adopted enthusiastically amid prolonged cheering. It dealt solely with national and international issues.

A futile attempt was made by advocates of equal suffrage to insert in the platform a plank pledging the party to the affirmative side of the woman suffrage question. Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain and Mrs. Mary Baird of New York headed a delegation that petitioned the resolutions committee to go on record in favor of the equal suffrage amendment.

Miss Harriet May Mills, representing Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse of the state woman suffrage party, asked the committee to support the bill, now pending in the legislature, which is designed to provide for another suffrage referendum in 1917. Both requests were refused on the ground that the platform was not intended to define the party's position on any matters of state policy.

GLYNN'S ADDRESS

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 2.—Former Governor Martin H. Glynn, at the democratic state conference here last night, gave his party's answer to the speech of former United States Senator Elihu Root before the republican state conference in New York several weeks ago. Taking up Mr. Root's charges against the present national administration, he answered each point. He also took Mr. Root to task for his speeches in the United States senate and for his acts as secretary of state of the United States.

The federal reserve act, the Underwood tariff, foreign affairs and preparedness were all dwelt upon by the former governor.

"Four years ago," he said, "this nation committed its care and welfare to the democratic party, and the democratic party has been true to its trust. It has preserved peace, observed international laws and followed the traditions of the fathers of the country."

Federal Reserve Act

After reviewing the legislation enacted during the democratic control of congress, Mr. Glyan replied to Mr. Root's reference to the federal reserve act. He charged that Mr. Root as senator opposed the passage of the measure.

"This law," continued Mr. Glynn, "is one of the greatest achievements of the administration in the last fifty years. Why, there never has been a finer exhibition of foresight and statesmanship than that exhibited by the president in insisting upon the passage of the federal reserve act. Subsequent events showed the president was prompted by wondrous economic insight. The republican party has had possession of the government since 1861, with the exception of Mr. Cleveland's two terms. During all that time the necessity for financial legislation was never so great nor so imperative. The republican party stands convicted of absolute impotence and incompetence because it failed utterly to meet the situation."

This legislative act, former Governor Glynn said, saved the country from a panic when the European war broke out. It enabled the financial officers, he said, to meet the demands made upon American business and financial interests and saved them from a repetition of the panic of 1907, which the speaker characterized as a "painful experience" that would always be an "indictment of the republican party."

Root's Part in Panic

"Mr. Root," he declared, "was a part of Mr. Roosevelt's administration in 1907, and shares with Mr. Roosevelt and the leaders of the republican party the responsibility for the wholly unnecessary and calamitous happenings of that panic."

Mr. Root, the democratic chairman asserted, voted and worked against the reserve act, and "Mr. Root lost his 'peacock feather' as a prophet when he made his fatuous speech against the federal reserve act."

The Underwood tariff law has "stimulated American industry," the former governor declared, and he blamed the foreign war for the decline in imports.

Denying that Mr. Root was "the keeper of national honor," Mr. Glynn added: "For years Mr. Root has been the star performer at peace conferences and yet he condemns President Wilson for maintaining peace."

"For years," continued the speaker, "Mr. Root has been acclaimed an apostle of peace, and in 1912 was awarded the Nobel prize for the promotion of peace, but now he sallies forth as a drum and trumpet statesman.

"From a cooing dove of peace Mr. Root suddenly transforms himself into a swooping hawk of war.

Country With President

"Years ago enthusiasts in Bohemia took the skin of John Ziska, the patriot, and stretched it as a drumhead to rouse their followers to war. So, today, Elihu Root would stretch the skin of the victims of the Lusitania, the skin of the victims of the Belgium invasion, into a drumhead to rouse the kindly sentiment of sympathy into the cruel frenzy of war.

"Mr. Root may beat his drumhead and blare his trumpet, but President Wilson will go right on winning the plaudits of the American people by appealing to reason, humanity and common sense and by keeping the United States the uncompromising champion of the neutral world and the undaunted maintainer of the principles which have guided this nation since 1776."

In his foreign policy the president, Mr. Glynn said, was following the example of Washington, John Adams, Jefferson, Lincoln and Grant.

"The president," he declared, "has only shaken his finger, when he has to shake his fist the world will find it mailed.

"The president stands where George Washington stood in 1793, when England in the war with France seized and held hundreds of vessels floating the Stars and Stripes. He prepared for war—he built warships, he erected forts—but he didn't shoot. He settled our differences with England by negotiation just as Woodrow Wilson is trying to do today. And here parenthetically let me remark that while secretary of state, Elihu Root in a speech in Argentina practically repeated the great sentiment of Charles Sumner—'Washington upholding the peaceful neutrality of this country while he met unmoved the clamor of the people wickedly crying for war is a greater man than Washington crossing the Delaware or taking Cornwallis' sword at Yorktown.' Yet Mr. Root condemns President Wilson for the very policy for which he praised George Washington.

War the Last Resort

"If Mr. Root will turn to the Declaration of Independence he will find a reminder that this is a country which resorts to war only after every other form of redress has failed.

"He will find that before the American colonies drew the pistol they warned, reminded, appealed and conjured the British government 'to disavow' the usurpation of which they complained. Then as now a race of free men claimed the right to be patient, and now as then a race of free men will not falter in a final appeal to arms should their patience be exhausted and all other means of asserting their rights be in vain. As a nation we deprecate the waste, the horror, the unreason of war, because we are masters of our own destiny.

"The efforts of politicians, like Mr. Root, to make political capital out of the course which President Wilson deems it wise for this nation to follow in respect to Belgium during the early stages of the present war, deserve, and will receive, unqualified condemnation and rebuke at the hands of the most right thinking and patriotic American.

"No fair minded man can question the wisdom and integrity of our Belgian policy."

Root's Actions During War

Former Governor Glynn declared that Mr. Root himself, as secretary of state, adopted the same policy in handling the Japanese-Korean situation, despite the protests of Korea against the domination of Japan and despite a treaty between Korea and the United States.

"The insincerity of the republican party," the speaker asserted, "in its Belgian attitude is shown by the words of Mr. Taft and Mr. Roosevelt and by its record between 1901 and 1909. In 1903 occurred the massacre at Kishineff and for many years after 1903 Macedonia run red with blood; in 1905 the horrors of the Congo were officially published; in 1905 Korea lost its independence; in 1906 Morocco was parceled out by the powers and yet no note of protest came from the republican party. * * * * What reason then, has the republican party to expect people to believe that it would have acted any differently in 1914 than it did from 1901 to 1909?"

Charging that the Taft administration "nagged and persecuted" the Madero administration in Mexico, Mr. Glynn declared that the Mexican situation was an "unfortunate inheritance" of the democratic administration.

Blames Taft Administration

"The truth of the matter is," continued the speaker, "if the Taft administration had given Madero one-tenth part of the support and assistance that this administration is giving the de facto government, President Madero would most assuredly have been successful in establishing peace and order, and the alleged crime of Huerta would not have been committed, the loss of American lives and property since that time would not have occurred and Mexico would have been spared the horrors of the fratricidal war which has since prevailed there."

Turning to the Lusitania case, the chairman said that Mr. Root ignores what has been accomplished and overlooks the assurances for the future and the reparations for the past which have been made.

"Does it become Mr. Root," he asked, "to criticise the president and the administration for not endorsing its demands when previous administrations with which he was intimately connected failed to use ordinary foresight in laying the foundation for suitable military forces?"

Would Make President Incendiary

Mr. Root forgets, the former governor asserted, that the belligerent countries are wrought into a state of excitement by the nervous tension of the conflict in which they are engaged.

"Mr. Root," the speaker declared, "would make of the president of the United States an incendiary in a world of fire. He would make the chief executive a swashbuckler instead of a statesman. He would have the president forget that while we debate men are dying by thousands across the ocean, that while we are inconvenienced the rest of the world is enduring the agonies of the damned; that while we are sitting quietly by our firesides the rest of the human race is writhing in the torments of the firing line.

"Is it Mr. Root's conception of American honor that we should assert that honor by adding to universal misery?

Excitable people, whose European sympathies one way or the other, have for the moment blinded them to the welfare of this land — and whose spokesman Mr. Root seems willing to become—may just as well realize, once and for all, that Woodrow Wilson will not swerve from the course he has laid out for himself in this crisis.

"No reward, no punishment will make him swerve from what he knows to be his highest duty. He has preserved, strengthened, dignified and uplifted our noblest national traditions and he will continue to do so no matter what the cost or what the penalty."

Lowell, Thursday, March 2, 1916.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

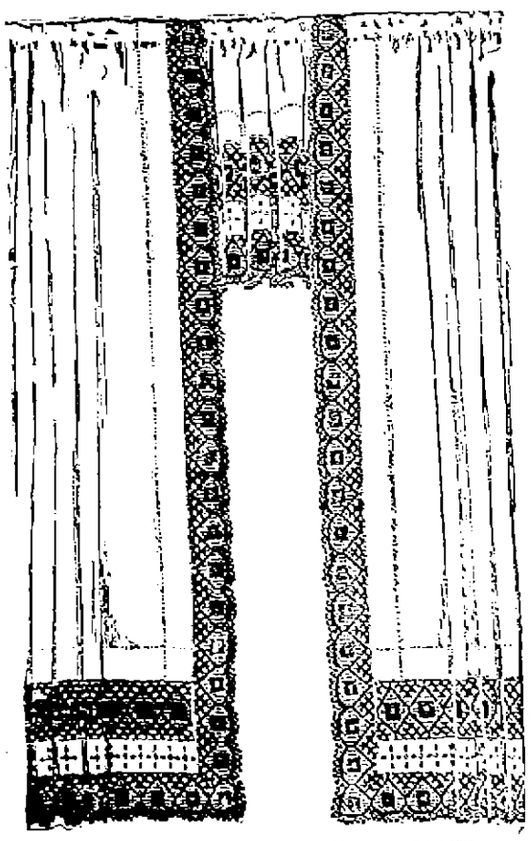
THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

CAKE SALE TODAY BY THE LADIES OF ST. MARGARET'S CHURCH

SPECIAL SHOWING OF

Newtowne Style Curtains

MADE IN WHITE, CREAM AND ARAB, ALL HEADED AND READY TO HANG. THE IDEAL WINDOW DRAPE.



MADE WITH 18 IN. VALANCE, FULL 2 1-2 YDS. LONG, OF THE FINEST MARQUISETTE AND VOILE SCRIM, GIVE PROPER SCREENING WITHOUT SHUTTING OUT THE LIGHT.

NEWTOWNE STYLE H133

$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 a Pair

We are the Sole Sellers of These Curtains in Lowell, Drapery Department

EAST SECTION SECOND FLOOR

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH "DANDERINE"

Spend 25 cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff, no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

ROOSEVELT BALKS AGAIN

SECRETARY DIRECTS WITHDRAWAL OF HIS NAME FROM ILLINOIS PRIMARIES

NEW YORK, March 2.—Theodore oRosevell's determination not to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the presidential nomination in the spring primary elections was emphasized today by the announcement that his secretary, John W. McGrath, had directed the withdrawal of Mr. Roosevell's name from the Illinois primaries.

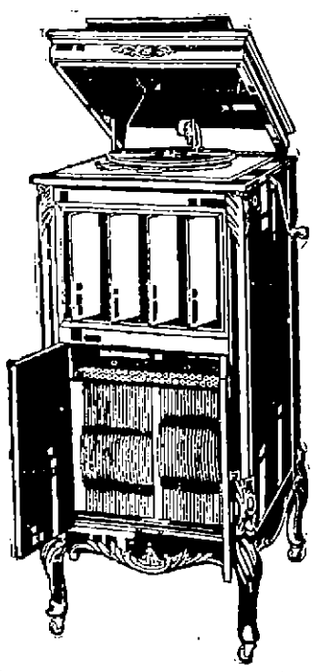
This is the fourth state in which Mr. Roosevell has refused to allow the use of his name. The others are Nebraska, Minnesota and Michigan.

Mr. Roosevell is now on a trip to the West Indies.

The Bon Marché DRY GOODS CO.

Have you a child in your home? And a $5.00 bill in your pocket?

A $5.00 bill down and a $5.00 bill each month brings this Columbia Grafonola and records to the amount of $5.00 to your home.



Columbia Grafonola

No. 110 equipped with the exclusive Columbia Individual Record Ejector.

Finished beautifully in Mahogany or Satin Walnut.

Records of your own selection to the amount of $5.00.

The entire outfit for $6 down and $5 each month till paid for.

PLAY While You PAY

Columbia Note the Notes

GRAFONOLA No. 110, $110

With Individual Record Ejector.

AMERICAN PATRIOTISM

R. L. WATSON TAKES A RATHER PESSIMISTIC VIEW OF THINGS —MONTHLY SUPPER

"American Patriotism" was the subject of an interesting address by R. L. Watson of Northfield at the First Congregational church last evening. The address came after the monthly supper and there was an entertainment program including readings by Mrs. Auguste Sarre, solo numbers by Miss Celia Whitehead and selections by a solo quartet comprised of Rev. E. H. Newcomb, William Garnett, Thomas Pickels and Arthur Galley.

Mr. Watson said in part: "Those who place an adjective before their Americanism are not Americans. Had anyone asked the men of various races in Washington's army whether or not they were German, English or French-Americans those men would have been insulted.

"The crisis of today is one even greater than Lincoln faced. It is not a question of state secession, but of the secession of men. Hundreds in this country today are Americans only so far as the American government meets their own views in its relations with the countries from which they came. I would hesitate to call such men traitors, but whatever they are, they are not Americans.

"Two reasons, for which we ourselves are responsible, are the cause of this state of affairs. One of these is our system of politics, by which nominations are made, not according to fitness for office, but because of the vote-swinging power of German, French or English-American elements. As a result, the present situation has developed by which our president hardly knows where he stands today. Lack of patriotism is the other reason for this state of affairs. Discover groups of Englishmen, Frenchmen or Germans and you will find them singing their national anthems unashamed. Go into an American theatre. When "The Star Spangled Banner" is played, note the few who rise, and these not until they have looked about to discover whether anyone else is doing so. We should rejoice in our flag; we should respect our country."

The supper was served under the direction of Mrs. Clara Liddell and Mrs. Frank Lawrence.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The board of directors of the Lowell Social Service league met yesterday afternoon and among those present was Rev. Charles T. Billings, who is an honorary vice president of the league. During the course of the meeting it was reported that the league has been in touch with 20 public agencies, 17 church workers, 29 other private organizations and 19 individuals.

Besides the directors 14 volunteers have assisted in the month of February.

Weekly conferences are held every Tuesday at 4.30 p. m.

The constitution was carefully studied so that it may be acceptable to the league in every detail before the league is incorporated.

Mrs. Nesmith and Mr. Hobson are th committee for the month of February.

LAURIN'S MARKET

The Home of Bargains

796 MOODY ST., PAWTUCKETVILLE

Sugar 6½c lb.

Corn	8c	Pink Salmon	10c
Peas	8c	Red Salmon	17c
Tomatoes	10c	Shrimps	10c
Apples	10c	Clams	9c
Strawberries	10c	5c Sardines	7 for 25c
Prunes	13c	10c Sardines	8c
Pearches	13c	Bee Soap	6 bars for 25c
Macaroni	7c	Welcome Soap	6 bars for 25c
Spaghetti	7c	Naphtha Soap	6 bars for 25c
Vermicelli	7c	Ivory Soap	6 bars for 25c
Corn Starch	7c		
Rice, lb	5c	Soapine	6 for 25c
Coffee, lb	25c		
Pure Lard, lb	13c	Onions, lb	4c
Butter, lb	33c	Carrots, lb	2c
FLOUR— Snowdrop, Gold Best, 5 lb. bag	22c	Beets, lb	2c
		Turnips, lb	2c
		Lettuce, head	5c
Spare Ribs, lb	9c	Sliced Ham, lb	22c
Lean Salt Pork, lb	16c	Fat Salt Pork, lb	12c
Bacon, lb	20c	Beef Liver, lb	10c

FANCY BREAD FLOUR, Per Bag 95c

POTATOES, Pk 35c

LOSS $100,000

Brockton Public Market Gutted— Narrow Escape for Club Member

BROCKTON, March 2.—Shortly after 10 o'clock last night, a fire causing damage estimated at $100,000 gutted the Brockton public market, on the first floor of the four-story brick building at 157 Main street. A cursory search failed to substantiate the rumor that the fire was of incendiary origin.

George Cranford, night watchman, discovered the fire as Patrolman Russell E. Brown, who had seen the blaze through the front door, broke into the store. Patrolman Brown said that at that time there was a small blaze under the meat counter in the center of the store, and had there been an extinguisher handy he could have put it out alone.

By the time the apparatus arrived, the entire interior was ablaze and a general alarm was sounded. The stock of the public market which Maynard A. Davis, the owner, estimates as worth between $50,000 and $75,000, was ruined. The fire ate its way to the second floor and, in one corner of the building, to the third floor, so that some of the tenants of these floors suffered water and smoke damage.

Antonio Pallacio, a real estate operator and ticket agent, dashed to his office on the second floor while the fire was raging and took from his safe steamship tickets said to be worth $20,000 and $400 in cash.

On the third floor is the Olney club, named after ex-Congressman Richard Olney 2d of Dedham. James Sullivan, a member, who had fallen asleep playing solitaire, was found sleeping peacefully in the smoke-filled room in imminent danger of suffocation by Edward Brennan, another member, who led his dazed friend downstairs to the street.

Several firemen were overcome by smoke, but recovered quickly. Harry Helmore of Engine company 2 was cut on the nose by a piece of falling tin and other members of the fire department received minor injuries.

The building is owned by Bradford E. Jones and Embert Howard. Several other serious fires have taken place there in the past few years.

DEATHS

LYONS—Mrs. Katie Lyons, aged 68 years, died today at the Little Sisters home, Somerville. She leaves one sister, Mrs. Ellen Bennett. The remains were removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

FREEMAN—Died today in this city, very suddenly, Benj. S. Freeman, aged 83 years, 10 months and 14 days, at his home, 167 Smith street. He is survived by three sons, Edward A. of Mansfield Mass., and George H. and Warren C. Freeman, both of Waltham, Mass.; two daughters, Mrs. Sarah F. McKinley and Mrs. Charles A. Rock, both of this city; 14 grandchildren and one great-grandson. Mr. Freeman was a member of Post 185, G.A.R. Funeral notice later.

DREW—Mrs. Susan J. Drew, wife of Wallace Drew, died this morning at her home, 119 Warwick street, aged 53 years, 10 months and 8 days. Deceased was a well known and esteemed member of St. Margaret's church. She is survived by her husband, Wallace Drew.

FUNERAL NOTICES

DREW—The funeral of the late Susan J. Drew will take place from her home, 119 Warwick street, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Margaret's church at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, Manchester, N. H. Undertaker Peter H. Savage is in charge of the funeral arrangements.

OWENS—The funeral of the late Mrs. Bridget Owens will take place on Friday morning at 8 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery, Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

LYONS—The funeral of the late Mrs. Katie Lyons will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. Services will be held at St. Peter's church. Time will be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery, Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

O'DAY—The funeral of Mrs. Mary O'Day, formerly a resident of Chelmsford Centre, will take place Friday morning at 8 o'clock from her home, 70 Emery street, this city. Funeral high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SPILLANE—The funeral of the late Michael J. Spillane will take place Friday morning from his home, 9 Prospect street at 9 o'clock. At St. Peter's church a funeral high mass of requiem will be celebrated at 9.45 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers O'Connell & Mack in charge.

FUNERALS

PARENT—The funeral of Evelin L. Parent took place Tuesday afternoon from her home, 87 Pawtucket street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers A. Archambault & Sons had charge of the funeral arrangements.

REAL—The funeral of William P. Real took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from his late home, 49 Auburn street, and was largely attended. A funeral high mass was celebrated in St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Heffernan. The church choir sang the Gregorian chant. Mr. Al Weston sang the solos at the mass. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Fr. Heffernan read the burial services. The bearers were Messrs. Harry Lappin, Edward Maguire, Timothy Riley, James Sutherland, Stephen Howard and Bennie Cadden. The floral tributes placed on the grave including a large pillow from the wife, were from his mother and father, Coughlin family and H. Ziskind. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Molloy.

DENAULT—The funeral of Pierre L. Denault took place from his late home, 41 Jewett street at nine o'clock this morning and proceeded to St. Louis' church where a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9.30 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Labossiere, assisted by Rev. Fr. Vincent as deacon and Rev. Fr. Bedard as sub-deacon. The bearers were Messrs. Maxime Lepine, Arthur Denault, S. Barlette and Benjamin Lagueunesse. There was also a delegation present from Cour St. Antoine, Catholic Order of Foresters. The interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Bilodeau.

LEVESQUE—The funeral of Rodrigue Levesque took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from his home, 571 School street. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at nine o'clock at the Church of Notre Dame de Lourdes by Rev. Fr. Magnan, assisted by Rev. Fr. Lamothe as deacon and Rev. Fr. Barrette as sub-deacon. The bearers were Messrs. A. Ficard, J. Hill, Fred Bean, James Gauthier, C. Cote and Alfred Baron. The interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Bilodeau.

MOYNAHAN—The funeral of Mary M. Moynahan took place from her late home, 110 Tilden street, at 9 o'clock this morning, attended by a large number of relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's church where a solemn high mass of requiem was sung at 10 o'clock, with Rev. Joseph Curtin as celebrant. Rev. Timothy Callahan was deacon and Rev. James Kerrigan, sub-deacon. The choir sang the Gregorian mass. Among the floral tributes were: Pillow inscribed "Mother," from the family; and pieces from Coapley family, Lakewood Canoe club, Harold McKnight, Miss McCurley and Miss A. Caisse; spiritual bouquet, Mrs. Toye. The bearers were Daniel Moynahan, James Moynahan, Timothy Moynahan and Andrew Moynahan, Thomas Buttermore and Edward R. Neville. Interment was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. Joseph Curtin officiated at the grave. Undertaker Peter H. Savage had charge of the funeral arrangements.

IN FAVOR OF CITIZENS

ACT PROVIDING THAT THEY BE GIVEN PREFERENCE OVER ALIENS ON PUBLIC WORKS UPHELD

BOSTON, March 2.—An act which provided that citizens should be given preference over aliens in employment on public works was upheld today by the supreme court in dismissing a bill in equity brought by Artemus Lee and other taxpayers of Lynn to enjoin the commissioner of public works of that city from discharging alien laborers. The court declared that statutory discrimination in favor of citizens and against aliens had been upheld by the supreme court of the United States and that the Massachusetts statute did not violate any federal law or any of the provisions of the state constitution.

WIRELESS CENSORSHIP

CHANGES IN NAVAL REGULATIONS ANNOUNCED BY SECRETARY DANIELS

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Changes in the naval wireless censorship regulations were announced today by Secretary Daniels. A strict interpretation of the regulations as they were made when the government placed naval censors at Sayville and Tuckerton prohibited the censors from passing for publication in the United States the German official statements if they made reference "to movements or locations of war or other vessels of belligerents."

This operated to prevent Germany's statement of the result of naval operations being received direct from Germany, although they were received by cable via London after having passed through the British censorship.

The regulations as now modified by Secretary Daniels provide:

"The restriction as to movements of war or other vessels of belligerents shall not apply to messages from belligerent shore radio stations." The change applies only to Germany, as Great Britain is using the cable.

INDIAN'S SHOW TONIGHT

The biggest minstrel show of the season, with a real Indian prologue will be given at Associate hall tonight by the famous Indian club. In the prologue all the characters familiar to the wigwam race will be represented and the number promises to be one of the greatest hits of the season. In the minstrel second part fourteen numbers will be given, with Commissioner James E. Donnelly as interlocutor. William Way will be the musical director. The complete program to be given tonight is as follows:

Indian Prologue—Chief Gray Wolf, Jack Toy; Princess Silver Bell, Mae Rose O'Neil; Indian Squaws and Braves, Ends.

Minstrelsy—Interlocutor, Commissioner James E. Donnelly; opening overture, solos by Nora Regan Longtin and Hayden Quartet; end song, Darktown Poker Club, Edward Conway; end song, "If You Only Had My Disposition," Lillian McPherson; "A Perfect Day," Hayden Quartet; end song, "Are You From Dixie?" Mae Doherty; end song, "Rheumatiz," Joseph Carroll; solo, "You'll Always Be the Same Sweet Girl," James "Roundy" Roane; end specialty, The Joyces; end song, "I Had But Fifteen Cents," James Daley; solo, "A Little Bit of Heaven," John J. Dalton; end song, "Loading Up the Mandy Lee," Mae Bradley; end song, "If Ever I Get Back to Birmingham," Louis Sheldon; solo, "My Wonderful Love for Thee," James E. Donnelly; grand finale, "America We're Strong for You"; solo, Jackson Palmer, assisted by Nora Regan Longtin, Mae Rose O'Neil, Messrs. Toy, Fitzgerald and Chorus. Entertainment under the personal direction of Wm. H. Way. Musical Director; Thomas Dowd, Pianist; Broderick's Orchestra; "Dick Quinn," Instructor of Dancing.

ALGONQUIN CLUB

Lincoln hall tomorrow night will be the scene of the annual dancing party of the Algonquin club, and the event promises to be a memorable one for the members and friends of the popular social organization. The committee in charge has spared no time or expense to make the affair one of the big events of the season, and to judge from the number of tickets already sold, its success it already assured. Broderick's orchestra will furnish music for an elaborate musical program and also for the dancing which will follow. The officers who will have complete charge of the affair are as follows: Edward J. Flannery, general manager; Patrick J. Owens, assistant general manager; John J. Burke, floor director; Paul Sadlier, Bernard Roche, George F. Gallagher, assistant floor directors; William F. Sheehan, James J. Welsh, John H. Frawley, George H. Harrington, chief aids; aids, members and friends. The treasurer is D. J. Flahaven.

Tonight

INDIAN CLUB MINSTREL SHOW AND DANCE

—AT—

Associate Hall

TICKETS 25c BRODERICK'S ORCH.

Concert program of 14 numbers, with prologue.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

All lagging Winter Garments at prices less than the cost to make. We are obliged to sacrifice them as we must give over the store to the contractors Monday. Don't miss this sale if you can afford to save more than you spend.

CLOTH SUITS

We have 60 in the new spring models, both in broadcloth and poplin. $18.75 to $27.00. Choice **$12**

ALL OUR WINTER COATS

$5, $8 and $10

They are what is left. About 80 in the lots.

ALL OUR $5 CLOTH DRESS SKIRTS, 125 in the lot..... **$3.49**

FASHION BASEMENT

Is Always Alive With Customers

$5.00 RAINCOATS..... **$3.98**
$3.00 SKIRTS **$1.98**
$1.00 PETTICOATS **79c**
25 DOZ. $1.25 WASH DRESSES **85c**
$7.98 ALL WOOL SERGE DRESSES, **$5.00**

STOCK UP ON

CHILDREN'S DRESSES

20 ODD AND SOILED DRESSES, $12, $15 Dresses in the Lot..... **$3.00**

Ginghams and Chambray, going up in price. Today... **95c and $1.45**

50c Each Off On 20 Dozen

NEW DRESSES

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Children's Corduroy Dresses, $4 values..... **$1.79**
$4 Wool Sweaters **$2.98**
75c Aprons..... **39c**

Last Call in Plush Coats

40 in today, all $18 to $25 coats. Maker is making Fall deliveries, Suits plush, sizes 40 to 46, now

$12.50 and $15.00

$3000 Worth of Furs

at the lowest quotations for high grade fresh furs Lowell has ever witnessed.

FOX MUFFS **$10.00**
HARE MUFFS..... **$5.00**
FUR SETS..... **$7.98**
NATURAL RACCOON MUFFS..... **$6.98**
BEAVER MUFFS..... **$10.00**
3 SEAL COATS, sizes 38 and 42, $80 Coats at **$50.00**

Furs bought at this sale stored free of charge this summer.

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK CLOAK STORE
12-18 JOHN STREET

Second Floor

300 DOZEN NEW SPRING

WAISTS

95c, $1.45, $1.95

We have arranged to give the greatest bargains ever offered in Lowell these two days.

SECOND FLOOR

Costumes

At the Popular Prices of

$8.98 and $15.00

We are unable to describe the wonderful stocks that we have arranged for this dress sale closing Saturday night. All new stunning dresses but selling fast today in spite of the storm.

FAIRBURN'S

12-14 MERRIMACK SQ. TEL 788-789

WEEK END SAVINGS

BAKING POWDERS—
Royal.....12c, 23c, 42c
Cleveland.....12c, 23c, 42c
Rumford.....8c, 13c, 25c
Dry Yeast.....5c, 8c, 16c

Borden's Malted Milk, jar....30c
Kream Krisp, can.....18c
Irish Oatmeal, tin.....30c, 75c

Blue Rose Carolina Rice, 4 lbs. 25c
10c Prunes.....4 lbs. 25c
Middlesex Corn Starch, pkg. 6c
Creamery Butter, lb.....31c
Fresh Eggs, doz.....33c
Storage Eggs, doz.....23c
Van Camp's Soups, can..... 7c
Sun Paste, can..... 4c
Devil Ham, can.....14c

SUGAR, Per Hundred.....$6.25

Fresh Shoulders, lb.....10c
Small Smoked Shoulders, lb. 12½c
Small Roast Pork, lb.....15c
Top Round, lb.....28c
Vein Steak, lb.....25c
Sirloin Steak, lb.....25c
Heavy Sirloin, lb.....35c

Beet Greens, pk.....30c
Fancy Lettuce, head..... 5c
Fancy Tomatoes, lb.....20c
Egg Plants, each.....15c
Mushrooms, lb.....40c
Fancy Floridas, doz.....29c
Large Navels, doz.....35c
Large Grapefruit.....6 for 25c

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, Per Barrel...$7.50

POULTRY Have you bought any of our poultry lately? We have secured the finest line of milk-fed fowls and chickens you ever tasted.

Prices—**23c, 25c, 28c, 30c** Per Lb.

Haddock, lb.....9c
Halibut, lb.....15c, 20c
Mackerel, each 10c, 18c
Herring (large).....5c
Swordfish, lb....15c, 20c
Fresh Oysters, qt...35c
Crabmeat.....20c, 33c
Shrimps, can.....9c
Norwegian Sardines 12½c

A SPRING SYMBOL

All over flower hats—roses, violets, May flowers and blossoms not yet catalogued in botanics, but nevertheless beautiful—are much in vogue again. The cut pictures one of bronzy green leaves and flat maroon roses. The veil of grapevine pattern and chenille clusters is also chic.

MURDER IN TEWKSBURY

Continued

rather than from behind. It is believed that the man with the iron pipe hid in one of the side aisles and administered the blow as his victim passed. Another conjecture is that he may have made a slight noise behind Mr. Roper and struck the latter as he turned his head to ascertain the cause of the noise. The piece of iron pipe was about two feet long and two inches in diameter. The pipe was covered with blood. It is now in the custody of Police Chief Farmer of Tewksbury.

Local Police Notified

Captain Atkinson received word of the murder at about 11.15 o'clock last night. It was Chief Farmer of Tewksbury who telephoned to Captain Atkinson and the latter detailed Lieut. Martin Maher and Sergt. David Petrie to take charge of the case. The Lowell officers reached the scene of the murder at about 1 o'clock in the morning and remained until 4 o'clock. They interviewed Mark and Arthur Roper and learned the story, substantially, as it is told here. The Roper brothers did not strive to lay suspicion at anybody's door, but the police gathered from their conversation that both Mark and Arthur Roper suspected a certain man—a man as familiar as themselves with the premises.

A few feet away from where the body of Albert Roper was found there's a door that is seldom used. Mark Roper told the police he could not remember when the door had been opened. He said it was not locked but was warped and frozen, and he had thought, he said, that the door could not be opened without the use of a crowbar or something of that nature. The police noted a little blood on the door and they remarked it. Mark, however, told them that he had put his hand against the door after having removed his father's body from one aisle to the other. "I put my hand against the door and, much to my surprise," he said, "it opened."

After hearing Mark's story the police took it for granted that the murderer of Albert Roper had either entered by way of the door in question or had planned his escape through it. This, however, was not very material evidence as no footsteps showed on the outside and, but for its proximity to the house, the murderer might have used the door leading from the main aisle.

Sun Man on the Scene

A Sun reporter and The Sun photographer arrived in Tewksbury at about 9.30 this morning and walked from the centre, 150 yards or so, to the scene of the murder. The reporter first talked with Mrs. Roper. She was bearing up bravely. "It is bad enough to have one die after sickness has prepared you for it," she said, "but to have a life snuffed out in an instant is a hard thing to bear." Mrs. Roper told the little she knew of the sad affair and directed the reporter to the particular greenhouse in which the older son was engaged. This was Mark Roper and he told the story of his brother Arthur's gruesome find. Arthur was not at the greenhouse. He works nights and sleeps days. His home is in Wilmington. There are three other brothers, Fred, Albert and Chester. Fred and Albert are not living at home. Fred has been away for some time and Albert, more familiarly known as "Bert," had not been home, it was stated, for a week or more. Chester is the youngest of the family.

He Had No Enemies

Mark Roper told the writer that he thought his father had no enemies and he was sure the purpose of the murder was robbery. "Father always carried big sums of money with him," he said, "because it was necessary for him to do so. He always believed in doing a cash business and he would carry anywhere from $300 to $1500 with him. He said he wanted always to be ready to break a bill no odds how big it was. He carried the money in a wallet in his inside vest pocket. He was in Boston yesterday and returned in the early afternoon. I do not know how much money he had with him last night, but I imagine it was a pretty big sum."

Asked if his father was in the habit of displaying his money in Boston, Mark Roper said it was necessary for him to do so because he paid and received money in the public market—the flower market. It was then suggested that somebody having seen Mr. Roper displaying a large amount of bills might have followed him to Tewksbury, but Mark did not seem to credit the theory. "The man who murdered my father must have known all about this place," he said.

Mark and others had stated in his story that his father had received a telephone order for carnations and that he had just finished picking the flowers when he was murdered. Then came another suggestion to the effect that the telephone order might have been a bogus one, but Mark said it came from Lawrence and he allowed it was all right.

Went Home With Roper

George A. Norris lives but a short way from the Roper homestead and greenhouses. He met Albert Roper in one of the village stores last evening. "We were in A. B. Moore's store around the corner there," said Mr. Norris, in conversation with The Sun man today, "and Albert said he was going home. That was about 8 or 8.15 o'clock. I told him I guessed I would go with him as there were some pretty hard tickets knocking around these days and they might molest him. I said they would not dare to show themselves if I was on deck. Of course I was only joking, but jokes sometimes come true. Little I thought when I said good-night to Albert at my door that I would never see him in the flesh again. He was one of the best men in the world. He was always a hard worker and honest as the day is long. He acquired valuable property by the aint of hard labor. Albert Roper could look the whole world in the face for he owed not any man. He was the sort of man that blazed the trails in the olden days and he was as hardy as the hardiest pioneer. I do not know of an enemy he had in the world. He did not employ strangers. His boys worked for him, Mark steadily, and the others off and on. It's a terrible affair, and God knows I hope they'll get Albert Roper's murderer."

Some Suspicious Persons

Frank Farmer, Tewksbury's chief of police, was at the scene of the murder when the writer arrived there this morning. Mr. Farmer didn't have anything new to offer. If he knew anything he was keeping it under his hat. He did recall, however, that some night last week two boys riding in a sleigh were held up by a man wearing a woman's shawl and muff. The holdup occurred about a quarter of a mile or so from the Roper greenhouses. The boys whipped up the horse and got away. Mr. Farmer's relation of this story recalled something to Mark Roper's mind. He said that last Thursday or Friday night his mother heard a man walking around the house, on the outside. She heard him going around the house three or four times, but did not pay much attention to it and did not say anything about it.

Police Court Justices

Justice Thomas J. Enwright, Assistant Justice John J Pickman, Superintendent of Police Redmond Welch and Sheriff Eveleth went to Tewksbury this forenoon in Sheriff Eveleth's automobile. The purpose of the justices of the local court was to look the premises over as the inquest, if any will be held here. The body of the murdered man was removed to Undertaker Farmer's morgue where it was viewed by the medical examiner and other officials.

WAR VETERAN DEAD

OSCAR F. GIBBS DIED AT THE CHELMSFORD STREET HOSPITAL THIS MORNING

Oscar F. Gibbs, a Civil war veteran, answered his last call this morning, passing away at the Chelmsford Street hospital, where he had been confined for only a few days. He was 82 years of age.

Comrade Gibbs was well known in this city, where he resided practically all his life. He was for many years an overseer in one of the local mills and was held in high esteem by his employers and respected by his employes. Recently he lived alone at the corner of Bridge and Second streets and was always apparently in good health, visiting his friends down town frequently. Monday he became ill and was taken to the hospital but for the first time in his career the veteran failed to win his battle. He had no relatives in this city and an effort is now being made to locate a nephew in Worcester.

On August 5, 1862, Oscar F. Gibbs enlisted in this city and was mustered into Co. G, 33rd regiment, Massachusetts infantry. On March 15, 1863, he was transferred to the Veteran Reserve corps on account of some disability. Comrade Gibbs was a charter member of Post 185, G.A.R., and a member of Lowell lodge, Knights of Pythias.

NO MENACE TO PEACE

GUATEMALA CITY, Mar. 2.—The national assembly convened today. In his message President Cabrera said the economic situation was satisfactory and that there was no menace to the peace of Guatemala.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Reasons Why You Should Carry a Hamilton Watch

Our Watch Club enables you to obtain one of these high grade watches on easy payments at the cash price. Remember! you buy on the club plan just as cheap as if you paid cash. Come in and talk it over. Easy payments. $5.00 down, $1.00 a week.

HAMILTON WATCHES are made by the best skilled workmen in the most perfectly equipped plant in the world, and of the very finest materials. HAMILTON WATCHES have the most phenomenally accurate timekeeping records, are more extensively used and in far greater numbers, on all main railroad lines in the United States of America than any other watch, and will meet all the exacting official requirements of railroad service, under the extraordinary trying conditions to which railroad service subjects a watch. The HAMILTON WATCH has proven to be the most perfect railroad watch made, and will be entirely satisfactory to everyone desiring accurate time, as every HAMILAON WATCH is guaranteed in every part and particular.

GEO. H. WOOD

135 CENTRAL STREET

FOR BLACK NORTH ROAD

Dracut Men Attended Hearing in Support of Rep. Colburn's Bill for an Appropriation

Special to The Sun

STATE HOUSE, Boston, March 2.—Several prominent citizens of Lowell, Dracut and Methuen appeared before the house ways and means committee yesterday in favor of Rep. Colburn's bill providing for a bond issue of $10,000 to finance an improvement of the so-called "Black North" route between Lowell and Lawrence, the matter having previously been approved by the roads and bridges committee.

Rep. Colburn said the former highway commission, composed of Messrs. McClintock, Parker and Manning, always looked upon this as the better through route between Lowell and Lawrence, but the present commission for some reason has not favored it.

George H. Stevens, of Dracut, former representative, said $16,000 was expended in 1905 for constructing a state highway from Lowell to East Dracut, and the state is now asked to continue that highway along toward Methuen. He said the matter was dropped after 1905, apparently from lack of interest on the part of certain people, and when he returned to the legislature in 1910 and 1911 the demands from the western part of the state were so great that he lacked courage to present the bill. The Black North route, he said, is important to the residents of Dracut and Methuen, because it affords them an opportunity to get their produce into Lowell and Lawrence, while the river road, so-called, is used principally for through travel. He said the town has expended $80,000 for highways in the last four years, and as a result has the highest tax rate in the state; for that reason he thought the state should be willing to help it a little.

Rep. Colburn explained that the roads and bridges committee increased the amount from $5000 to $10,000, because it was felt that the smaller amount would pay for little more than the making of surveys and setting up the machinery.

Rep. George Bunting of Methuen said his town expended $2500 last year for macadamizing part of the road, and it is planned now to construct as a state highway the section between the old state highway and the macadam road, a distance of about two miles.

Rep. Victor F. Jewett of Lowell said the towns have done their part, and are clearly entitled to assistance from the state.

Sen. George F. Marchand was also recorded in favor of the bill.

Jesse J. Prescott, town surveyor in Dracut, said part of the road is made of gravel at present, and part of it is just common dirt road, but some of the heaviest taxpayers in town live on it; they have been meeting the expense of road improvement in other parts of the town, and now they are entitled to something for themselves. He said the river road is badly congested, and this route will take some of the traffic which now uses that road. Asked how much will be required to complete the road between Lowell and Lawrence he estimated $32,000.

Robert W. Dow, road surveyor in Methuen, said part of the road is practically impassable in soft weather.

John H. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, said its executive committee has voted in favor of the project. The city is planning to pave First street, which connects with this road, and the two projects should be undertaken together. He said the river road is of very little use to Dracut and Methuen residents, as it merely skirts the edges of those towns, and there are probably not more than three houses in either town on the road.

Others who were recorded in favor of the bill were Daniel Fox, Victor Clough, chairman of the selectmen of Dracut, George Otley, Harold L. Fox and Henry Fox. There was no opposition. HOYT.

FEED THEM
Rat-Nip
And Not a Rat Can Escape

Rat-Nip is just as attractive to rats as catnip is to cats and they all succumb to it, even the wily old fellows.

Rat-Nip is easy and clean to handle.

Put up in neat, collapsible, metal tubes and can be readily squeezed out, without coming in contact with the hands.

Tubes 15c and 25c
Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET STREET

COBURN'S

RUSSIA'S WAR COST

NOW $15,500,000 DAILY, LIKELY TO TOTAL $5,500,000,000 FOR 1916—LARGE PAPER MONEY ISSUES

PETROGRAD, via London, March 2.—The budget presented to the Duma showed an ordinary estimated revenue of 3,022,049,318 rubles ($1,511,024,659) and an estimated ordinary expenditure of 3,232,463,698 rubles ($1,616,231,849). The revenue from alcoholic drinks was only 9,000,000 rubles ($4,500,000), as compared with 689,000,000 rubles ($344,500,000) in 1914.

The extraordinary expenses due to the war amounts to 8,000,000,000 rubles ($4,000,000,000) in 1915, and are expected to reach 11,000,000,000 rubles ($5,500,000,000) in 1916 if the war lasts the entire year. This expense must be covered by credit operations.

The report says decline in industrial activity has been compensated by higher prices and army orders. Bank deposits reached the unprecedented figure of 800,000,000 rubles.

Finance Minister Bark said it was expected to realize more than 500,000,000 rubles from new sources of revenue. The cost of the war, Mr. Park continued, now amounted to 31,000,000 rubles ($15,500,000) daily. This expenditure for the present must be met by loans and necessitated large issues of paper money, an inevitable evil imposing the necessity of extreme prudence.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

A well attended meeting of Division 2, A.O.H., was held in Hibernian hall last evening, J. Joseph McOsker presiding. Much interest was manifested in the report of the financial secretary, which showed the division to be in good condition, numerically and financially. Plans are well under way for celebrating the 47th anniversary of the division. There will be plenty of variety in the entertainment program. J. Joseph McOsker is chairman of the committee, and is assisted by John J. Murphy, Michael P. Connelly, John P. Sheehan, John Mann, Patrick Ward, Timothy D. Finnegan, Timothy McNamara, Michael Finnegan, Patrick Jarrett, Owen McArdle and John P. Mahoney.

ORDER SEATS EARLY
Owing to the Great Demand Patrons Are Advised to Make Reservations Early.

Opera House
The Theatre of Big Things

THAT GREAT PLAY
Which Has Caused More Talk Than Any Other Play Ever Produced Here.

THE HEART APPEALING PLAY OF PATHOS AND TEARS, LOVE AND HONOR

Emerson Players Score Colossal Success in Hubert Henry Davies' Dramatic Masterpiece.

OUTCAST

As Played for Two Solid Years by Elsie Ferguson

Seven Months at the Lyceum Theatre in New York and Three Months to Crowded Houses at The Wilbur Theatre in Boston.

PHONE 261 FOR SEATS

HERBERT HEYES—ANN O'DAY And the Most Brilliant Array of Stock Stars Ever Assembled in Any Company.

PHONE FOR SEATS NOW
Order Them Early to Avoid Disappointment

The Finest Scenic Production that Lowell Has Ever Seen

COMING SOON—NEARLY MARRIED—COMING SOON

IN POLICE COURT

The greater part of this morning's session was taken up with the trial of the case of John J. Manning, charged with failing to provide support for his wife. During the course of the hearing it was brought out that the couple were married last October and after living together for seven weeks separated. Later they lived together for a short time, but for the past couple of months their relations have been strained. Judge Fisher, who presided at this morning's session of the court, felt that the couple should make up their little differences and continued the case for two weeks in order to ascertain if they would not live together again. Jackson Palmer appeared for the government and the defendant was represented by James J. Owens.

Daniel Donohoe entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with drunkenness and the larceny of a coat and alarm clock, the property of George Racicot. Donohoe while under the influence of liquor last night entered Racicot's house at 6 Egan's court, off Gorham street, and was raising a disturbance. Racicot went out for an officer and was returning with Patrolman Patrick Connolly when they met Donohoe leaving the house with the coat and clock. Donohoe's only defense was that he was under the influence of liquor and did not know what he was doing.

Jennie Mead pleaded guilty to being drunk and was sentenced to 30 days in jail. John J. Healey was sentenced to the state farm and James Mone who is on parole from the state farm will be returned to that institution. Elizabeth M. Hayes was released from jail yesterday and rearrested last night. Her case was continued for one week. Richard Manning was sentenced to two months in jail.

VIGOROUS STORM COMING

MARCH COMES IN LAMB-LIKE ENOUGH BUT WILL RAGE LIKE A LION TODAY OR TOMORROW

BOSTON, March 2.—March came in yesterday like the proverbial lamb, but, if the weather man is to be relied upon, its early days will not long continue so, since a storm of considerable vigor which has been local in the Ohio valley the past few days is headed Bostonward.

The forecast given out last night was for rain or snow Thursday or Friday morning, followed by clearing weather Friday and a lower temperature. Easterly winds will prevail, he thinks.

TWO GIRLS OFFERED WORK

The two young women, Martha and Clara Decoene, who have just arrived from Belgium, and who are making their home with their sister, Mrs. Leon Haeghbrouck, 123 Farmland road, have been offered employment at the Massachusetts Mohair plush mill, but it is not known if the girls will accept.

Charles Aveyard, superintendent of the mill, read the story of the two girls which was published exclusively in Monday's issue of The Sun and last night he mailed a letter to the two sisters, offering them employment in his mill. The letter was received this morning by the girls, but they have not yet made up their mind as to whether or not they will accept.

Mr. Aveyard in conversation with a Sun reporter said although he is not handicapped through lack of help, he can find employment for a few persons. He said when he read the story of the girls in The Sun he became interested and inasmuch as they have come here to stay, he thought it a humane act to offer them employment, for he believes the girls deserve sympathy.

DOMESTIC HOGS BECOME WILD

PARIS, March 2.—Domestic hogs let loose at Gerbevillers at the time of the German invasion of Lorraine wandered into the forests after living for a time on the refuse found around the soldiers' camps and they are now said to have become entirely savage as the result of their contact with the wild boars of the region. The peasants of the neighborhood say they are even more ferocious than the wild boars and hunting parties have been organized to rid the forests of them.

TO RAISE RATES ON GRAIN

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Rehearing of the proposal of eastern railroads to establish slightly increased rates on grain and grain products, from points in the middle west and Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri and Kentucky, to Atlantic coast ports for export, was granted today by the interstate commerce commission. The proposed increases were disapproved last December.

ANOTHER SNOW STORM

What threatened to be a severe snow storm was ushered into Lowell shortly after 3 o'clock this morning and when the early risers started for work they found several inches of snow on the ground. The snow fell steadily until about 5 o'clock when it let up for a short time and then resumed operations until noon when it stopped.

The snow was not heavy enough to interfere with electric car traffic. The strong wind which blew last night also moderated with the coming of the storm.

Doctors Agree On Eczema Remedy

Confirm the Statements About D. D. D. Prescription

Geo. T. Richardson, M. D.: "In my opinion, D. D. D. should be applied in all cases of skin disease—an immediate relief to the itch, a calm to excited nerves, soft, soothing, yet a powerful agent, a strength to the general system."

Dr. Unna Holmes: "D. D. D. is as near a specific for eczema and the dreaded psoriasis as is quinine for malaria. I constantly prescribe D. D. D. also for salt rheum, tetter, barber's itch, pimples, all forms of itching eruptions, scaly, sores."

Dr. Ira T. Gabbert: "I freely admit that D. D. D. reaches most cases of eczema and permanently cures them."

Dr. Gabbert of Caldwell, Kansas, is one of the best skin specialists in the state. Write and ask him about D. D. D.

Druggists are glad to recommend this soothing, cooling liquid. 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Come to us and we will tell you more about this remarkable remedy. Your money back unless the first bottle relieves you. D. D. D. Soap keeps your skin healthy. Ask about it.

DOWS DRUG STORES

COL. EVERETT FOSS DEAD

SAW BOTH LINCOLN AND GARFIELD ASSASSINATED—IDENTIFIED BOOTH'S BODY

DOVER, N. H., March 2.—Col. Everett O. Foss, probably the only man in the United States who saw both Lincoln and Garfield assassinated, died yesterday at his home, 141 Washington street, aged 85.

Col. Foss was born at Strafford Bow Lake and was brought here when two years old. He early engaged in the newspaper profession and published the first morning daily in Dover.

Among the public enterprises in which he was a prime mover were the dredging of the Cocheco river to open it up to navigation by sea-going vessels and the establishment of an old people's home, now the Wentworth Home for the Aged.

He went to Minnesota, was editor of a paper in St. Paul, and in 1857 he was made a colonel on the staff of Gov. Medary. He was in the Paymaster's department at Washington during the war. He was intimately acquainted with John Wilkes Booth and lived at the same hotel with him up to the time of Lincoln's assassination. He was in Ford's theatre on the night the crime was committed and was the last person Lincoln greeted before he entered his box. He was one of those who identified Booth's body after it was brought to Washington.

Col. Foss was in the B. & O. railroad station at the time President Garfield was shot and was the first to reach the president's side afterwards. He summoned the physician who came to Garfield's aid before the latter was removed from the station.

TAKE UP FREIGHT CONGESTION

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Freight congestion in eastern terminals will be taken up by the interstate commerce commission with representatives of all interests concerned at a public hearing here, March 6 and 7.

AMBASSADOR PAGE VISITS KING

LONDON, March 2.—The American ambassador, Walter Hines Page and Mrs. Page, took luncheon today at Buckingham palace with King George and Queen Mary.

NOTICE

There will be a meeting of the Pawtucketville Improvement Association in the Pawtucketville Grammar school hall, Mammoth road, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Election of officers will take place.

Per order of
THOMAS MATTE.

Use Talbot's New Gloss Furniture Polish
1/2 Pt. Bot.
25c
Talbot's Chemical Store
40 MIDDLE STREET

MOLDERS IN DRESS SUITS

SOME CLASS TO MEMBERS OF WORCESTER UNION—"THERE" IN EVERY SENSE OF THE WORD

WORCESTER, March 2.—Sturdy and expert molders attired in dress suits of the latest pattern held the center of the stage last night at the 25th annual concert and dance in A.O.H. hall, Trumbull street, of the local branch of the International Molders' union, and went on record as introducing a new and unique feature in connection with such an occasion among labor unions of Worcester.

Nearly 50 of the molders appeared on the dance floor smartly attired in dress suits and the Beau Brummels about town who looked in on the dance were, in the vernacular of the street, "there" in every sense of the word. They gamboled about just as much at home as if attired in their every-day clothes.

W. H. Thornton, business agent for the local union of molders, who was responsible for the innovation, asserted that he is firmly convinced that in the future labor unions of the city should advocate that their members wear dress suits on every occasion of a similar nature.

It was evident, however, that some of the molders were discomfited by the stiff bosomed shirts and snug coats, but they all stayed to the finish. Long before the dance was under way the hall was filled to overflowing. The grand march was led by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thornton.

BOUNDARY DISPUTE

Answer of New Hampshire to Bill Filed by Vermont Will Be Presented July 10

CONCORD, N. H., March 2.—The answer of the state of New Hampshire to the bill filed by Vermont with the United States supreme court in the boundary controversy between the two states, will be presented July 10. It was originally due this month, but the New Hampshire attorneys have been granted additional time.

TO HONOR VON HINDENBURG

BERLIN, March 2.—Preparations are under way for a national commemoration of the golden jubilee of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's entry into the army as a lieutenant of the Third Infantry Regiment of the Guard, April 7, 1866.

"LEATHERLESS SHOE"

BERLIN, March 2.—A new type of "leatherless shoe" is being widely advertised in the German newspapers. The uppers are made of gray or black waterproof linen saileloth, while the soles are built of thin layers of wood glued together with waterproof glue.

WOMEN WORK ON RAILROAD

PARIS, March 2.—The number of women employed on the railways of France has reached a total of over 25,000. In practically every department where they have been tried their work is characterized by government officials as entirely satisfactory.

FIRE ON BRITISH STEAMER

MANCHESTER, Eng., March 2.—Efforts have failed to extinguish the fire on the British steamship Spiraea from Philadelphia which began on Tuesday night while her cargo of oil was being discharged. The fire will be allowed to burn itself out.

MAN MISSING 23 YEARS

FREDERICK C. PRANGE RETURNS HOME RICH—WELCOMED BY HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER

STAMFORD, Conn., March 2.—Twenty-three years ago Frederick C. Prange, then proprietor of a paying business here and active in local politics, said goodby to his wife, Sarah, and his children, Miss Aletta and Charles, and told them that he was going west to establish himself in a growing city.

"I'll send for you when I get settled," were his parting words.

Weeks went by and the family heard nothing from Mr. Prange. They became uneasy and began a search for him which led to Denver, Minneapolis and far western cities, without result. Advertisements failed to bring tidings of the missing man and the family finally decided he was dead. Two years after his departure his daughter married Henry J. Flick, a prominent Stamford photographer. His son Charles is now a leading dentist here.

A week ago Mrs. Prange, wife of the missing man, received a letter postmarked New York, stating that the writer was her husband and asking forgiveness for his long silence. Yesterday Mrs. Prange and her daughter went to New York and met Mr. Prange, now 68 years old, by appointment in the Grand Central station. They brought him back to Stamford and he will spend his remaining days with Mrs. Prange at the house of their daughter, Mrs. Flick, 17 Washington avenue.

He has accumulated a fortune in the mining business in California, where he has lived for the past 18 years.

"Not long after he left home father was thrown off a horse," said Mrs. Flick last night, "and suffered a concussion of the brain. He was ill a long time. When he recovered he had little memory of the past.

He drifted about and finally settled in California, where he became interested in a mining enterprise. He made his headquarters at Los Angeles and grew rich. A month or so ago he conceived the idea of returning east to see if his relatives were alive.

"He went to New York and located his brother-in-law, William Hayler, and from him learned that my mother and his children were alive. Then he wrote to us. Needless to say, we were delighted to hear from him.

Mr. Prange is in good health.

WELFARE AGENT

"To Provide Railroad Employes With Better Opportunities For Moral, Social and Industrial Uplift"

ATLANTA, Ga., March 2.—The Southern Railway Co. announced today the appointment of a welfare agent at a salary of $3600 per year, to "provide its employes with better opportunities for moral, social and industrial uplift."

The Rev. Charles L. Bass, a Methodist preacher, formerly a lawyer and member of the Georgia legislature, was given the position.

RUG SALE

Mr. Peters will continue the exhibition and sale of his collection of oriental rugs for a few days more at Adams'.

ADAMS & CO.
Furniture—Rugs—Carpets 174 Central St.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing: Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.

Auto supplies, Beharrell, 23 Middle.

J. F. Donohoe, Donovan bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

If your teeth trouble you see Dr. Gagnon, 466 Merrimack street.

Miss Daisy Ginsbury has gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., to visit her aunt.

The members of Hose 9 were called out late yesterday afternoon to extinguish a fire in Tanner street dump.

The members of the French Baptist mission were entertained by the Worthen Street Baptist church last night. Rev. Mr. Ramette, the mission pastor, was presented a purse of $10. An entertainment followed.

An enjoyable social party was held last evening at the parish hall of St. John's church on Gorham street under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rowling. The younger set enjoyed dancing. Refreshments were served.

Rev. Charles T. Billings was the speaker at the first lecture of the season provided by the Forum fund held last evening in the Unitarian vestry. The subject was "The Value of Fine Arts," and many illustrated views were shown.

The local Permanent Firemen's club has sent The Sun a written vote of thanks for placing their views before the public so fairly, particularly in reference to the change in vacations which was proposed only by a couple of members on their own responsibility.

A most interesting lecture was given last evening in the parish house of St. Anne's church last evening by Rev. St. Anne's church by Rev. George A. Strong, a recent rector of Christ church, New York city. His subject was "Conditions in the Far East." Rev. Mr. Strong showed the need of an expansion of the missionary work in China and Japan and urged the co-operation of the people of St. Anne's church in continuing the movement.

It is not expected that local manufacturing circles will be hampered as a result of the freight embargo on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, affecting especially such material as spelter, copper, pig lead, iron and steel, as assurance has been given that the embargo will be of short duration.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of Industry council, 1772, Royal Arcanum, held last evening in Odd Fellows temple with Regent G. L. Stafford in the chair. Orator John McKinley, chairman of the entertainment committee, announced that a smoke talk and entertainment would be held at the next meeting. Routine business was considered, and remarks were made by John Dunfey, John Rynne, Neil A. Clark and James J. Dunn. At the close of the meeting whist was enjoyed.

One of the most successful dances of the season was held last evening in the assembly hall of the local high school by the evening class of 1916. A large number of members and friends of the class attended and enjoyed dancing from 8 o'clock. The officers in charge were: General manager, Edward J. McCabe; assistant general manager, John E. Maloney; floor director, Paul V. Sadlier; assistant floor director, Margaret McManus; chief aid, George Delany, treasurer, Mary Fitzgerald.

The last concert of the season in the Y.M.C.A. star course will be given next Wednesday evening at the First Baptist church. The Pilgrim male quartet will furnish the entertainment. The program is prepared to entertain and to please. The personnel is: Robert Fitz Gerald, tenor; Everett S. Glines, tenor; Percy F. Baker, baritone, and William Gustafson, Jr., basso. Miss Lucile Barry, the reader, possesses wonderful charm of youth as well as high intellectual power. Her telling of short stories is delightful.

The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals acknowledges bequests of $2021.05 from George H. Torr of Andover, $1000 from Mrs. Lydia A. Putney of Lexington, $400 from Cassedana L. Phinney of Stoughton, and $100 (additional) from Frank L. Richardson of North Adams. It has received gifts of $200 from Mrs. C. C. C., $100 from Mrs. E. T., $50 from J. S. L., $50 from T. C. H., $37.50 from S. W., $25 from Mrs. D. P. K.; and, for the Angell Memorial Animal Hospital, $105.06 from E. T. P., $100 from Hon. A. E. P., $25 from J. J., $50 from Miss E. A. C., and $25 from Mrs. L. T.

The society has been remembered in the wills of Mrs. Elizabeth M. French of Brookline, Mrs. Carrie E. Greene of Springfield, and Mrs. Abigail White Howe of Cambridge.

TO RELIEVE PAIN

Many of the most intense body pains are of local origin and can be quickly relieved and overcome by a single application of Minard's liniment, which was prescribed and used with marvelous results by Dr. Levi Minard in his private practice, for sore, strained, lame muscles, stiff neck, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatic pains, backache, stiff joints, tired, aching, burning, itching feet, and sprains. It gives instant healing relief; is creamy, antiseptic, free from injurious drugs and stainless to flesh and clothing. Surely try this wonderful liniment and see how quickly it brings soothing relief. It never disappoints. Get a bottle today from any druggist.

B·F·KEITH'S
LOWELL'S LEADING THEATRE

That Dainty Half Dozen—The 6 Kirksmith Sisters
A Musical Interlude

Ethel May Hall & Co.
In the Season's Funniest Farce.
"THE WRONG GUY"

WILLIE——BESSIE
Dunlay & Merrill
"Without Rhyme or Reason." Comedy, Chatter and Songs.

ALL THIS WEEK

Direct from Berlin Winter Garden
AMETA
Parisian Mirror and Classic Dancer

Joe Fields
Will Halliday
In "A RAW RECRUIT"
Direct from Keith's, Boston

Quinn and Lafferty
Unique Entertainers

Wilbert's Human Hoops

DANCE With The Algonquins
LINCOLN HALL, FRIDAY EVE., MARCH 3
Latest Music Broderick's Orchestra
"TIE A TIN CAN TO TROUBLE"

PRES. LINCOLN'S PROMISE

SURVIVOR OF MONITOR AND MERRIMAC BATTLE TO TAKE TRIP THROUGH PANAMA CANAL

WASHINGTON, March 2—President Lincoln's promise made more than a half century ago to John Driscoll of Hampton, Va., said to be the oldest living survivor of the battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac during the Civil war, is about to be carried out by the navy department.

After the naval engagement President Lincoln summoned the crew of the Monitor, of which Driscoll was a member, to Washington. He thanked them for their valor and said if any of them ever wanted a favor it would only be necessary to ask it.

It was not until recently, however, that Driscoll decided to ask the proffered favor. He requested to be taken aboard a battleship going through the Panama canal, which he said he longed to see before he died. Arrangements for the trip have just been completed and the next warship which passes through the great waterway will carry the aged veteran as a passenger.

GRANTED A CHARTER

UNITED STATES MAILING CASE COMPANY TO DO BUSINESS IN LOWELL

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, March 2.—A charter as a Massachusetts business corporation was issued yesterday to The United States Mailing Case company, with offices in Lowell, under which it is authorized to manufacture and sell any kind of container for the protection of bottles and other articles in transit through the mails.

William A. Lamson of 42 Church street, Lowell, is president of the new corporation, and Mary A. Lamson of 194 Merrimack street is its treasurer. HOYT.

CHELMSFORD

A social and supper that attracted one of the largest gatherings of the season was held last night at the Unitarian vestry in Chelmsford. The entertainment program which came at 8 o'clock was arranged by Mrs. Fred Park, but owing to illnes she was unable to be present and the event was carried out under the direction of W. H. Hall. The numbers presented were as follows: Duet, Misses Margaret and Katherine Hall; readings, "A Voice From a Far Country," "Little Willie's Hearing" and "Nettie's Thanksgiving," by Miss Hutchinson of Lowell; song, Miss Mabel Paignon with Mrs. John F. Parker as accompanist, and the song, "Three Old Maids of Lee," by Miss Paignon, accompanied by Mrs. Parker and illustrated by Misses Katherine and Margaret Hall and Charlotte Park. Mrs. Hill was assisted in preparing the supper by Mrs. A. W. Small, Mrs. R. P. Adams, Mrs. V. L. Parkhurst, Mrs. W. S. Holder, Mrs. W. A. Parkhurst and Mrs. W. H. Hall.

TO RETAIN SOUND LINES

BOSTON, March 2.—The system of diverting rail and boat freight traffic at Mansfield Junction so as to reach any one of the three steamboat lines of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad and thus avoid congestion was explained today by J. Howland Gardner of the New England Steamship company, at the hearing by the interstate commerce commission on the New Haven's petition to retain its Sound lines.

Mr. Gardner, who continued his testimony begun at the first hearing in New York, stated that the close control of the New Bedford, Fall River and Norwich lines by the New Haven made it possible in cases of congestion at any one of the three boat terminals to divert freight from Northern New England to the other two lines.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE
TODAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
MARGUERITE CLARK In "OUT OF THE DRIFTS"
In Five Acts
ALICE BRADY In "THE RACK"
Another Feature
Other Pictures

OSCAR F. HODGE PRESENTS
NEIL O'BRIEN AND HIS GREAT AMERICAN MINSTRELS
MONDAY, MARCH 6th

Theatre Voyons
TODAY, TOMORROW, SATURDAY
"The Guilt of Stephen Eldredge"
in three parts.
"BLAZING THE TRAIL"
A Western Drama by D. W. Griffith, with Francis Ford, in 2 Parts
"The Girl and The Mail Bag."
"The Stage Driver and The Girl."
"Ham the Diver"—a U-boat comedy.
Don't forget the new chairs; always a seat at The Voyons.

OWL THEATRE
TODAY
WILLIAM FARNUM IN "A SOLDIER'S OATH"
Many Others Usual Prices

TO CARRY WAR SUPPLIES

LAPLAND, BALTIC AND ADRIATIC, LINERS, TO BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR FREIGHT

NEW YORK, March 2.—The big passenger steamships Lapland, Baltic and Adriatic of the White Star line, will be used exclusively as freight carriers until April 12 at the earliest, the International Marine company announced late today.

The steerage accommodations on the vessels will be removed, thus adding cargo space for approximately 2000 tons more in each. The Lapland was scheduled to sail from New York on March 8, the Baltic on March 15 and the Adriatic on March 29.

It was estimated that 58,000 tons deadweight can be carried on the ships on these three voyages. As there will be no passengers on board, loaded ammunition for use by the British forces can be taken in addition to the usual war supplies, it was said.

20 PERSONS KILLED

MANY OTHERS INJURED BY AVALANCHES IN SOUTHERN TYROL

LONDON, March 2.—A despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that 20 persons have been killed and many injured by avalanches in the southern Tyrol.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

A CLOSED CAR for Parties or Weddings
CITY HALL GARAGE

INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

The Painters' union is scheduled to hold an important meeting tonight in Carpenters' hall.

Carpenters' union, local 1610 held a meeting last night at which routine business was transacted.

Michael A. Lee, the well known business agent of the local Carpenters' union is recovering from a severe cold.

Thaddeus S. Cobb, formerly an alderman in Lowell and now engaged in the machinery business in Boston was in this city yesterday.

Organizer Thomas F. McMahon, of the United Textile Workers is expected to address the meeting to be held by the Weavers' union tonight.

Business at the plant of the Mears-Adams Shoe company, in Lincoln street is rushing and the company is having a hard time to obtain experienced help. Efficient hands are needed in nearly every department.

The Machinists' union, local 319, whose membership is composed mainly of employes of the Boston & Maine car shops, will hold a meeting tonight in Odd Fellows building at which a prominent labor man will be the principal speaker.

The Cigarmakers' union held a largely attended meeting in Trades & Labor hall last night at which plans were discussed for celebrating the coming anniversary of the organization. Secretary Garvey's report showed the organization to be in a strong financial condition.

The Trades & Labor council will meet tonight in the Middle street quarters to discuss several important matters. Members of the council are much pleased that the $1200 asked for the Labor day celebration has been appropriated by the city government. President Frank Warnock will preside at tonight's session.

Carpenters' Hall

On next Sunday afternoon the New England Boot & Shoe organizing conference will be held in Carpenters' hall, Runels building. It is expected that over 50 delegates from all parts of New England will attend. The session will be open to any one interested in labor matters. Charles L. Baine, general secretary of the Boot & Shoe Workers' union has been engaged to speak and he will have something of interest to say to Lowell shoe-workers.

State Board Salary Bill

That published articles concerning the possible resignations as members of the state board of conciliation and arbitration, are, to say the least, premature, is the statement of Frank M. Bump, a member of the Brockton Boot & Shoe Workers' union to Organizer Daniel E. Whelan of the same organization. It has been also stated that Charles G. Wood of New Bedford contemplated resigning.

In relation to the salary of $2500 a year paid each man, which is understood to be too small to suit the two officials, Mr. Bump, who is very well known in this city, said: "The salary bill is now before the legislative committee, and this premature announcement of our intention to withdraw from the board places us in the light of attempting to force the hands of the committee, which was not at all our intention."

Messrs. Wood and Bump contend their services on the board has been given at great personal sacrifice. While investigating in this city during the U. S. Cartridge trouble, Mr. Bump said "We hold a great many hearings about which the public never hears, because privacy is requested by both parties. We are busy days, nights and Sundays."

TO VOTE ON RESOLUTION

Continued

is ready to stand by him, has asked that one of the anti-administration resolutions to warn Americans off belligerent vessels be brought to a vote so that agitation in congress no longer may embarrass him in the submarine negotiations with Germany. But the men who control the parliamentary machinery, most of whom have favored the warning proposals, are employing every effort to prevent a show down.

After a day of conferences and inaction by the house foreign affairs committee word went forth from the White House last night that the president would accept no compromise in that he wanted congress to pass upon one of the pending resolutions and that no resolution of confidence in the administration or other device to prevent members from recording their position would be acceptable.

Chairman Flood whom White House officials sought in vain last night, was instructed by the foreign affairs committee to see the president today for a further discussion of the situation. He also was authorized to seek data at the state department on the negotiations with Germany, and to report back to a committee meeting before the house convened for today's session.

Action on the president's request probably will not be long delayed. If the foreign affairs committee continues to put off bringing the issue before the house, the rules committee probably will be urged to carry out the request originally made by the president in his letter to Chairman Pou and report out a rule incorporating a warning resolution and providing for a vote on it after limited debate. The president's friends declare that decisive defeat of the resolution would follow.

On the senate side of the Capitol action by the house is being awaited. It is conceded that the president will be supported whenever the question is brought to a vote there.

It was made known last night that the latest German assurances conveyed by Count von Bernstorff, regarding the conduct of submarine warfare were not as broad and satisfactory as those previously given. But the administration will make no further move in the controversy for the present and the proposed agreement for settlement of the Lusitania case will remain unaccepted while the president waits on congress.

No Compromise

President Wilson told Chairman Flood of the house foreign affairs committee early today that he would consent to no compromise on the armed ship issue and desired a direct vote on a resolution warning Americans off armed ships of belligerent nations. Mr. Flood took the president's decision to the committee.

Reports to the administration today were that yesterday ten members of the foreign affairs committee were in favor of reporting out the McLemore resolution to warn Americans off armed ships and nine members were against it. There were 21 members of the committee. Some of those who expressed opinions were opposed to the McLemore resolution because it contained expressions not connected directly with the issue on which the president insists on a vote.

A meeting of the committee which was to have been held this morning was postponed until 3 o'clock this afternoon when Chairman Flood will deliver the president's message. The president had no engagements with leaders of house or senate today but was keeping in constant touch and prepared to see any members if necessary.

Up to the present Mr. Wilson has not been asked to see any committee of either house to send any facts to congress or to appear before congress in person, as has been informally suggested. It was said at the White House that no such questions would be taken up until they were presented.

"Soft Soap" Resolution

Administration officials characterized the proposed vote of confidence as a "soft soap" resolution to endorse the president and at the same time warn Americans off armed ships. They reiterated that no such resolution would be satisfactory.

"This is a clear cut issue," said one administration official, "and we do not want it muddled."

There were some indications according to these officials that the president's stand was having the desired effect on the house. They felt that the rules committee was ready to act and that the only obstacle now was in the foreign affairs committee.

Acceptable to President

In his talk with Representative Flood today the president said flatly that what was wanted was a vote on the McLemore resolution or a similar one. He made it plain that he wants the armed ship agitation disposed of once and for all so it will not come up later to embarrass the diplomatic negotiations.

Chairman Flood said on his return to the capitol that he believed some resolution acceptable to the president would be agreed upon in the foreign affairs committee today.

Representative Garrett of the rules committee, after a talk with the president, spoke of the possibility that the committee could bring in a rule to discharge the foreign affairs committee from consideration of one of the resolutions and thus force the question out for a vote in the house over the opposition of those who want to prevent it. No action along that line had been determined upon at this stage, he said

ITALIAN SHIPS ARMED

ROME, Mar. 1, via Paris, 2.50 p. m., (Delayed)—The Italian ambassador at Washington, Count Macchi, has been instructed to notify the American government that notwithstanding the German and Austrian decrees regarding the sinking of armed merchantmen Italian merchantmen will continue to carry armament.

The ambassador also has been instructed to say that Italian merchantmen will use their artillery for only defensive purposes.

INVESTIGATION OF MILK RATES

BOSTON, March 2.—The diversion of the greater part of the milk produced in Massachusetts from Boston to the interior cities was declared today by J. K. Whiting, treasurer of a milk contracting firm, to be the cause of the purchase by local dealers of such large quantities of the product from other parts of New England. Testifying at the interstate commerce commission's investigation of milk rates, Mr. Whiting said that the decreased production in Massachusetts was due to an act which abolished the leased car system of shipment and to the use of so much pasture land for water storage basins.

VIGEANT'S MARKET

COR. MERRIMACK AND SUFFOLK STS.

Free delivery. Our 'phone numbers now are 4689-4690

JUST RECEIVED— A CARLOAD OF SUNKIST ORANGES
which we shall sell at the special low prices from 10c to 40c a dozen.

French Pork Butts	14c
Fresh Raw Leaf Lard	12½c
Best Chuck Roast	10c and 13c
Leg of Fall Lamb	14c
Pork Chops	14c
Smoked Shoulder	12c
Fresh Native Pork	12c
Fresh Shoulder	10c and 12c
Leg of Veal	14c
Chicken	16c to 22c
Best Rump Steak	28c
Chicago Rump Steak	15c
Fresh Pigs' Feet	5c
Fresh Liver	5c
Round Steak, lb.	18c

EGGS ARE CHEAPER

Good Eggs	20c doz.
Best Selected Eggs	25c doz.
Best Creamery Butter	30c
Best Creamery Cheese	19c
Big Lemons	15c doz.
Large Onions	3 lbs. for 10c
Sardines	8 boxes for 25c
Cabbage	1½c
Turnips	1½c
Boston Celery	12c
Boston Lettuce	4c
Radishes	4c, 3 for 10c

SPECIAL

Pure Lard, lb.	11c
Best Maine Potatoes	33c
Macaroni	6c
Spaghetti	6c
Welcome Soap	7 bars for 25c
Rhubarb	5c
Kale, pk.	12c
Fresh Spinach	15c
Snider's Ketchup	16c
Flour	80c bag
Rice	5c
Grapefruit	3 for 10c
Cucumbers	8c
String Beans, can	6c

FISH

Fresh Haddock	5c
Fresh Haddock	6c
Fresh Halibut, sliced	15c
Large Mackerel	10c
Fresh Salmon	12½c
Tom Cod	7 lbs. for 25c
Oysters	30c qt.
Fresh Herring	3 for 10c
Clams	25c qt.
2 cans Medium Red Salmon	25c
2 cans Red Raspberries	25c
2 cans Blueberries	25c
Fresh Strawberries	30c

Try one our 7c loaves of bread.

LATE WAR NEWS

Continued

of the road running from Neuville to La Folie, we had caused the explosion of a mine located under an old crater which was occupied by the enemy. We took possession of the new crater.

"In the region of Verdun the enemy bombarded violently last night Le Mort Homme, (The Dead Man) at the Cote de L'Oie, between Malancourt and Fresnes as well as the principal crossings of the river Meuse. There was little activity on the part of the artillery to the east of the Meuse.

"In the Woevre district, after an intense retaliatory fire from the artillery, the enemy yesterday evening delivered a spirited attack on our positions at Fresnes. They were at once driven back by our courter attack from the few positions which they had succeeded in penetrating.

"In the Lorraine district a bombardment of several hours duration against the Sainte Marne farm west of Bezange was followed by an attack on the part of the enemy which resulted in complete failure.

"In Alsace certain tentative movements undertaken by strong German patrols against our outposts in the valley of the Lauch were repulsed by the use of hand grenades."

TWO AMERICAN CITIZENS SAIL ON ARMED STEAMER—173 PASSENGERS

NEW YORK, Mar. 2.—The Italian steamship Guiseppe Verdi, the first armed vessel to leave American shores since the new Austro-German submarine policy went into effect, sailed late yesterday for Naples and Genoa.

She carried among her 173 passengers two Italian-born American citizens.

The Verdi had mounted on her deck the two naval guns with which she was equipped two months ago. Before she sailed copper air tanks were fitted into her lifeboats.

Two of the passengers were in the first cabin, 28 in the second and 143 in the steerage. The two naturalized Americans were on the steerage list.

GERMAN LOSSES TO DATE IN VERDUN FIGHTING AMOUNT TO 130,000

PARIS, March 1 (delayed)—The exact figures of the French losses at Verdun have been given to the committee of military affairs of the chamber of deputies by Col. Boucabelle, chief secretary to Gen. Gallieni, minister of war. It is stated that they were not high.

The Petit Parisien says that the German losses to date in the Verdun fighting amount to between 125,000 and 130,000 and constitute about one-third of the German effectives actively employed.

NAVAL EXPERT SAYS NEW GERMAN CAMPAIGN WILL BE CARRIED OUT BY RAIDERS

AMSTERDAM, via London, March 2—Capt. Persius, naval expert of the Berliner Tageblatt, discussing in today's issue of that newspaper the new German campaign against merchant shipping, makes the assertion that it will be carried out, not so much through the medium of submarines, whose activities are hampered by diplomatic difficulties, as through disguised commerce raiders, like the Moewe which has already sunk a number of vessels of the allies and which sent the Appam to Newport News with a prize.

RUSSIAN STEAMER ALEXANDER WENTZEL SUNK—18 OF CREW DROWNED

LONDON, March 2.—The Russian steamship Wentzel has been sunk. Eighteen of the crew were drowned and 11 rescued.

The Alexander Wentzel of 2838 gross tons, was reported in the latest available shipping records as having arrived at Cardiff on Jan. 23. She was built at West Hartlepool in 1899 and was owned by the Northern Steamship Co. of Petrograd.

REPORT THAT FORT VAUX, FIVE MILES FROM VERDUN, DESTROYED BY MORTARS

LONDON, March 2.—An Amsterdam despatch to the Central News says that Fort Vaux, five miles to the northeast of Verdun, has been destroyed by heavy mortars, according to unconfirmed German reports, but that the Germans cannot approach the fort as the French have brought heavy artillery to bear on the approaches. It is added that a German battery has been destroyed by French shells and that the Germans have concentrated 90,000 men near Buzy, who are to resume the offensive with reinforcements from the Argonne. Buzy is about 16 miles to the east of Verdun.

SWEDISH STEAMER KNIPPLA SUNK INSIDE THE LIMIT OF SWEDISH WATERS

STOCKHOLM, via London, March 2.—It has been learned that the Swedish steamer Knippla was sunk about 500 yards inside the limit of Swedish waters.

On February 29th it was announced that the Knippla, a vessel of 531 tons, had struck a mine and sunk south of Falsterbo, Sweden, and that the crew had been rescued. On the same day a despatch from Copenhagen reported that, according to a local newspaper, a large German flotilla was engaged in laying mines south of Falsterbo.

FRANCE MYSTIFIED AT CONTINUED PAUSE IN GERMAN ATTACKS AROUND VERDUN

PARIS, March 1 (Delayed).—The press and public of France are mystified at the continued pause in the German attacks around Verdun. Caution born of experience leads generally to the rejection of the view that the Germans have given up all hope of trying to capture the Lorraine fortress. It is thought more likely that they are merely resting before starting afresh with greater energy. It is believed in many quarters that the attack on Verdun was only a preliminary to operations on a much larger scale for the purpose of trying to crush the French once and for all. However that may be, it is affirmed that Gen. Joffre is fully prepared for all eventualities. So far only the local French reserves have been called upon at Verdun, the great general reserve forces remaining intact for use in repelling other heavy onslaughts or for carrying out a great counter attack when the opportune moment comes.

If the Germans continue their assaults against Verdun from the plain of the Woevre their infantry will have to attack virtually unsupported by the heaviest of the German guns, it is argued, as the water soaked clay soil of the Lorraine plain makes the transport of such guns almost impossible. The plain is only crossed by four military roads and troops and light artillery would be obliged to deplore in the open under fire from the French positions on the heights of the Meuse.

Two valleys lead to Verdun from the plain. Both are blocked by forts—Des Tavannes and Rozellier—and everywhere else the infantry would face thickly wooded heights with a straight drop of 250 feet. The Germans would have here, however, all the resources of Metz within easy reach.

No news has been received of Lieut. Col. Driant, a son-in-law of the late Gen. Boulanger and deputy for Nancy, since the beginning of the battle. In which he commanded two battalions of light infantry.

LLOYD'S AGENT REPORTS THAT THORNABY WAS SUNK BY MINE ON MONDAY

LONDON, March 2.—Lloyd's agent at Blyth reports that the British steamship Thornaby was sunk by a mine on Monday last.

A despatch of yesterday's date announced that the Thornaby had been sunk in the North sea and that nearly all of the crew were killed or drowned.

TO PROHIBIT THE IMPORTATION OF GERMAN GOODS AFTER THE WAR

LONDON, March 2.—The Daily News learns that the inner circle of the cabinet will recommend the incorporation in the budget of an announcement that German imports will be prohibited after the war and also that measures will be taken probably in the nature of preferential duties, for the purpose of encouraging exports from the British colonies to the countries of the allies. No decision is likely to be reached in the matter, adds the newspaper, until it has been considered by the entire cabinet, as well as by the economic conference of the allies, the forthcoming meeting of which Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in his speech at the Guildhall yesterday.

CIVILIAN POPULATION WAS ORDERED TO LEAVE VERDUN ON FEB. 25

PARIS, Feb. 29 (Delayed).—M. Couten, president of the chamber of commerce of Verdun, has arrived in Paris and says that the order to leave the city was given to the civilian population on Feb. 25.

"We were being heavily shelled at the time," says M. Couten, "and yet the evacuation took place without disorder, as we had been awaiting the order to leave. Most of us would rather have remained, feeling secure in the underground bomb proofs, but the presence of civilians interfered with the movements of the troops. The people left in cheerful humor and without complaint, feeling certain that they would soon return.

"At the time we left we were satisfied that the enemy's offensive was already checked. I had been able to see all the defensive precautions which were taken and was aware of the strength of the forces accumulated in Verdun sector and my confidence is, consequently, absolute in the complete early success of our arms. The importance of the German gain should not be exaggerated. I know all the points where the first phases of the battle occurred and can say that the exact advance of the Germans north of Verdun does not exceed four kilometres."

Other refugees who have been interviewed agree in stating that, despite the terrific noise of the artillery fire and the lurid illumination of the sky during Friday night and Saturday morning, when they left, all were supremely confident in the superiority of their own army. They say that the only civilian left in Verdun on Saturday was an employe of the city hall. The last refugees were escorted by city firemen, who, with admirable devotion, aided the tired mothers to carry their children. The only sign of worry or exasperation shown by the retreating residents of Verdun was when the customs employes inquired regarding the contents of their parkages.

The refugees were greatly touched by the reception accorded to them on their arrival at the railroad station in Paris, when a number of persons, including society women, offered to carry their baggage and help them to places of shelter.

REPORT THAT GERMAN RAIDER MOEWE HAS BEEN CAPTURED

BUENOS AIRES, March 2.—Press despatches from Montevideo say that a steamer arriving from Europe intercepted near the coast of Brazil a wireless message stating that British cruisers had captured the German auxiliary cruiser Moewe.

The Moewe, it is said, was taken by the British cruisers to the Island of Trinidad.

The American steamer Santa Barbara has arrived at Montevideo, her captain making the announcement that a French cruiser which put out from Dakar, on the west coast of Africa, encountered a German raider, name not given, and opened fire on her. Under cover of darkness the German ship got away. She was, however, damaged on her upper works by the French fire.

There is some doubt, however, as to the identity of the German vessel reported to have been captured. Another version is that the vessel in question is the German cruiser Roon.

SWEDEN TO REMAIN OUT OF WAR AS LONG AS SHE CAN MAINTAIN HONOR

STOCKHOLM, via London, March 2.—"Sweden is just as determined as she was 18 months ago not to interfere in the war as long as she can maintain her national honor and dignity," said Eric Trelle, formerly Swedish minister of foreign affairs and later minister to Germany, discussing his country's policy. "The only consideration on which Sweden would end her neutrality would be one involving violation of her sovereign rights by belligerents. I do not believe, however, that any of the belligerents would take the risk of adding to the enemies they have at present. The Swedish government and people are unanimously in favor of peace, but not of peace which means a sacrifice of rights."

FEATURES OF LAST NIGHT'S WAR NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

Emperor William reported as returning from Verdun battle to Berlin.

Fighting around fortress confined to bombardments.

Allies' artillery shows "great activity" everywhere, says Berlin.

Ypres salient again a storm center of cannonading by both sides.

German infantry advances repulsed by British near Somme river and by French in Rheims neighborhood.

German seaplane drops bombs on an English southeast coast town, killing a baby and breaking windows.

Italians gain ground at Mt. Marmolade.

Russian shell fire drives Germans out of trench.

DANCING PARTY

Employes of Boulgers' Stores Danced With Friends

The third annual dancing party by Boulgers' clerks, conducted last evening at Lincoln hall, was a great success, and the large attendance of young people found plenty of genuine enjoyment in the delightful musical program and general dancing which followed. Music for dancing was furnished by Brederick's orchestra. The hall was

WILFRED T. BOULGER,
General Manager

elaborately decorated for the occasion and the brilliancy of the scene was enhanced by the beautiful gowns worn by the young women. Shortly after 10 o'clock an intermission was declared, during which refreshments were served.

The officers responsible for the success of the affair were as follows: Wilfred E. Boulger, general manager; Edward M. Holland, floor marshal; Bernard C. Montmarquet, chief aid; F. B. Kenyon and A. E. Sully, assistants.

STRIKE AT WAR PLANT

500 MACHINISTS OF PIERCE ARROW AUTO CO. AT BUFFALO, N. Y., QUIT WORK

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 2.—Five hundred machinists of the Pierce Arrow Automobile Co. went on strike today. Over 1500 machinists remained at work in the plant.

The plant has large war orders for motor trucks.

Two hundred of 900 men employed at the Curtiss Aeroplane Co. joined the ranks of the strikers and several small concerns in the Black Rock section of the city were forced to close when their machinists walked out. Union officials predicted that 10,000 men would be affected by Saturday.

The men demand an eight hour day, time and a half for overtime, no Sunday work and a wage scale with a minimum of 40 cents an hour.

TO INCREASE OUR ARMY

FINISHING TOUCHES BEING PUT ON BILL BY HOUSE MILITARY COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Finishing touches today were being put on the bill to increase the army by the house military committee, with prospects that a final vote on the measure would be reached before adjournment.

Before the final vote, however, a new effort was to be made to make the maximum peace strength of the regular army 200,000.

Under this plan it is proposed to authorize the president to bring the army up to the full strength at any time without specific act of congress.

Another proposal already incorporated in the bill would provide for a far reaching industrial and technical reserve for the fighting lines in war times. This reserve would include practically every profession or occupation whose services would be useful to the army.

While the house committee was completing its task the senate committee was having printed its plan for federalizing the National Guard and was ready for a final review of the bill.

Admiral Frank Fletcher, commander of the Atlantic fleet, was on hand ready to testify before the house naval committee.

HIDING SEVERAL WEEKS

CHARLES AUSBURN, AMERICAN MINING MAN REPORTED KILLED IN MEXICO, IS ALIVE

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 2.—Charles Ausburn, an American mining man who was reported to have been executed by Villa soldiers more than two months ago at the Mulatos mine in southeastern Sonora, is alive, it was learned today.

Persons arriving here from that section said Ausburn, who is a cripple, was warned of the approach of Villa troops and fled to the mountains. He remained in hiding several weeks.

ST. MARGARET'S WHIST PARTY

Sixty tables filled Elks hall in Middle street Tuesday at a whist party and dance conducted by St. Margaret's parish, with more than 250 in attendance. The early part of the evening was given over to cards, with refreshments served during the intermission which preceded the dance. Neyman's orchestra supplied lively music and the affair, from every viewpoint, was a genuine success. The card winners during the evening were announced as follows: Bridge—Men's prizes, first, Joseph Farrell; second, J. H. Murphy; women, first, Miss K. F. McCarty, second, Mrs. P. H. Ryan. Whist—Men's prizes, first, leather collar box, Edward Welsh; second, fog, Edward Brady; third, cigars, William Daly. Ladies', first, cut glass, Mrs. Daniel Foye; second, guest towels, Mrs. Tighe; third, scarf, Mrs. Thomas Mahoney; vase, Dr. Janet Rowlandson.

The following committee had charge of the affair: Mrs. Charles McCarty, chairman; Mrs. James Morrison, Mrs. Frank Campbell, Mrs. William Murphy, Miss Alice Murphy, Dr. Emma Young Slaughter, Mrs. Margaret Bagshaw, Mrs. Margaret Hennessey, Mrs. George Harrigan, Mrs. John Connor, Mrs. John Donnelly, Mrs. Daniel Shanahan, Mrs. William Daly, Mrs. John H. Murphy, Mrs. Henry Reynolds, Mrs. Anthony Conway, Mrs. John Sargent, Mrs. Henry and Mrs. John M. Murphy.

THE MASQUERADE PARTY

A lady who represents the Y.M.C.A. auxiliary, takes exception to the Sun's criticism of a particular feature of the masquerade party given at the Merrimack Square theatre this week as being vulgar. She feels that this reflects upon the society of ladies that presented the play and assumed responsibility for it. She states that the aim was to provide a funny burlesque and that she cannot see why anybody should take offense at any part of the performance. The Sun, on the other hand, felt that as the show was put on by a lady who goes from city to city presenting the same performance, any extravagant feature should be criticised. We certainly had no intention of reflecting upon the good ladies of the Y.M.C.A. auxiliary, who adopted the whole program as their own. Perhaps The Sun erred in applying to an amateur performance too high a standard of criticism and in not adopting the viewpoint of the lady in question that a burlesque designed to amuse should not be taken as really representing any particular type or class. Certainly none of the ladies of the auxiliary would countenance anything in any way improper.

SAUNDERS' MARKET

GORHAM AND SUMMER STS. Tel. 3890-1-2-3

FRIDAY FISH SPECIALS

FRESH SLICED **Bluefish Steak lb. 7c**

FLOUNDERS, Pound..... 5c | BUTTERFISH, Pound..... 5c

EXTRA LARGE— 3 to 4 POUND **Bloater Mackerel ea. 22c**

FANCY SARDINE HERRING, Pound.....5c

LARGE LABRADOR HERRING.....3 Fish 10c

FRESH SMOKED FINNAN HADDIE, Pound.....9c

FANCY MEDIUM MACKEREL, Pound.....9c

Red Salt Salmon lb., 12c	Tuna Fish, can..15c	Smoked Herring, box 13c
Large Salt Mackerel, each 5c	Deviled Sardines, can 9c	Boneless Herring, lb. 13c
Large Salt Herring, 3 for 10c	Clams, 3 cans...22c	Cod Scraps, lb....4c
Thick Salt Fish, pkg. 7c	Kippered Herring, 3 cans 25c	40c Crab Meat, can, 27c
Smoked Bloaters, each 5c	Steak Salmon, large can 11c	35c Lobsters, can 22c
Salt Fish Threads, pkg. 4c	Mellow Red Salmon, can 11c	Best Red Salmon, can 14c
Tile Fish, lb.....15c	Sword Fish, lb...17c	Pickerel, lb. 15c

SARDINES IN OIL— 5c CANS— Each..... **3c**

ALASKA PINK **SALMON** 10c NEW TALL CANS 2 For..... **15c**

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GREAT BRITAIN'S POLICY

SEC. LANSING RECEIVED OUTLINE OF ANSWER TO PROTEST AGAINST TAMPERING WITH MAIL

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Secretary Lansing said today that Ambassador Page at London had cabled an outline of Great Britain's reply to the American protest against interferences with mails which is coming by post, but he declined to say what the outline indicated. Nothing would be done, he said, until the note itself had been received.

A pair of silk tights worn by Julia Marlowe when she played Rosalind brought only $1 at auction recently.

WHO CAN DOUBT SWORN TESTIMONY OF HONEST CITIZENS?

SEVERE KIDNEY TROUBLES YIELD TO POPULAR REMEDY

For nearly nine years I was a great sufferer from what my doctor said was Kidney trouble and my blood was out of order; enduring all that time excruciating pain in my back and across my bowels. I was drawn down so that I could only walk with my hands on my knees. My doctor said he could do nothing for me. I tried many kinds of medicine but all to no avail. A friend told me about Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and as I had tried everything else that I heard of, I bought a bottle of Swamp-Root, and it did wonders for me. I prize it higher than any other medicine and I shall recommend it to my friends. I wish to add right here that after using Swamp-Root for two months I began to straighten up and am now sound and well, and feel like I might live a long time yet to tell what your medicine has done for me.

Yours very truly,
T. C. CLAY.
750 Sugar St. Marion, Ohio.

State of Ohio
Marion County

Personally appeared before me this 19th day of December, A.D., 1914. T. C. Clay, who subscribed to the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

CHARLES W. HABERMAN,
Notary Public,
Marion Co., Ohio.

Some time ago I was taken with Kidney trouble which caused me to give up my work as blacksmith. I lost my appetite and could not sleep, from the dreadful pains that would come over me, from my kidneys. I was treated by a physician for about three months. He could not help me so finally he prescribed Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. I started taking same and before I had finished taking the first bottle I began to eat and sleep better than I had in a long time. I continued to take same until I was entirely cured and took on considerable weight.

I am now back working at my trade again and never felt better in my life. I appreciate what Swamp-Root has done for me and will recommend it to anyone who suffers with their kidneys. When physicians fail to give relief and then prescribe Swamp-Root, they sure know of its merits. I am

Very truly yours,
S. A. HALE.
Henrietta, N. Y.

State of New York
County of Monroe, ss.

S. A. Hale, of Henrietta, N. Y., being duly sworn deposes and says that he is the person who wrote the foregoing testimonial letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., and knows the facts stated therein to be true.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of July, 1909.

MORRIS T. GRIFFIN,
Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention The Lowell Sun. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

The Hanks Fire Extinguisher

THAT MAGIC PINK POWDER

We will forfeit $1000 for any fire confined in a single room that we cannot extinguish in ten seconds with the "HANKS."

An exploded kerosene lamp is not at all dangerous with the "HANKS" at hand.

It will extinguish a gasoline fire in less time than it takes to tell it.

It is used successfully by the Lowell Fire Department.

WILLIAM F. CAWLEY

LOCAL AGENT 81 ROGERS ST. TELEPHONE 1000-W

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JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

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GALLANT FRENCH DEFENSE

Although the ultimate fate of Verdun is not yet decided, too much cannot be said for the bravery shown by the French troops who put up such a wonderful defense against an attack that was wholly unexpected at this time. For months the Germans had prepared their attack and laid up enormous supplies of ammunition. The bravest and best troops in the German army were massed in close formation and at the opportune time a gigantic attack was launched, accompanied with an artillery attack unprecedented in its weight and determination. In no battle of the war was there such a disregard for sacrifices in human life and the impression has gone abroad that the Germans were urged by the kaiser himself to take Verdun regardless of what it might cost. That the attacking troops fought gallantly is admitted, but they were met by an army fully as brave, and it now looks as though Verdun is saved. Had the Germans succeeded in their first attack, Paris and London would not have felt jubilant, for the attack on Verdun was but preliminary to a larger plan.

The French were apparently caught unawares in the first phases of the Verdun battle, but they soon made up for lost time. Their mode of defense was to rain shells on any portion of the German line that showed undue activity and thus the attacking forces were mown down wave after wave in horrible slaughter. Thus the Germans paid a terrible price for the ground gained and were finally halted without having taken any important position or any of the active forts. Thus they have been driven back and as a result they are starting a new offensive several miles further to the southeast. Realizing the moral loss of defeat at this time, the Germans will probably renew the attack in all its ferocity at a later date, but the French will then be better prepared, and Paris as well as London hopes that the flag of the allies will float over Verdun until the war is over.

Not in this instance alone but in all the battles of the war have the French fought gallantly. France is like a bent bow, always ready for action, and it has borne the greatest brunt of the war with the central powers, so far as fighting on land is concerned. If the English had done a proportionate share on the western front, the war would have been over in favor of the allies long before this. Her main reliance, of course, is on her sea power and in that she is still triumphant despite Germany's violation of all law by the use of the torch, the bomb and the submarine.

REVISING BUILDING CODE

Fall River is having an experience which all cities have at some time or other. There, the authorities and the public had lived in a false sense of security and though public attention was called to serious defects in the building ordinances and in the fire department, the difficulty of enforcing more rigorous laws and the prospect of costly improvements proved prohibitive, and nothing was done. Then came the recent fire which destroyed an entire block in the heart of the business district and proved to Fall River and all other cities the folly of being unprepared for such an emergency.

There is no need in Fall River now to argue for more stringent building regulations or for more adequate fire equipment. The fire has proved the strongest of all arguments and the people are willing to spend sufficient to ensure reasonable protection for the future. The following, from the Fall River Globe, will prove of general interest to this city:

It is encouraging to note that the aldermanic committee on ordinances is contemplating taking up the matter of overhauling and strengthening our lamentably defective and somewhat archaic building ordinances. That is something that should have been done long ago. The recent disastrous fire has, however, served to direct public attention to this matter and to revive the agitation for a revision of the code and a reform in the abuses and evasions of it that have been tolerated in the past on the part of property owners and contractors.

Now that the rebuilding of the burned district is soon to commence the opportunity for framing a new set of ordinance that will be more in accord with present day ideas in respect to such matters as improved construction, fire prevention and public safety, should not be neglected. Indeed, it is almost imperative that action in that direction should be taken if the city is to be properly safeguarded against possible dire calamity. Our present building laws are not only admittedly unscientific and inadequate but there has been in many instances notorious laxity in their enforcement.

While it is gratifying to see a sister city show signs of waking up to present day conditions, we should take the lesson home to ourselves and adopt the recommendations of the National Board of Fire Underwriters before a misfortune similar to that of Fall River overtakes us. Adequate fire prevention and fire protection is worth all that it costs, and every city must have it or be prepared to pay for its neglect sooner or later. We do not need a fire here to prove to us the importance of enforcing the building regulations, increasing the fire fighting equipment and providing for more satisfactory water pressure in all sections of the city.

BRANCHING OUT

The future of our growth as well as that of the surrounding towns depends upon annexation. Some of the largest private corporations have developed from small beginnings but they were always ready to branch out when they saw the opportunity. From one small building they progressed and extended until they comprise a small town in area and in the number of their workers. The same is true of all business in which it is seen that the great department store may grow from the ten-footer and the newspaper may develop from the hand bill.

What is true of private business is true of the community. Cities too must be ready to branch out whenever it is necessary and whenever they see a good opportunity for expansion. Lowell once was a town, made up of a few residences grouped around two or three mills, but it branched out consistently until it is one of the greatest and busiest cities in the country. It cannot now decide to restrict its natural growth without suffering stagnation and remaining behind while other cities forge ahead in population, in opportunity, in general prosperity.

In no way can cities branch out better than by sensible annexation, and Lowell must either become a congested and unprogressive city or else take on new territory. We have built out to our limits in all directions where growth is desirable, and if we are to continue to grow we must add new territory to our municipal area. We are confronted with two alternatives, each of which is worthy of the most serious consideration. These are the annexation of Dracut and the annexation of North Chelmsford. There is a growing sentiment in both towns in favor of annexation with Lowell, and if our people realized what is at stake, the demand for immediate annexation would be so strong that it could not be resisted. Lowell must either branch out into Dracut or North Chelmsford or remain stationary while cities of far less importance add to their area, their population and their prestige.

No thinking man denies that sooner or later Lowell will be forced to look for elbow room. Why not now, before we have fallen so far behind that we cannot regain what we have lost through civic indifference?

EXPRESS COMPANIES GAIN

Though the larger express companies of the country, when opposing the introduction of the parcel post, frankly declared that the federal system might ruin them, such is not proving the case. At first there was a reaction in favor of the parcel post but, contradictory as it may seem, the express companies have come back stronger than ever. The parcel post is a great boon to the people, not yet fully availed of, but it has served as an impetus to the express companies which operate in a sphere that the parcel post does not affect.

The official reports of the leading express companies for the latter part of 1915 prove that there has been a great revival in the express business. The latest reports available show that net earnings of the Adams Express company increased 161 per cent; those of the American company about 100 per cent, and those of the Wells Fargo 74 per cent. The increased traffic due to war may be responsible in part for this prosperity, but it is grounded on a condition that promises to be permanent.

The supporters of the government system as contrasted with the private systems may take comfort in the fact that while the express companies have gained in the volume of their business, so has the parcel post. Thus, one branch has not thrived on business drawn from the other, and there is nothing to show that the federal service will ever put the private companies out of business. Government competition has made the private companies more solicitous for good service and more efficient, and what threatened to become a detriment has in reality become a positive aid.

Those who argue against federal ownership may find a ready argument in the growth of the express companies after the introduction of the parcel post, but it will have to be admitted by all parties that in many departments the government has not been able to compete satisfactorily with private enterprise.

PRESIDENT'S TRUMP CARD

In his dealing with congress, President Wilson has held his trump card until he could play it most effectively. He now boldly challenges his opponents to come out in the open by voting on the resolution warning Americans to keep off armed liners. If this is done—and it might to be done without delay—congress will have to answer to the American people, and it is very improbable that the threatened opposition to the chief executive will materialize.

In his letter to acting Chairman Pou of the house rules committee, President Wilson pointed out that the recent action of a clique in congress created the impression abroad that the president cannot depend on the legislative body. Knowing this, can congress dare to take the responsibility of weakening their president and destroying his effectiveness? It is almost incredible that any responsible group in Washington would play deliberately into the hands of a foreign government, and the people confidently await the result of President Wilson's timely challenge.

Whatever the result—and there is no cause for alarm—President Wilson deserves nation-wide commendation for his courageous stand for principle. Instead of pulling wires and striving to influence votes in the way of the politician he shows his sincerity in a manner that the American people cannot but admire. Now for the vote in house and senate, and may it show America and the world that our president still speaks and acts for a united people!

A Card

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25c bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

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SEEN AND HEARD

It is surprising how many heroes there are in the world—to hear them tell it.

A man cannot understand that a woman who would go to Lawrence to live for love of him is capable of leaving him because he uses a toothpick or clears his throat.

They Sound Alike

Recently a young girl appeared at the office of the Y.M.C.A. and said in broken English what sounded to the clerk like "I want to see my cousin."

"What it his nam?" queried the clerk.

All that the girl would answer was "I want to see 'my cousin.'"

Finally she was given pencil and paper and after several of the assistants had been called it was learned the girl wished to see a member named Mike Husson.

Why Should He Hurry?

The visitor to a county farm was being shown round the premises by his host. They inspected the hennery, the piggery, the cowery, the horsery, and all the other "eries," and the city man was very interested.

Presently, as they walked along the side of a field, he touched his companion on the arm.

"There!" he exclaimed quickly. "Is that a scarecrow?"

"Where?" asked the farmer.

"That shabby thing in the middle of the field. It must be a scarecrow. It hasn't moved all the time. I've been watching."

"That's no scarecrow," replied the farmer sadly. "That's a man I've got working by the day."

Cure For Grouch

Writes the "Man About Town," in the Beverly Times, "Every morning when I arrive at my desk, I marvel at the happy smile worn by one of my fellow workers. I am inclined to be grouchy myself at times, and I asked her how she could always seem so happy.

"It's contagious," was the reply. "Every morning, I pass a certain house. At one of the windows is seated a shut-in. She seldom is able to be out doors even on the porch.

"But every morning she bows and smiles. She never looks grouchy. Sometimes I feel grouchy when I leave home, but her bow and smile chase the grouch away.

"If a shut-in can smile every morning, I think every one should be able to do so. That's why I smile."

Local Government

First councillor—"Here's a fine looking street!"

Second Ditto—"You're right! What's the best thing to do with it?"

"Let's have it dug up to lay a drain."

"But wouldn't it be proper to pave it first?"

"Of course; I thought you would understand that! Then, after it is paved and a drain put in, we'll have it repaved."

"All in readiness to be dug up again for laying the gas pipe? I see you understand the principles of municipal economy. And after we have had it paved for the second time, then what?"

"Well, then it will be ready for widening!"

Hannah Binding Shoes

This poem was written by Lucy Larcom, who, in her early life, worked in the mills of this city. She was a frequent contributor to the "Lowell Offering" and the "Operatives" Magazine. Afterwards she taught in the public schools, and from 1865 to 1874 she was editor of "Our Young Folks." Her principal works are "Ships in the Midst," "Poems," "Childhood Songs," and "Wild Roses of Cape Ann." Lucy Larcom was born at Beverly Farms, Mass., in 1826, and died April 17, 1893.

Poor lone Hannah,
Sitting at the window, binding shoes;
Faded, wrinkled,
Sitting, stitching, in a mournful muse.
Bright-eyed beauty once was she,
When the bloom was on the tree;
Spring and winter,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

Not a neighbor,
Passing nod or answer will refuse,
To her whisper,
"Is there from the fishers any news?"
Oh, her heart's adrift, with one
On an endless voyage gone!
Night and morning,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

Fair young Hannah,
Ben, the sunburnt fisher, gayly woos;
Hale and clever,
For a willing heart and hand he sues,
May-day skies are all aglow,
And the waves are laughing so!
For her wedding
Hannah leaves her window and her shoes.

May is passing;
'Mid the apple boughs a pigeon coos.
Hannah shudders,
For the mild southwester mischief brews.
Round the rocks of Marblehead,
Outward bound, a schooner sped;
Silent, lonesome,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

'Tis November,
Now no tear her wasted cheek bedews,
From Newfoundland
Not a sail returning will she lose.
Whispering hoarsely, "Fishermen,
Have you, have you heard of Ben?"
Old with watching,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

Twenty winters
Bleach and tear the ragged shore she views,
Twenty seasons:—
Never one has brought her any news.
Still her dim eyes silently
Chase the white sails o'er the sea;
Hopeless, faithful,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

"Personally Conducted" Economy Trips to California

If you can go to California in a comfortable through sleeping car, by the most interesting scenic route, at a great saving in expense, and in charge of a Special Conductor, paid to look after details and explain the points of interest; then why spend a lot of money on costly "Limited" train service? You can go on a Burlington Route "Personally Conducted" Party. That way is not only much more economical, but much more interesting as well. Through Colorado at no extra cost.

You will be interested in learning the expense of this trip is well within your reach. Just call or write and I will gladly explain all the details.

Alex Stocks, New England Passenger Agent, C.B. & Q.R.R., 261 Washington st., Boston.

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IN ANY CONDITION—FULL OR BROKEN SETS.

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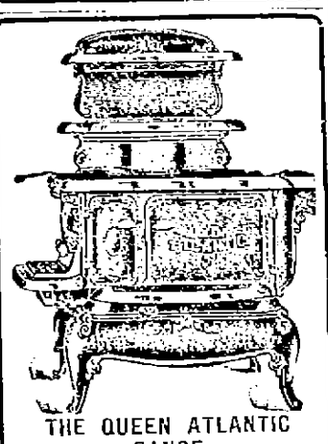

THE QUEEN ATLANTIC RANGE

Has hundreds of friends in Lowell who have used all makes of ranges and all of them will tell you that the queen is best. We also carry a first class line of second-hand Heaters and Ranges. We make a specialty of second-hand furniture, also a full line of kitchenware and new furniture to select from.

O. F. PRENTISS

TWO STORES, 350 Bridge St. and 37 West Third St.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

"Outcast," that wonderful drama which is the offering of the Emerson players at the Opera house all the week has broken all records for capacity audiences. The play has certainly made a remarkable hit and the demand for seats for the remaining performances indicates that many hundreds will be turned away and unable to secure reservations. Reservations can be made by phoning 261 and patrons should do so early to avoid disappointment.

"Outcast" tells a remarkable and brilliant story. It deals with Geoffrey Sherwood, a young Englishman who has been jilted by a young woman in his own set, who, breaking the engagement, elected to marry a prosaic yet wealthy baronet. Sherwood becomes disconsolate, moody and addicted to stimulants. At this period he meets quite unexpectedly, Miriam, a woman of unusual type, who has known all life's vicissitudes. Between these two characters in social station there is much in common. The play deals with their redemption.

Miss Ann O'Day as Miriam, the character originated by Elsie Ferguson is seen at her best while Herbert Heyes as Geoffrey Sherwood, offers a smooth and finished portrayal of the character. Joseph Crehan, Gilberta Faust, Walter von Boekman, Edward Nannery, Erina Erwin, Eunice Elliott and other members of the company portray their various characters finely. It is the best cast play in years and the characters offer the players splendid opportunities to appear in characters which are entirely different from everything that they have previously played.

The settings in "Outcast" are indeed splendid.

Next week, starting with a special bon bon matinee on Monday, The Emerson players will present "Nearly Married" that great giggling, healthy farce by Edgar Selwyn, author of "Rolling Stones" which is now running at the Park Square theatre in Boston. "Nearly Married" is the funniest farce in the world and its stock release was secured at a high royalty and by special arrangement with the American Play company and Mr. Selwyn himself.

It is a play of laughter from start to finish and is sure to make a wonderful hit with the theatre patrons of this city and the surrounding towns. Last season it had a brilliant run at the Park Square theatre in Boston with Richard Bennet in the leading role. It is healthier in laughter than "A Pair of Sixes" or "Over Night."

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

Mlle. Ameta in her suite of dances at the B. F. Keith theatre, this week is scoring a pronounced hit. The dancer not only pleases by her attractive personality, but through the wonderful blending of colors which are thrown on her during the dances. At times the tints are opalescent, at others they assume the ravishing hues of growing flowers. At others the color of flames is perfectly imitated. Her opening number is the Parisian dance, which is characteristic. It is followed by the Butterfly number, the Dance of the Flames, and finally the Dance of the Flou de Lys. In "The Wrong Guy," which is played by Edel May Hall & Co., a bundle of situations furnishes the amusement. A wife is pursued by admirers. A plumber comes to the home by mistake, and is hired as a protector. He agrees to take the job, and pounces upon the first man who puts in an appearance. The wife is greatly pleased with his work, until she learns that the first victim of the protector is her husband. It all makes a good farce, and it is played with commendable speed. Willie Dunlay and Bessie Merrill mix up all sorts of funny talk and create laughter with it. Dunlay is resourceful, and Miss Merrill is the champion long-distance laughing artiste. The result is a series of unusual happenings. "A Raw Recruit," in which Will Halliday and Joe Fields appear, is a comedy based upon soldier life. Fields makes the most of the fun. The Six Kirksmith Sisters offer a straight musical act, one in which strings and brass instruments play a good part. The girls are good to look upon, and they play well. One of the sextet conducts the entire orchestra and her sister players in the final number of their program. Quinn & Lafferty have a speedy little potpourri of singing, dancing and talking, and Wilbert Raymond is without doubt one of the best hoop-rollers in vaudeville. The Selig-Tribune pictures show many new motion views taken in various parts of the world. Good seats for the remaining performances of the week may be secured at the box office. 'Phone 25.

HERE

are prices not out of reach—FINE SUITS and OVERCOATS—from lots that sold for $20, $18 and $15, all

$12.50

There are Spring Suits and Winter Suits, fancy box Overcoats for winter and a few conservative Spring Overcoats in black and oxford—both suits and overcoats are uncommonly good values.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

An entirely new list of pictures has been arranged to be shown at the continuous performances at the Merrimack Square theatre today, Friday and Saturday. Several notable stars will be seen at this theatre during these next three days. Among them is the ever popular Marguerite Clark who today makes her first appearance in this city in her latest role in the five act Paramount feature, "Out of the Drifts." "Out of the Drifts" is an Alpine story, interesting in its theme and attractive in its production. Only the best have been chosen for roles in this delightful play. Besides this picture Alice Brady of motion picture fame will portray the leading role of the other five act feature "The Rack." This is a tale of how a woman's indiscretions lead her into the danger of a legal death and how she escaped. Several other pictures which are bound to please will also be shown.

Next Monday afternoon and evening Neil O'Brien and his minstrels will entertain at the Merrimack Square theatre.

Mr. O'Brien has been notably successful ever since he became a star four years ago; and during that time he has given to the stage some very elaborate and classy productions of minstrelsy. His new offering is promised as being quite the equal, if not superior, to his earlier efforts. This year's company has been considerably augmented and includes the following minstrel favorites; Eddie Ross, Eddie Mazier, Lasses White, Pete Detzel, Major Nowak, David Morris, James Barardi, Leslie Berry, Windiehl Williams, George F. Peduzzi, Jonathan Haw, Don and Al Palmer.

OWL THEATRE

William Farnum, the highest salaried star in the moving picture world will again be seen at the Owl theatre today in the gripping five part Fox production, "A Soldier's Oath." Dealing with the tragedy of a young soldier's life, this film is bound to hold the audience from start to finish. Many other photoplays will also be presented at the Owl theatre today and tomorrow.

THEATRE VOYONS

For the last half of the week the Theatre Voyons has booked one of those old time thrilling shows. Instead of sitting down and watching a five reel picture for the thrill which they always put in the last reel, we have five pictures with a thrill and a corking good story in each. The first feature in three parts is a remarkable detective story showing the Jekyll and Hyde personality of one Stephen Eldridge. The second feature is one of those stories of early frontier life featuring that sterling actor, Francis Ford and the best band of Redskins ever seen in the movies. There are two more western dramas; then a submarine comedy by the king of comedians, Ham. Don't miss this show.

CITOYENS AMERICAINS

Seventeen new members were admitted and six applications for membership received at last evening's meeting of Club Citoyens Americain held with President Maxime Lepine in the chair. A committee on naturalization, consisting of the following, was appointed: George D. Pelletier, Ferdinand Rousseau, Maxime Lepine, Herve Talbeault and Narcisse Foucher.

ROYAL FAMILY'S PART IN WAR

LONDON, March 2.—Almost half of the domestic staff of Buckingham palace has been released for duty at the front, and the life of the royal family brought down to a simplicity in keeping with times of war. The king still allows no wine at the table, and the meals served are plain and simple as an example in self-denial to the people. Queen Mary, on her part, takes great care to prevent waste. One of the court institutions she has reduced in cost is the royal orchestra. The queen also insists on strict economy in the management of the wartime charities over which she presides. Too often, in peace time, these charities are really extravagant, fashionable fetes in the name of charity. But they are now run on a simple business-like plan. Other members of the royal family follow the example of the heads of their house. Princess Christian, for example, has no longer a grandiose flunkey at her door, but a parlor maid in a dark blue uniform.

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Durable
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Fire Resisting

We carry a full line of Genasco Roofing products. Call and investigate.

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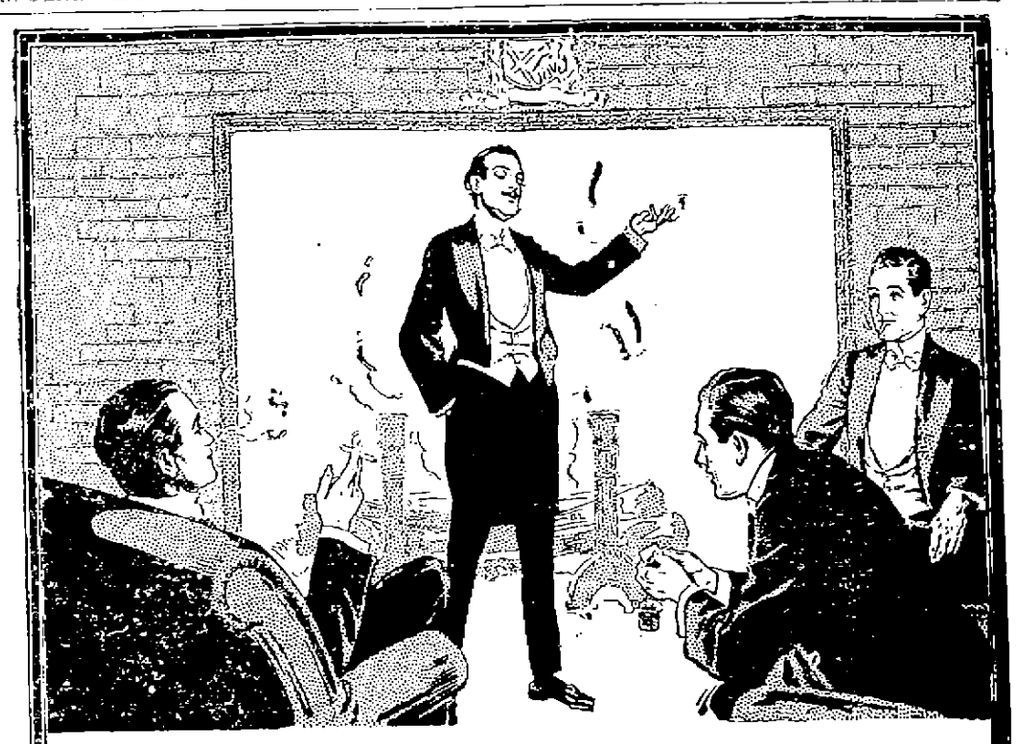


The Brisk Smoke—"Bull" Durham

When you see an alert-looking young man in a lively argument roll a "Bull" Durham cigarette—it's the natural thing. He likes to punctuate a crisp sentence with a puff of "Bull". His mind responds to the freshness that's in the taste of "Bull". His senses are quickened by the unique aroma of "Bull". A cigarette of "Bull" Durham just fits in with keen thinking and forceful action.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

You get more wholesome, lasting satisfaction out of "Bull" Durham than from any other tobacco ever rolled up into a cigarette!

Made of "bright" Virginia-North Carolina leaf, "Bull" Durham is rich, fragrant, mellow-sweet—the mildest, most enjoyable of smokes.

"Roll your own" with "Bull" and join the army of smokers who have found that so good a cigarette cannot be obtained in any other way.

Ask for FREE package of "papers" with each 5c sack

FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U.S. on request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N.C.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

PRO-GERMAN IRISHMEN

N. Y. Societies Rap "Long Distance Patriots" — Call Anti-British Meeting "Attack on Neutrality"

NEW YORK, March 2.—Denouncing as "a violent attack on American neutrality" a proposed anti-British demonstration of pro-German Irishmen to be held here March 4 and 5, the executive committee of the American Irish societies, which include the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the United Irish League of America, yesterday adopted resolutions for the purpose of "setting the race right with the people of the United States."

The resolutions assert that the Irish in Ireland are better judges of their rights, policies and duties than any number of professional Irishmen in America, or descendants of exiled Irishmen in America, whose sole idea on the Irish question is the legacy of hate inherited from the days of oppression and who are ignorant of, or shut their minds to, the happy change that has come over the Green Island since the rule of democracy has been substituted for that of feudalism.

"The Irishmen in Ireland are not contract breakers," the resolutions continue. "Now that home rule is granted them they are keeping their part of the contract. They have sent 142,000 of their sons voluntarily to the front and are adding to that force at the rate of 1000 a week.

"The Irish in Ireland will not soon forget the fate of Belgium, nor the centuries old love of Ireland for France, even if some of our long-distance Irish patriots on this side of the Atlantic choose to ignore them."

Addresses rebuking the alleged attempt of the "extremists" to make the public believe that all the Irish in America are "opposing President Wilson's earnest efforts to preserve American neutrality" were made by Patrick Eagan, former minister to Chile, and Gen. John Hanlon, national president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, Board of Erin.

Thirty-six Irish societies of New York were represented.

GIRL SAVES HER MOTHER

FITCHBURG DAUGHTER GIVES A PINT OF BLOOD BY TRANSFUSION —MOTHER RALLIED

FITCHBURG, March 2.—Edith W. Terrell's sacrifice of a pint of blood by transfusion saved her mother's life here yesterday. The mother, Mrs. Elwin W. Terrell of 131 Lunenberg street, was dying at the Burbank hospital, where she had been for more than a month. Immediately after the operation Mrs. Terrell rallied.

Chester, Eng., has women lamplighters.

It Is The Best

Read it today—The Boston Daily Globe. Morning Globe, two cents; Evening Globe, one cent. Read the Boston Daily Globe.

Bud Fisher — The Globe has the New England rights to Bud Fisher's great comic, Mutt and Jeff. See them in the Daily Globe.

We will vacate our store and this is the time for bargains. Only twenty more days to do business. We have nothing but bargains at

DEVINE'S

Merrimack Street Trunk Store

LECTURE ON BIRD LIFE

EDWARD H. FORBUSH DELIGHTED LARGE AUDIENCE BY ILLUSTRATED TALK AT PEOPLE'S CLUB

The lecture at the People's club last evening was on "Birds of Massachusetts," the lecturer being Edward H. Forbush, state ornithologist. Members of the Lowell Fish and Game association were in attendance and the large audicence enjoyed the exposition of our bird life and the splendid slides with which the talk was illustrated.

Mr. Forbush said that in this state there are not more than half a dozen species of birds which are injurious to crops or to other birds. Most birds have a place in the economic order, their mission being to kill injurious insects and other pests. The night hawk, which is not a hawk in reality, preys on mosquitoes and in the stomach of one 50 of the pests were found, the result of one night's hunt.

Crows also are the friend of the farmer, though most farmers think otherwise. In 1749 there was a bounty for every crow's head produced and as a result none were left in this section The next year it became necessary to send to England and Pennsylvania for hay. Mr. Forbush pleaded for the life of the crows, excepting the occassional one which hangs around the corn field. The rough-leg hawk eats field mice, which if unchecked increase with great rapidity The great-horned owl also prowls at night and destroys injurious insect pests. As an illustration of the good they do he said that a young robbin will eat about 14 feet of caterpillars in a single day. The common herons eat the army worm, grasshoppers and frogs and gulls are scavengers along the waterways.

As a proof of the extermination of our birds, Mr. Forbush said that once the wild pigeon was the commonest wild bird in the world: now it is wholly extinct. In some places its nests were found in spaces of 40 miles in length, one of the largest nesting places being between Lowell and the New Hampshire line. The last bird of the species died in Cincinnati, Ohio, last year. When the wild pigeon was being slaughtered one town in Michigan sent 13,000,000 of the birds to market in a year.

Curlews and plovers will soon become extinct, he said, unless protective measures are adopted. Spring shooting is largely responsible. The parent birds are often killed at a time when the eggs are being hatched, with disastrous results to the bird family. Wild geese are practically gone the way of the pigeons.

In recent years protected colonies of birds have been plantd along the coast of the country and this is saving some of the species. The snowy heron and the white egret were being killed off by the plume hunters and feeders of fashion. The female birds were taken and the gathering of the egrets killed them and left their young to starve. Sometimes the mother birds were driven into cisterns and starved so that the feathers would be right for the market.

In conclusion he urged all to become protectors of the birds by providing food in winter and shelters that would keep away the cat. He knew of a cat that killed 68 in one year. He showed many slides of birds and bird life, including some lovely pictures of nests taken near his home at Wareham.

The QUALITY as the Name is BEST

PILLSBURY'S BEST

FLOUR

UNIFORM

For Bread or Biscuit

S. K. DEXTER CO.

DISTRIBUTORS

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR TOPSHAM CREAMERY BUTTER

WE SELL SO SOCONY NEW YORK KEROSENE OIL REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK

STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

Buy Your Kerosene Where You See This Sign

SAFEST and BEST

IT is the Socony sign—displayed by all dealers who sell genuine Socony (So-CO-ny) Kerosene Oil.

A good product is worth giving a name to. Accordingly, we have given the trademarked name Socony to our best grade of kerosene oil. Ask for Socony and you are sure of getting the best.

Every gallon of Socony Kerosene conforms to certain fixed standards of quality. And quality is just as important in kerosene as it is in any of the other things you buy from your grocer—sugar, or flour or butter.

Socony Kerosene is free from dirt or other impurities, burns with a clear full flame, and does not make wick crust. It is so much better than ordinary kerosene that it is decidedly worth asking for

Say "Socony" to the grocer's boy when he comes to take your oil can. Look for the Socony sign in the window of the grocery, hardware or general store where you buy your kerosene

It is a quality sign and one of the easiest ways to recognize a reliable dealer.

We recommend the following oil burning devices as the best of their kind: *New Perfection* Oil Cookstoves and Water Heaters, *Perfection* Smokeless Oil Heaters *Rayo* Lamps and Lanterns

Standard Oil Company of New York

NEW YORK—BUFFALO Principal Offices ALBANY—BOSTON

FAVORS BURNETT BILL

Appeal to Keep Out Mental Defectives— What the Dyestuffs Situation Means in Money

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—Dr. C. P. Bancroft, superintendent of the New Hampshire state hospital for the insane, has this week written Senator Gallinger urging the passage of the Burnett immigration bill. Dr. Bancroft states he is convinced that immigration should be regulated after the European war, and that his experience as superintendent of the state hospital convinces him that a bill excluding physical and mental defectives should be passed by congress. Dr. Bancroft states that many such defectives have come under his care who ought never to have been admitted to this country.

The Dyestuff Situation

The Washington Post in a leading editorial yesterday said:

"It is a serious situation that Representative Hill, of Connecticut, has brought to the attention of the house in a speech on the famine of dyestuffs. It was not merely a partisan appeal for the restoration of protection that was made by Mr. Hill. It was a patriotic appeal for a remedy for a situation that does not harmonize well with the dignity of the nation.

"It is hardly consistent with national dignity that this country should be forced to beg Germany for dyestuffs with which to print treasury bills and then be compelled to get the consent of England to bring the dyestuffs here in a neutral ship from a neutral port. Congress has already been notified that the color for the uniform of our soldiers and sailors must soon be changed unless some relief from the dyestuff famine is speedily obtained.

"If the war continues much longer and the chemical plants on the Rhine should by any chance be destroyed, the time might come when this nation actually might be compelled to change the color of the national flag.

"The bureau of foreign and domestic commerce has stated that more than 2,000,000 working people are occupied in industries which are directly dependent upon the use of artificial colors and that the value of the product is between $3,000,000,000 and $4,000,000,000 annually.

Four months ago the chief of the bureau in an address in New York declared that the total loss, direct and indirect, now being borne by American users of dyestuffs and dyed wares amounts to not less than $1,000,000 a day or nearly $400,000,000 a year.

"Conditions are growing worse instead of better. It is idle to say that a dyestuff industry is already getting upon its feet in the United States. Textile manufacturers assert that the dyes now being furnished in America are of wholly inferior character. The present dyestuff industry is merely a makeshift. The capital necessary to make it a strong and flourishing industry, with the best chemical processes available, will not be supplied until there is a protective tariff that will give assurances that the new industry will not be driven to the wall by an influx of dyestuffs from Germany at the close of the war."

RICHARDS.

A Woman Going to California Alone or With Children

Every woman, I don't care how competent and independent she is, feels a little more at ease, when traveling alone, or with children, if she can rely on a responsible official, paid to look after her comfort and convenience.

That's a special feature of our "Personally Conducted" Parties to California.

Join one. It's the best way to travel, especially for women, if comfort, interest, safety and very moderate cost are to be taken into account.

The cost of it all is surprisingly low.

If you will write, or drop in at the office, and see me, I will be glad to explain every detail of the famous "Personally Conducted Parties.

Alex Stocks, New England Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., 261 Washington st., Boston.

RETAIL JEWELERS MET

ACTION WAS TAKEN LAST NIGHT AGAINST THE ITINERANT AUCTION OF JEWELRY

About 15 members attended the regular meeting of the Lowell Retail Jewelers association held last evening in the Harrisonia hotel in Central st. Following dinner, Chairman Frank Ricard called to order. A letter of regret was received from Mayor O'Donnell. The auction ordinance committee was authorized to draw up an order restricting the sale of jewelry by auction and present it to the municipal council. Chairman Frank Ricard told of the recent meeting of the Worcester Retail Jewelers association. The meeting endorsed the so-called Stevens bill to be presented in congress relative to the prevention of fraudulent advertising and price cutting, and appointed Frank Ricard and C. A. Senter to speak in behalf of this measure when called upon to do so at any time. The meeting also recommended that all graduating classes from the high or grammar schools obtain class pins and rings through local jewelers

LOWELL'S FAMOUS ARTIST

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS BY JOHN I. COGGESHALL AT HIS STUDIO IN SHATTUCK BUILDING

An exhibition of paintings by Lowell's famous artist, John I. Coggeshall, was opened at his studio in the Shattuck building at 18 Shattuck street last night, and attracted a number of art lovers. Most prominent in the collection are two paintings which were executed for the Federation of Women's Clubs of Martinsville, Ind. There are also between fifty and sixty other paintings.

The two pictures for the western club measure four by six feet, one of them being entitled "In School Days." This depicts the famous schoolhouse in Whittier's poem and was completed only after Mr. Coggeshall had made several visits to the former site of the little building near Whittier's birthplace. Three years were devoted to gathering the local color and the painting of the canvas which Mr. Coggeshall considers his masterpiece. The other picture to go west is one of the same size with a large beech wood as the subject. Both will be gifts of the Martinsville Women's Federation to the town, one to be hung in the new high school and the other in one of the sanitariums.

The paintings on exhibition at the Shattuck street studio comprise nearly half a hundred other canvases by Mr. Coggeshall and represent much of his life work. Many of the pictures are marine scenes, the products of his studio at Gloucester. Others are landscapes, and views of Venice, Morocco and other foreign places. The exhibition is opened to the public, commencing Saturday, on Saturday and Wednesday afternoons and evenings.

Mr. Coggeshall himself is leaving Lowell for a trip to Tennessee where he has been commissioned to do some illustrative work.

PINKLETS are excellent dinner pills. One after overeating aids digestion and prevents congestion.

Twenty-five cents at your druggist's or direct by mail on receipt of price. Write for free booklet, "Constipation, Its Causes and Treatment." Address: Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

PINKLETS

To Mother the Incubator Chicks

We have the following makes of Brooders on display for your inspection.

THE STANDARD CYPHERS BROODERS—Self regulating self ventilating and insulated.

THE "IRON HEN"—The Mackay Colony Brooder. The original coal burning brooder. It has passed the severest tests in practical use.

THE STANDARD COLONY BROODER—Will care for from 100 to 1500 chicks. Costs less than six cents a day to operate.

BARTLETT & DOW, 216 Central Street

NEW USE FOR BABY CARRIAGE

LONDON, March 2.—The baby carriage has been put to a new use in some of the east coast towns. The lighting regulations make it a misdemeanor to use a flash lamp in the streets during these nights of precaution against Zeppelin attacks, but at the same time the law insists that a perambulator must carry a lamp. Some ingenious individuals have hit upon the idea of pushing baby carriages around at night to light their way, and still keep within the law.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Office of the License Commission,
Lowell, Mass., March 2, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that applications for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors under the provisions of Chapter 100, revised laws, for the license year beginning May 1, 1916, and ending April 30, 1917, should be made at this office, not later than 12 o'clock, noon hour, Thursday, March 16, 1916.

Blank forms can be secured at this office and the applications must be accompanied by a fee of $3.00 for each license.

The following license fees will be charged:

Innholder—First class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises—$1300.

Common victualler—First class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises—$1300.

Dealer—Fourth class. To sell liquors of any kind not be drunk on the premises—$1200.

Brewer—Fifth class. To sell malt liquors, cider and light wines containing not more than 15 per cent. of alcohol, not to be drunk on the premises—$2000.

Druggist—Sixth class—$1.00.

Dealers in paints or in chemicals—Seventh class. To sell pure alcohol—$1.00.

Clubs—Special class—$300.

The holder of a first-class license as innholder will not be granted an additional license of the fourth class.

Certificates from the building inspector of the state police, showing that the buildings to be licensed comply with the state laws, must be presented with the application for an innholder's license and special class club licenses. Certificates from the State Board of Pharmacy must accompany each application for a sixth-class license as druggist.

Applications for sixth and seventh-class licenses may be filed up to Saturday, 12 o'clock noon, March 25, 1916.

Applicants are notified that the premises to be licensed as hotels and common victuallers must be furnished and equipped in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 102, revised laws, at the time applications are made; and offices, screens, pictures, boxes and all other obstructions of every character must be removed so that a clear and unobstructed view of the bar and interior of the premises can be obtained from the street, except as provided in Chapter 104, acts of 1906.

The office of the license commission is open daily from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m., and on Saturdays from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and all inquiries for information should be made there.

Rules adopted by the license commission of the city of Lowell for the granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors for the license year 1916-1917.

The attention of all persons interested in the granting of liquor licenses is called to the following requirements:

HOW TO APPLY

On application to the clerk of the commission at our office, blanks will be furnished to those desiring to make application for licenses.

The application must state clearly the location of the building for which the license is desired, naming all entrances, regular or bulkhead, and must also state the number of rooms on each floor to be used for the sale, use or storage of liquors. It must be signed with the full names of each applicant and must state the interest of each applicant in the license, whether financial or otherwise.

Any person making application for a license must personally appear before the commission upon written request in order that he may be questioned in reference thereto, and the commission may require any statement which may be made before it and papers which may be filed with it, relative to applications for licenses to be sworn to before a member of the commission or the clerk thereof.

Applications must be made between the dates of March 2 and March 16, 12 o'clock, noon hour.

OBJECTIONS

Notice of all applications for licenses shall, at the expense of the applicant, to be paid in advance, be published in some Lowell newspaper at least 10 days before the commission will act thereon.

If, before the expiration of the 10 days following the publication of the notice as above set forth, the owner of any real estate within 25 feet of the premises described in an application for a license to be exercised by a common victualler to sell liquors to be drunk on the premises, notifies the licensing board in writing that he objects to the granting of the license, no license to sell intoxicating liquors to be drunk on said premises shall be granted, unless the applicant therefor shall, for the two years next preceding the date of his application, have held a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors upon said premises.

Other objections to the granting of the license, either on account of the unfitness of the applicant, or otherwise, may be made to the commission at any time before the application is acted upon. The laws of the commonwealth do not compel the licensing board to grant licenses in any case.

Upon objection being made to the granting of the license, except the objection by an adjoining owner of real estate as above provided, the commission may in its discretion, if so desired, grant a hearing to parties interested.

JOHN J. MULLANEY,
CHARLES H. HANSON,
THOMAS P. BOULGER,
The License Commission of the City of Lowell.

PLANS OF U. S. FORTS FOUND ON GERMANS

Two Young Men Arrested in New York on Charge of Using Mails to Defraud

NEW YORK, March 1.—Plans of United States fortifications have been found in the possession of Richard von Arend and Rudolph von Kracht, two young Germans arrested here on a charge of using the mails to defraud, according to a statement made today by Assistant United States District Attorney F. W. McDonald.

The men, who claim, according to the federal authorities, to be German army lieutenants, were arraigned before a United States commissioner here today. It is said by postoffice inspectors that they had conducted a systematic begging campaign through the mails, asking for help on the ground that they were destitute German army officers.

Von Arend and von Kracht were held in $5000 bail each for a hearing Saturday. They said they were penniless and were remanded in the custody of the United States marshal. The prisoners said they were graduates of the University of Berlin and had been in this country five years. They denied ever having had any plans of United States forts and said the only things answering such a description that they owned were pictures sent them from Germany by relatives in that country.

From Yesterday's Late Edition

FUNERALS

SHADDUCK—Mrs. Joanah Shadduck died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Mansur, 21 Third street, aged 93 years, 11 months. Besides her daughter she is survived by one son, Charles F. Shadduck also six grandchildren.

FOSTER—Mrs. Ethel J. Foster, died Tuesday, March 1st, at the Tuberculosis hospital in Lawrence, aged 33 years, 7 months. Besides her husband, Herbert W. Foster, she leaves one son, Westley D., and one daughter, Gladys R. her mother, Mrs. Rebecca Hillman of 93 Durant st, this city; three brothers, John R., Ernest J., and Guy F. Hillman, also two sisters, Mrs. Nelson Algaire and Mrs. Ruby Tilton of Cornwall, Ont. Funeral notice later. The body was removed to the home of her mother, 93 Durant street.

FUNERALS

VAILLANCOURT—The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Vaillancourt took place this morning from her home, 683 Lakeview avenue. Solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Louis' church at 9 o'clock by Rev. J. B. Labassiere, assisted by Rev. L. C. Bedard and Rev. E. J. Vincent as deacon and subdeacon. The bearers were Zoel St. Hilaire, Azarie Frappier, Amedee Jacob, Arthur Brunelle, U. Lebline and W. Vaillancourt. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. L. C. Bedard. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

REV. MR. HUSSEY'S COMING

Everett F Gray, clerk of the First Unitarian society, today received a letter from Rev. A. R. Hussey of Baltimore, stating that he would assume charge of the Unitarian pastorage here early in April.

GRANITE WORKERS STRIKE

While the strike of the quarrymen and engineers throughout New England unless settled soon will effect the quarries in Chelmsford, Graniteville and Westford inasmuch as the majority of them have been closed this winter they have not as yet felt the effect of the strike. During the summer and busy parts of the season about 500 are employed in the quarries in the vicinity of this city.

It is stated that the paving cutters will strike if not given an increase in pay by April first and that the stonecutters have made a demand for an increase in wages by May 1.

MEMORIAL BUILDING FIRE

This is the first anniversary of the Memorial building fire and the fire repairs have not yet been completed. Commissioner Donnelly hopes to have the work completed and the building ready for entire occupancy on May 30, but he is not very sure about it, as there is still a great deal of work to be done on and in the building.

Y.M.C.I. AT BILLERICA

About 100 members of the Young Men's Catholic Institute boarded special electric cars at the square last night and journeyed to the Fr. Mathew Temperance institute hall in Billerica where they were royally entertained by the members of the Billerica society.

A tournament consisting of bowling, pool and whist was carried out and after about two hours of spirited play the Y.M.C.I. boys were adjudged the winners.

The tournament was followed by a musical program to which the following contributed: Recitations, Thomas J. Beane, Jr.; piano selection, Frank Merritt; solo, Anthony Doyle, quartet selections, Messrs. King, Gillis, Mulligan and Barry; solo, Andrew Doyle; recitation, John X. Payne; solos, John McCaffery, Patrick Maguire, Joseph Fairbrother, Edward Loughrey and James Barton. Refreshments were served and the Lowellites returned home at a late hour.

The following have been selected as the committee in charge of the character party to be held the night before Lent: John H. Shea, general manager; John McCaffery, assistant general manager; Fred Gillis, floor director; John Rogers, asistant floor director; Leo O'Neil, chief aid; aids, members.

The five year book is out and copies have been distributed to all the members. The book contains numerous interesting anecdotes of the rapid progress made by the society since its inception and is a credit to the members who were instrumental in its publication.

Rehearsals for the annual minstrel show to be held St. Patrick's night have been started and present indications point to the coming production being an unprecedented success. The solo parts have been assigned to the best local talent available and the chorus is composed of over 80 mixed voices.

THE PHILIPPINE BILL

FAVORABLY REPORTED TO HOUSE BY HOUSE INSULAR AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Philippine bill, including the Clark amendment as passed by the senate providing for independence any time between two and four years in the president's discretion, was favorably reported to the house today by the house insular affairs committee by a vote of 11 to 8.

ATTACK ON U. S. SHIP

WASHINGTON, Mar. 1.—Members of the crew of the American tanker Petrolite have made affidavits to refute the contentions of the Austrian government in connection with the attack on the ship by an Austrian submarine in the Mediterranean some time ago. The affidavits support the original information on which the state department made representations to Vienna.

FALL IN PRICES

Action of President on Armed Ship Issue Caused Drop

NEW YORK, Mar. 1.—The outlook created in foreign relations resulting from President Wilson's determination to force the issue on armed ships in congress contributed to a further fall in prices in today's market. Liquidation was renewed at the opening and continued with little abatement. At the low level of the mid-session prices were at their minimums for the year and in some instances the lowest in over six months.

War shares and high prices specialties fell from 5 to 18 points, greatest losses being sustained by General Motors, Cuban-American Sugar, Bethlehem Steel and Texas Co. U. S. Steel broke through 80 and other recognized leaders, including rails, were one to two points lower.

There was practically no exception to this tendency until the final hour, when short covering on the first signs of support rallied prices one to three points.

SEND BODIES TO SPAIN

REMAINS OF SEAMEN WHO DIED IN 1898 AT SEAVEY'S ISLAND TO BE SHIPPED HOME

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., March 1.—It was announced here today that the bodies of the 31 Spanish seamen who died in 1898 in the stockade at Seavey's Island, where they had been brought after the battle of Santiago, will be sent back to Spain at the expense of the Spanish government. The bodies will be sent to New York and placed aboard a Spanish transport now on her way to this country.

Allcock PLASTERS

The World's Greatest External Remedy.

Pain in Side, Rheumatism, Backache, —Any Local Pain.

Insist on Having ALLCOCK'S.

COBURNS

The J-M NON-BLINDING HEADLIGHT LENS

Passes the New Regulation of the Massachusetts Highway Commission

$3.25 the Pair

THE Regulation adopted by the Massachusetts Highway Commission makes it necessary for every motor vehicle in the state to have its headlights so protected that:

1—They shall throw a beam of direct light on the road at least 150 feet ahead of the car.

2—This beam of light at a point 50 feet ahead of the car shall be not over 31/2 feet from the ground on a level road.

3—There must be in addition to this forward beam of light a side diffusion so that at a point ten feet ahead of the car and ten feet on either side the driver may see a man or substantial object.

C.B. Coburn Co. Free City Motor Delivery 63 MARKET ST.

COBURNS

Stock Market Closing Prices March 1

FOR COMPLETE REPORT OF TODAY'S CLOSING PRICES SEE LATER EDITION

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Allis Chalmers	28	26¾	27½
Am Beet Sugar	67	61¾	67
Am Can	58¼	56½	57¼
Am Can pf	110	110	110
Am Car & Fn	65¼	64	65¼
Am Cot Oil	52	62	52
Am Hides L Com	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
Am Hide & L pf	47	45	46
Am Locomo	65⅝	66½	68½
Am Locomo pf	100½	100½	100½
Am Smelt & R	97¾	95⅞	97½
Am Sugar Rfn	109½	109½	109½
Anaconda	85⅞	83⅞	85⅞
Atchison	102½	102	102
Atchison pf	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
Baldwin Loco	103	95½	102½
Balt & Ohio	86	85½	85¾
Balt & Ohio pf	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜
Beth Steel	450	450	450
Br Rap Tran	86	85⅞	86
Cal Pete	27	26	27
Cal Pete pf	59½	57	57
Canadian Pa	164¾	162½	164
Cast I Pipe Com	17½	16½	16⅝
Cent Leather	52½	51⅝	52½
Ches & Ohio	61⅝	60⅞	61⅝
Chic R I & Pac	17⅞	17⅛	17½
Chile	23	22⅞	23
Col Fuel	41	39⅞	40½
Consol Gas	139¾	136½	139½
Corn Products	21½	20⅞	21⅜
Corn Products pf	96¾	95½	96¾
Crucible Steel	73½	70½	73
Del & Hud	149¼	149¼	149¼
Dis Secur Co	45	43½	44½
Erie	36¼	35¼	35⅞
Erie 1st pf	52	50⅞	51½
Gen Elec	166¾	165	165⅝
Gen Motors	460¼	450	460
Goodrich	69½	68⅜	68⅝
Gt North pf	120¼	119¾	120¼
Gt N Ore ctf	41¼	39⅞	41
Illinois Cen	102¼	102¼	102¼
Int Met Com	16½	16¼	16⅜
Int Mer Marine	15	14⅞	15
Int Mer Marine pf	65	61¼	63⅞
Int Paper	9¾	9½	9¾
Int Paper pf	43⅜	43	43⅜
Kan City So	25⅜	25	25
Kan & Texas	5	4⅞	4⅞
Lehigh Valley	76¾	76¼	76¼
Louis & Nash	121¼	121⅛	121⅛
Maxwell	62½	58¾	60½
Maxwell 1st	83	82	83
Maxwell 2nd	44	42¾	44
Mex Petroleum	96¾	93¼	95½
Missouri Pa	43¾	43¾	43¾
Nat Lead	65⅞	65¼	65¼
Nat Lead pf	114	114	114
N Y Air Brake	140½	137½	140
N Y Central	103⅞	102½	103
Nor & West	114¼	114	114¼
North Pacific	112	111½	111¾
Ont & West	27½	27	27
Pacific Mail	27	25	27
Pennsylvania	57	56¼	57
People's Gas	103	103	103
Pitts Coal	29⅝	28¼	29
Pressed Steel	51¼	50⅜	50½
Pullman Co	162½	162¼	162½
Ry St Sp Co	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞
Reading	83¾	81	82
Rep Iron & S	49⅞	48¾	49¾
Rep I & S pf	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
St Paul	93½	92¼	92¾
Sloss-Sheffield	55	55	55
So Pacific	97¼	96¼	96⅞
Southern Ry	19¾	19⅝	19¾
Studebaker	137¼	133	135
Tenn Copper	54⅜	53½	54⅜
Texas Pac	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
Third Ave	60½	59⅝	60
Union Pacific	131½	130¼	131¼
Union Pac pf	82⅛	81½	81½
U S Ind Alcohol	151	142¾	151
U S Rub	49¾	47¾	49
U S Rub pf	106⅞	105⅞	105⅞
U S Steel	81⅝	79¾	80⅞
U S Steel pf	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛
U S Steel 5s	105	104⅞	104⅞
Utah Copper	84½	83	84
Va Chem	44½	40	43¾
Westinghouse	62⅞	60¾	61⅞
Western Un	87⅞	87	87

IRREGULAR DECLINES

RECESSIONS IN WAR GROUP—STEEL FELL UNDER 80—CLOSING WAS HEAVY

NEW YORK, March 1.—Latest aspects of the international situation were reflected in the moderately heavy tone of today's opening on the stock exchange, prices of numerous issues showing irregular declines. Coppers and specialties were most susceptible, standard issues showing more firmness. Gains of fractions to a point were made by Reading, Baldwin Locomotive, Studebaker, United Fruit and Industrial Alcohol. U. S. Steel selling "ex-dividend" of 1¼ per cent opened a mere fraction lower but soon recovered. Secondary prices were lower especially in the war group, where further recessions were made.

U. S. Steel, Reading, Anaconda and American Can led the gradual but steady decline of the morning in which various speculative issues made lowest prices of the year. The selling bore unmistakable signs of fresh liquidation rather than bearish activity and was heightened by advices of further marine disasters in the foreign war zone. Even Reading fell under the impact of the movement which affected some of the high priced specialties like Bethlehem Steel and Cuban-American Sugar to the extent of 10 points. Anglo-French fives repeated their recent minimum of 65⅝. Bonds and money were heavy.

Stocks were weaker at mid-day when Steel fell under 80, other leaders declining in sympathy. Later, on diminished dealings, rallies of 1 to 2 points occurred in Reading and some specialties.

Rallies of 1 to 3 points were made in the last hour, short covering contributing to the readjustment. The closing was heavy.

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Mar. 1.—Mercantile paper 3⅜@3 1-4. Sterling: Sixty day bills 4.71 1-2; cables 4.77. France: Demand 5.87 3-4; cables 5.87. Marks: Demand 73. 3-5; cables 73 7-16. Kronen: Demand 13 1-4; cables 13 1-2. Guilders: Demand 42 1-2; cables 42 3-4. Lires: Demand 6.70; cables 6.69. Rubles: Demand 32; cables 32 1-4. Bar silver 56 5-8. Mexican dollars 43 1-2. Government bonds firm; railroad bonds heavy. Time loans firmer; sixty days 2 3-4@3; ninety day 3; six months 3 1-4. Call money steady. High 2; low 1 3-4; ruling rate 2; last loan 2; closing bid 1 3-4; offered at 2.

BOSTON MARKET

BOSTON, March 1.—In the absence of any broad demand local mining shares opened steady today. After the first hour prices began to drop and by noon the market had become very weak, although the selling movement was not pronounced.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, March 1.—Cotton futures opened easy. March offered 11.28; May 11.48; July 11.66; October 11.82; December 11.93.

Futures closed steady. March 11.26; May 11.44; July 11.64; October 11.83; December 11.98. Spot quiet; middling 11.45.

BOSTON MARKET

RAILROADS

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Boston Elevated	81	81	81
Bos & Maine	45	45	45
N Y & N H	67½	66½	67½
MINING			
Adventure	2½	2¼	2¼
Alaska Gold	20⅞	20⅜	20⅞
Algomah	1⅛	1	1
Allouez	70	69	70
American Zinc	78½	76	78½
Ahmeek	101	101	101
Arizona Com	8½	8⅜	8½
Butte & Superior	92	88¾	92
Cal & Arizona	79¾	73	74
Cal & Hecla	565	560	560
Centennial	16	16	16
Chino	57¾	56¾	57
Copper Range	62⅛	61¾	62⅛
Daly-West	2½	2¼	2½
E Butte	13	12½	12½
Franklin	9½	9	9
Granby	88	87½	88
Inspiration	44¼	43½	44¼
Isle Royale	27¾	27	27¼
Kerr Lake (ex-div)	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
Lake	16½	16½	16½
Mass	13½	13	13½
Mayflower	3½	3½	3½
Miami	35¼	34⅝	34¾
Mohawk	91	91	91
Nevada	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞
New Idria	18¼	18¼	18¼
Nipissing	6½	6½	6½
North Butte	29¾	29	29⅞
No Lake	1½	1½	1½
Old Colony	3	3	3
Old Dominion	71	68	71
Osceola	93½	91¼	93½
Quincy	92½	91	92½
Ray Con	24½	24¼	24½
Santa Fe	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
Shannon	16¾	16⅞	16¾
Shattuck	37¼	35¾	36¼
Superior	18½	18¼	18½
Superior & Boston	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
Tamarack	50	48	50
Trinity	9	8¾	9
Tuolumne	19	19	19
U S Smelting	61	59¾	60¾
U S Smelting pf	50½	50¼	50½
Utah-Apex	4¼	4¼	4¼
Utah Cons	14	14	14
Winona	4½	4½	4½
Wolverine	66	64½	61½
TELEPHONE			
Am Tel & Tel	127¾	127½	127¾
New Eng Tel	135½	135½	135½
MISCELLANEOUS			
Am Ag Chem Com	66½	66½	66½
Am Ag Chem pf	97½	97½	97½
Am Woolen	50¾	50¾	50¾
Am Woolen pf	99¼	98¾	99
Mass Gas	85	85	85
Mass Gas pf	87	87	87
Pond Creek	12½	12¼	12¼
Swift & Co	129¼	128½	129¾
United Fruit	141	139½	141
United Sh M	54½	54¼	54¼
United Sh M pf	29	29	29
Ventura	9½	8½	9¼
BONDS			
Am Tel & T 4s	92	91¾	91¾

EXCHANGES

NEW YORK, March 1.—Exchanges $551,259,724; balances $39,276,743.

13 PERSONS KILLED

AVALANCHE IN STELVIO PASS ON THE BORDERS OF TYROL AND ITALY

BERLIN, March 1 (By wireless to Sayville)—Despatches from Innsbruck say that 13 persons were killed by an avalanche in Stelvio Pass on the bordersof Tyrol and Italy.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

CONFERENCE OF ALLIES

PLANS FOR ECONOMIC SESSION AT PARIS FOR BETTER PROSECUTION OF WAR

LONDON, March. 1.—Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, addressing the British association of chambers of commerce today, announced that arrangements were in the making for an economic conference of the entente allies at Paris to consider the possibility of utilizing the economic forces of all the allies for the better prosecution of the war itself.

Emphasizing how the war had welded the whole empire together in a way nothing but war could have done, Mr. Law said the British were a commercial people and in the matter of grasping business had never been excelled "even by our chief enemies."

"Whatever eles has happened," he added, "the resources of the British empire will never again be exploited as in the past by Germany."

FOURTH GERMAN WAR LOAN

BERLIN, Mar. 1.—(By wireless to Sayville)—The fourth German war loan, subscriptions for which will be opened on March 4, will be unlimited in amount, as were the preceding loans.

INDIANS ON TRAINING CAMP

NEW ORLEANS, La. Mar. 1.—The Cleveland American league baseball team began spring training here today on the Southern association grounds.

HENRY AND POU, VETERAN LEGISLATORS, HEAD RULES COMMITTEE

ROBERT L. HENRY EDWARD W. POU

In the absence from Washington of Robert L. Henry of Texas, chairman of the house of representatives' committee on rules, President Wilson addressed to Representative Edward W. Pou of North Carolina, the acting chairman, his letter requesting that congress come to a vote concerning the administration's foreign policies. Both Mr. Henry and Mr. Pou are veteran lawmakers. The latter is serving his eighth consecutive term in the house and the former his tenth term. Both are democrats.

MARCHED TO DEATH SINGING

Germans Sang "The Watch On the Rhine" as French Shot Them Down —Wounded Soldier Tells of Battle

PARIS, Mar. 2.—"We were in a front line trench on the slope of Cote du Poivre," said a wounded sapper who has returned to a hospital. "The captain sent me forward to a small shelter in the open, where the electric contact had been placed which led to a mine field. I crawled through to it along a narrow tunnel without mishap.

"Through a slit I looked out on the battlefield, as through the opening in a theatre curtain. I saw the Germans after long waiting march forward in good order. They thought from their observation that the bombardment had sufficiently devastated our trenches, but they were unable to see that our men had held firm and were making fresh trenches and using shell craters.

"The Germans were 200 yards from my post when our rifles and machine guns opened fire. They were taken by surprise and crouched down. When the order was passed along their line to advance they began to sing "The Watch on the Rhine" and dashed forward.

"My heart beat madly. They were ever the mine at last. I touched the button. An infernal fountain seemed to shoot up in the midst of the mass of men in gray, with a majestic whirl of smoke. I saw men go up bodily, as if from the crater of a volcano.

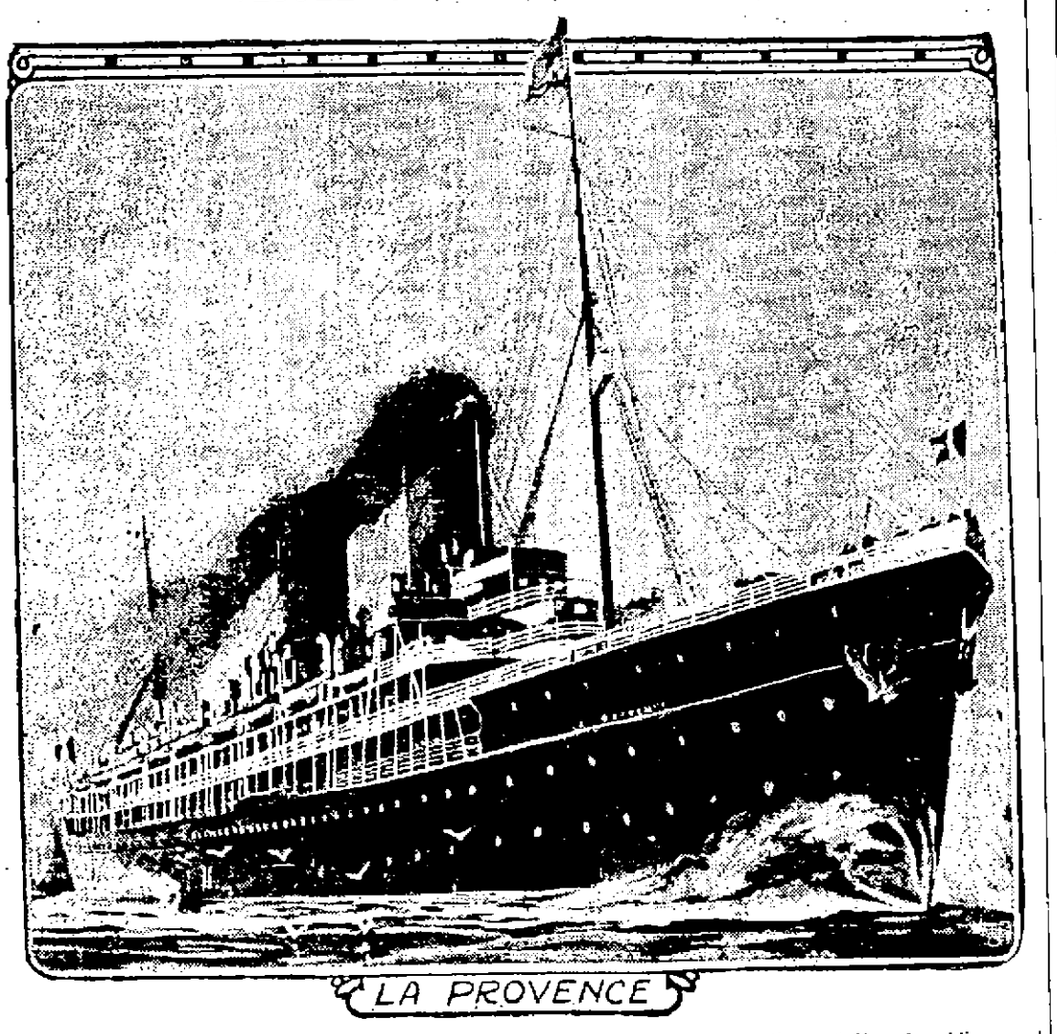
"The attack was stopped. I crawled back to my trench. I had barely emerged from the tunnel when I felt a burning sensation in my shoulder and fainted. When I recovered consciousness I found myself in an ambulance."

STABBED DURING SHOW

Actress in Manchester Miscalculated Lunge With Bayonet and Inflicted Bad Wound in Breast of Actor

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 2.—Rose King, leading woman of a local stock company, inflicted a bad wound in the breast of Leo Kennedy, who plays "heavy" roles, during a performance. She miscalculated a lunge with a bayonet, and stabbed him in the breast. He was treated by a physician between the acts but continued his part until the end of the performance. The company was appearing in "The Heart of Maryland."

LOST STEAMSHIP LA PROVENCE WAS CRACK VESSEL OF FRENCH TRANSATLANTIC LINE



LA PROVENCE

La Provence, sunk in the Mediterranean with the loss of nearly 1000 lives of French soldiers and sailors, occupied the same position in the fleet of the French line as the ill fated Lusitania did in the Cunard line, and when she completed her fastest trip on Sept. 15, 1907, was in active competition with that vessel. She made on that occasion the fastest trip which up to then had ever been made between New York and Havre, completing the run from port to port in 6 days, 1 hour and 12 minutes. She was then about eighteen months old. She beat the Lusitania across on that occasion by about one hour. Her fastest run for the day was 585 miles, which was not far behind the record of those times, 601 miles, made by the Deutschland. La Provence was launched in 1906 at St. Nazaire. She displaced 13,752 tons and was 602 feet long, with a beam of 65 feet. She belonged to the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique and was for years one of the favorite liners sailing out of New York. Since the beginning of the war she had been used by the French government for the transport of soldiers and munitions of war.

DORIZAS, PENN'S STRONG MAN, TO QUIT ATHLETICS SHORTLY

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.—It now looks as if another great athlete is to cast aside his athletic togs shortly. He is Dorizas, Penn's strong man and one of the greatest wrestlers ever turned out in any college. Although the husky Greek recently competed against a Princeton man in the intercollegiate mat tourney, it is said that he is tired of athletics and will quit the sport for good after the close of the college season.

CITY LEAGUE GAMES

WHITE WAYS AND CRESCENTS OVER THE 1600 MARK—FORMER ROLL STRING OF 590

There were some good scores made in the City bowling league last night the White Ways and Crescents hitting the pins over the 1600 mark. The White Ways put up a single of 590 while the team total was 1617. Every member of the White Ways made triples of over 300. They took all four points from the Kittredge aggregation. Dooley and Singleton of the losing team were in good form but the other members of the team were a trifle off color.

The Crescents had little or no difficulty in puting it all over the Carrs. Lebrun's score of 350 and Concannon's 344 were features of the game.

The Brunswicks won four points from the Jewels the latter team being handicapped by a substitute player who scored but 263 while Edwards could not do better than 266.

With Chet Martel out of the lineup the Kimball System got bumped for four points by the Bridge Streets last night.

In the Y.M.C.I. league the Tigers and Pollies split even, the former team taking the total pinfall.

The Congress club took all four points from the Columbus Five in a game in the Carr league. The feature of the game was the work of Burns of the winning team who put up a triple of 342. The scores:

White Ways

	1	2	3	T'l
Cole	100	130	117	356
Bernardinin	100	113	102	315
Hall	85	103	112	301
Killilea	91	119	120	310
Kempton	93	125	117	335
Totals	478	590	579	1617

Kittredge's

Sharpe	95	105	90	290
Ward	81	104	112	297
Singleton	96	93	121	310
Dooley	100	121	118	339
McCarthy	100	79	96	275
Totals	475	499	537	1511

Carr's

Barrows	101	112	102	315
Stanton	95	77	96	268
Lane	91	96	116	306
O'Brien	92	117	91	300
Wynne	88	86	106	280
Totals	470	486	511	1469

Crescents

Jewett	102	119	105	326
Concannon	115	111	118	344
Johnson	109	120	98	327
Lebrun	104	133	113	350
Kelley	96	100	88	284
Totals	526	583	522	1631

Jewels

Farrell	111	115	91	317
Edwards	86	91	89	266
Whipple	97	108	106	311
Jodoin	96	102	110	308
Sub	85	88	92	263
Totals	475	501	486	1165

Brunswicks

Perrin	115	115	102	332
Pierce	85	101	90	279
Clark	99	106	99	304
Dickey	104	88	92	281
Whalen	103	110	114	326
Totals	505	523	497	1525

Kimball System

Flanders	103	96	87	286
Myrick	102	121	86	309
Kimball	94	102	88	284
Rivard	96	96	91	282
Craib	102	97	104	303
Totals	497	512	456	1465

Bridge Street

Brigham	95	94	94	283
Panton	106	101	94	301
Noonan	100	90	102	292
Sweeney	96	115	92	303
Devlin	108	114	99	321
Totals	505	511	481	1600

Y.M.C.I. LEAGUE

Tigers

Higgins	87	75	86	248
Tyrrell	85	78	74	237
Collins	93	86	90	269
J. Rogers	81	70	94	245
McCarlin	101	81	93	275
Concannon	92	101	91	284
Totals	539	491	528	1558

Pollies

Beane	75	78	86	239
Wilkes	79	80	105	264
Merrill	78	90	79	247
M. Rogers	76	88	54	218
McCaffrey	87	96	90	273
Driscoll	75	88	87	250
Totals	470	520	531	1521

CARR'S LEAGUE

Congress Club

O'Loughlin	80	88	92	260
Clancy	94	111	113	318
Kirane	113	94	118	325
Burke	92	108	104	304
Burns	106	104	132	342
Totals	485	505	559	1549

Columbus Five

O'Loughlin	86	80	74	240
Shea	83	84	70	237
Jones	87	90	83	260
Sudberry	73	76	83	232
Roarke	90	76	91	257
Totals	419	406	401	1226

BASKETBALL COMMENT

Saturday night Associate hall will be the scene of the next game between the Y.M.C.I. team and the Salem A.C. Those who saw the last battle between these two teams at Y.M.C.I. hall on Washington's birthday anniversary afternoon recall the closeness of the game and the basket that decided the contest in the last few seconds. The series now stands two to nothing, in favor of the Salem A.C., but the Y.M.C.I. team claims that Saturday night's game will surely go their way. Both teams contain the best of the amateur players in the city and the games have provided more real rivalry than any that have been seen in recent years. The lineups are as follows:

Salem A.C.—Martin, Flynn, Randall, Lane, Rourke, McLaughlin, Caveney.

Y.M.C.I.—Haggerty, Keenan, Leipper, Gillis, Lyons, Desmond and T. Clark.

Both managers, Dwyer and Farrell, are holding in reserve one player, to be announced later. Referee Wilson being otherwise engaged, the game will be handled by Referee Gillon of Milford, who has been seen here in the recent Lowell Five Worcester K. of C. game.

Paul Clark played with the Winthrop White Bears last night against Franklin.

The Lowell Five will play the Lawrence Military A.A. quintet in the Lawrence cage Saturday night.

Managers Moore and Lew will hold a conference tonight at which all arrangements for the coming city championship series will be completed.

The Y.M.C.I. and Salem A.C. will play the third game in their series at Associate hall Saturday night. Managers Farrell and Dwyer reached an understanding last night.

The series between the Salem A.C. and Y.M.C.I. now stands two to nothing in favor of the Salem A.C. quintet, but Manager Dwyer feels confident that Saturday night's game will surely go to the Y.M.C.I. Connie Desmond has been signed to play with the institute aggregation.

Referee "Billy" Wilson being engaged in Lawrence Saturday night, the game will be handled by Charley Gillon of Milford, who is rated as one of the best basketball officials in the country. Gillon worked here a few times this season while the Central Massachusetts league was in commission.

TED LEWIS BEATS STONE

ENGLISH BOXER PUT IT ALL OVER NEW YORKER IN BOUT AT NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—Ted Lewis of England was awarded a referee's decision over Harry Stone of New York, at the end of their 20-round bout last night. By his victory Lewis claimed the welterweight championship of the world.

Lewis received the credit of forcing the fight in 13 of the 20 rounds and with a slight advantage in weight, height and reach, seemed to be in no danger at any stage of the contest. Ringside authorities gave the winner 11 rounds, Stone six and declared three even.

Both men weighed in under the required weight of 145 pounds. Before the contest the winner was challenged by Sam Rowlands of Milwaukee.

TRACK MEET SATURDAY

Dorchester high will be entertained at the Paige street annex on Saturday evening by the local high school track team, and one of the best meets of the season is anticipated by followers of the sport. Dorchester this year has a very formidable squad and Lowell will have to display unusual form in order to win. Last year the local team beat Dorchester by the score of 61 to 20.

At the recent schoolboy games in Boston, Dorchester made a very creditable showing and easily defeated the crack Mechanics Art relay quartet. The mile run will be elminated Saturday night at Dorchester's request, and the standing broad jump will be substituted. As a result Capt. Larrett will appear in both the 600 and 1000 yard events.

The broad jump has not been on the local's list for a number of years, and it is simply a matter of conjecture as to how the Paige street athletes will fare in the event. Trials were held yesterday and Coach Farrell selected Arthur Lynch, Crossland, Falls, Babigan and Heathcock as the most likely performers. Lynch is the best of the lot, and he is expected to go over nine feet.

Special team races will enliven Saturday night's encounter. The Butler school fliers will compete against the Giants, and L.H.S. Midgets will endeavor to show their heels to a school quartet called the "Unknowns."

COOK WINS IN HAVERHILL

HAVERHILL, March 2.—In a special election the smallest vote in the city's history, 2815, was cast. Christopher C. Cook was elected commissioner of public property to fill the vacancy in the municipal council created by the resignation of Alderman James W. Harris at the beginning of the year, when the latter's citizenship status was questioned.

Mr Cook is a retired building contractor and a resident of the Bradford district, from which another member of the council, Alderman Hoyt, hails. Under the commission government charter district and party lines are eliminated.

Edgar F. Shannan, Mr. Cook's opponent, received 1206 votes.

The legislative act to permit the municipal council to elect Stanislaus Rainville, James Bolan and Justin R. Bridgham, lockup keeper and patrol drivers, respectively, in the police department, as regular members, was accepted by a vote of 2049 to 359.

ENTRIES FOR KENTUCKY DERBY

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 2.—Entries for the 42nd renewal of the Kentucky derby closed at midnight last night with what horsemen predict will be the largest number of possible starters in the history of the stake. The list, however, probably will not be announced for two or three weeks.

The race this year, with $10,000 added money, will be worth approximately $15,000 to the winner.

TRIANGLE A.A. BOUTS

Another stellar card is offered by the Triangle club tomorrow night. Dick Stosh of Cleveland, who has been showing sensational form of late, will have another chance at Eddie Murphy of So. Boston in the feature number of 12 rounds. Stosh met and defeated Murphy a month ago at Lawrence, but Murphy was not satisfied with the verdict and kept challenging Stosh until the directors of the local club stepped in and clinched the affair for this city.

Stosh was formerly amateur champion for three successive years and has been a very consistent winner since leaving the ranks of the "pures." The Cleveland boy has won over nearly all the best men in New England, Steve Kennedy, Larry Burns, Walter Butler, Tommy Moore and Eddie Murphy being victims of this clever performer.

ONE OF THE BEST TRACK MEETS

LOWELL HIGH — VS. — Dorchester High

SATURDAY EVENING

BASKETBALL

ASSOCIATE HALL

SATURDAY NIGHT, MARCH 4th

Third Game of Series

Y. M. C. I. vs. SALEM A. C.

Y. M. C. I.	SALEM A. C.
Haggerty	Martin
Keenan	Flynn
Lyons	Lane
Lepper	Rourke
Gillis	Randall
Desmond	McLaughlin
T. Clark	Caveney

Admission, 25 Cents. Reserved Seats, 35 Cents

Notice to Members, Triangle A. A.

Friday Evening, Mar. 3, 8 o'clock

Dick Stosh of Cleveland vs. Eddie Murphy, So. Boston, 12 Rounds

Tommy Doyle of Lowell vs. Billy Edwards of Lawrence, 8 Rounds. Two 6-Round Preliminaries.

BRANDEIS CASE

Advocates of Confirmation Had an Inning Today—Partner Called

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Advocates of the confirmation of the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis as a justice of the supreme court had an inning today before the senate committee investigating charges against Mr. Brandeis.

Edward F. McClennen, law partner of Mr. Brandeis, was ready to continue his explanation of the various incidents for which Mr. Brandeis has been criticized. Newton D. Baker, former mayor of Cleveland, and president of the National Consumers' league, had a petition for confirmation from a group of New York manufacturers, labor leaders, publicists and social workers.

The petition called attention to Mr. Brandeis' successful advocacy before the United States supreme court and state supreme courts of five states of eight cases involving the constitutionality of statutes of industrial justice as to hours of labor and unhealthful conditions of employment.

"The fact that Mr. Brandeis' services in these important cases and, indeed, all the services to which we refer, were unpaid and were the expressions of a lawyer's ideals in action, is a concrete tribute to the quality of his mind and heart," the petitioners stated.

The petitioners express an appreciation of Mr. Brandeis for contributing to New York's industrial peace by offering the "preferential union shop" as the basis for arbitration between the manufacturers and employes in the needle trades. They point out as signal proof of his qualifications as a judge his success in presiding over an "industrial court" to which have been brought the disagreements in these trades.

Among the signers of the petition are Oscar Straus, chairman of the New York public service commission; Frederic C. Howe, commissioner of immigration, New York; Hamilton Holt, editor of The Independent; John Mitchell, chairman of the New York state industrial commission; Charles F. McFarland, secretary of the federal council of churches of Christ in America; Henry R. Seager, president of the American Association for Labor Legislation; Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, New York; Charles R. Crane, Chicago; Edward T. Devine, New York; Mrs. Florence Kelly, secretary National Consumers' league; Owen R. Lovejoy, secretary national child labor committee; Henry Bruere, New York, and George W. Kirchwey, Ossining, N. Y.

Francis Peabody of Milton, Mass., last of the "character" witnesses for those opposed to Mr. Brandeis, testified that Mr. Brandeis' reputation was that he was not trustworthy and sailed under false colors. Mr. Peabody testified that he had talked with more than 50 members of the Suffolk bar and only one gave him the impression that Mr. Brandeis was trustworthy and honorable.

"How far is the esteem in which Mr. Brandeis is held due to his being a Jew?" asked Senator Fletcher.

"I didn't know until the last few years that he was a Jew," the witness answered.

When Mr. Baker appeared to present his petition he was asked as to Mr. Brandeis' reputation as a lawyer.

"I do not know his reputation in Boston," he said, "but among public service workers he is known not only as the best lawyer, but a detached, spiritual, high minded man."

Henry Moskowitz, president of the municipal service commission in New York, and secretary of the arbitration board in the needle trades of which Mr. Brandeis is president, described Mr. Brandeis' work on that board.

"If Mr. Brandeis has one characteristic it is his capacity to see both sides, not only in judicial statement but in judicial thought," he said.

The Marchioness Townsend, who acts as literary advisor to Sir Herbert Tree, spends her Sunday assisting in giving tea to wounded soldiers in London.

While her husband is at the front with the British soldiers, Mrs. J. A. Raine, of London, is carrying on the three-fold business of window cleaner, billman and bellman.

LEGAL NOTICES

UNITED STATES Post Office, Lowell, Mass. Office of Custodian, Feb. 25, 1916. Sealed proposals will be received at this building until 2 o'clock p. m., March 9, 1916, and then opened, for furnishing electric current, gas, water, ice, and miscellaneous supplies, and washing towels during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917. Sealed proposals will also be received until 2 o'clock p. m., April 10, 1916, and then opened, for 95 tons anthracite coal. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the Treasury Department. John F. Meehan, Custodian. F25-M2

SPECIAL NOTICES

BELANGER, 183 Merrimack st., tel. 4411-R. I buy all kinds of furniture and pay highest prices. See me before you sell anyone else.

HUGH McGROGAN, piano and furniture mover. Special attention to pianos moved through windows. Also storage. All jobs promptly attended to. 63 Bartlett st., or tel. 4845.

HAT BLEACHERY—Ladies' and gentlemen's felt, velour and beaver hats cleaned or dyed and reblocked into the latest styles. E. H. Severy, Inc., 133 Middle st.

PIANOS and organs tuned and repaired; tuning $1. J. Kershaw, 60 Humphrey st. Tel. 974-M.

OLD MIRRORS re-silvered to look like new. We make new ones to order. Lowell Mirror Shop, 473 Merrimack st. Drop postal.

STOVE REPAIRS—We carry in stock linings, grates, water fronts and other parts to fit all ranges. Telephone 4170. Quinn Stove Repair Co., 140 Gorham st.

IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Limburg Co. Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge st. Tel. 945.

ROOFERS—J. Burns & Son, slate roofers. Roofs repaired. Tel. 3252-W. 166 Concord st. Tel. 1459-J. 200 Pleasant st.

WANTED

WANTED to know a private family who would take an infant to care for at a reasonable rate. Address M 18, Sun Office.

SHOW CASE, counter and ice chest, in good condition wanted for store. Write M 9, Sun Office.

CLAIRVOYANT

MRS. FANNIE STRATTON, medium and card reader. Circles Tuesday and Thursday eve. 75 East Merrimack st., room 3.

CLAIRVOYANT

PROF. GIFFORD

WHAT I DO FOR FIFTY CENTS

I tell you exactly what you wish to know; what conditions your business is in and how to promote it; who and when you will marry, whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false, I will tell you HOW to gain the affection or friendship of the one you most desire or to overcome enemies, rivals, habits, or bad luck of any kind. I give never failing advice on all matters of importance, such as LOVE, MARRIAGE, DIVORCE, BUSINESS, HEALTH, SPECULATIONS, SALES, LAW SUITS, WILLS, DEEDS, TRAVELS, MINES, BURIED TREASURES, INVESTMENTS, PATENTS, Old Estates, in fact no matter WHAT may be your HOPE, FEAR or AMBITION, come to me this very day and I will positively lift you out of the path of doubt, sadness and bad luck, and start you on the road to happiness and prosperity.

All This Week Low Fee—His Complete $2.00 Reading 50c.

Hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily. Closed Sunday. Permanently located at

29 BRIDGE ST.; LOWELL

Rooms 7 and 8

TELEGRAPHY

Train for railroad or commercial position three nights each week. Rates $4.00 per month. Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights. LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

LEGAL NOTICES

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—State House, Boston, March 1, 1916. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in H. 269, recommendations of Commissioner of Weights and Measures; H. 272, on licensing peddlers; H. 273, on licensing slot machines; at room No. 136 State House, on Tuesday, March 7, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Charles W. Eldredge, Chairman. James E. Phelan, Clerk of Committee.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—State House, Boston, March 1, 1916. The Committee on Public Health will give a hearing to parties interested in H. 6 and 758, report of State Dept. of Health on hospitals for Tuberculosis; H. 322, for putting incorrigible persons in certain institutions; S. 1, part of Governor's address on prevention and cure of congestion diseases; H. 1096, that Bristol county may maintain hospital for tuberculosis patients; S. 279, on building and use of hospitals for cities and towns; H. 1432, making and sale of fruit syrups; H. 1562, for State investigation of non-pulmonary tuberculosis; H. 1561, for better ventilation of water closets; at room No. 362 State House, on Tuesday, March 6, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Ezra W. Clark, Chairman. James T. O'Dowd, Clerk of Committee.

Tewksbury, Mass., Jan. 24, 1916.
To the Middlesex County Commissioners:—

Respectfully represent the undersigned inhabitants of Tewksbury in said County that the road leading to Andover from the Lowell city line as a continuation of Andover street in said city, via North Tewksbury village and continuing in Andover past the southerly end of Haggett's Pond and thence to Frye Village in Andover, is in need of relocation and specific repairs.

Wherefore we pray that you will relocate said highway and direct specific repairs thereon, all within the town of Tewksbury.

John R. Martin and seven others.
A true copy attest,
EDWARD W. CLARK,
Deputy Sheriff.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—Middlesex, ss.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for the County of Middlesex, at Cambridge, in said County, on the first Tuesday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, to wit, by adjournment at Cambridge, on the twelfth day of February, A. D. 1916.

On the foregoing petition, Ordered, that the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties at the Commissioners' Court Room in Lowell on Monday, the twentieth day of March, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, by serving the Clerk of the town of Tewksbury with a copy of said petition and of this order thereon, thirty days at least before said view, and by publishing the same in the Lowell Courier-Citizen and in The Lowell Sun, newspapers printed at Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and also by posting the same in two public places in the said town of Tewksbury fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

WM. C. DILLINGHAM, Clerk.
Copy of petition and order thereon.
Attest,
WM. C. DILLINGHAM, Clerk.
A true copy attest,
EDWARD W. CLARK,
Deputy Sheriff.
F17-24-M2

Shoemakers

Are Invited to Hear

Mr. Chas. L. Baine

General Secretary-Treasurer of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union at

CARPENTERS HALL—RUNELS BUILDING,

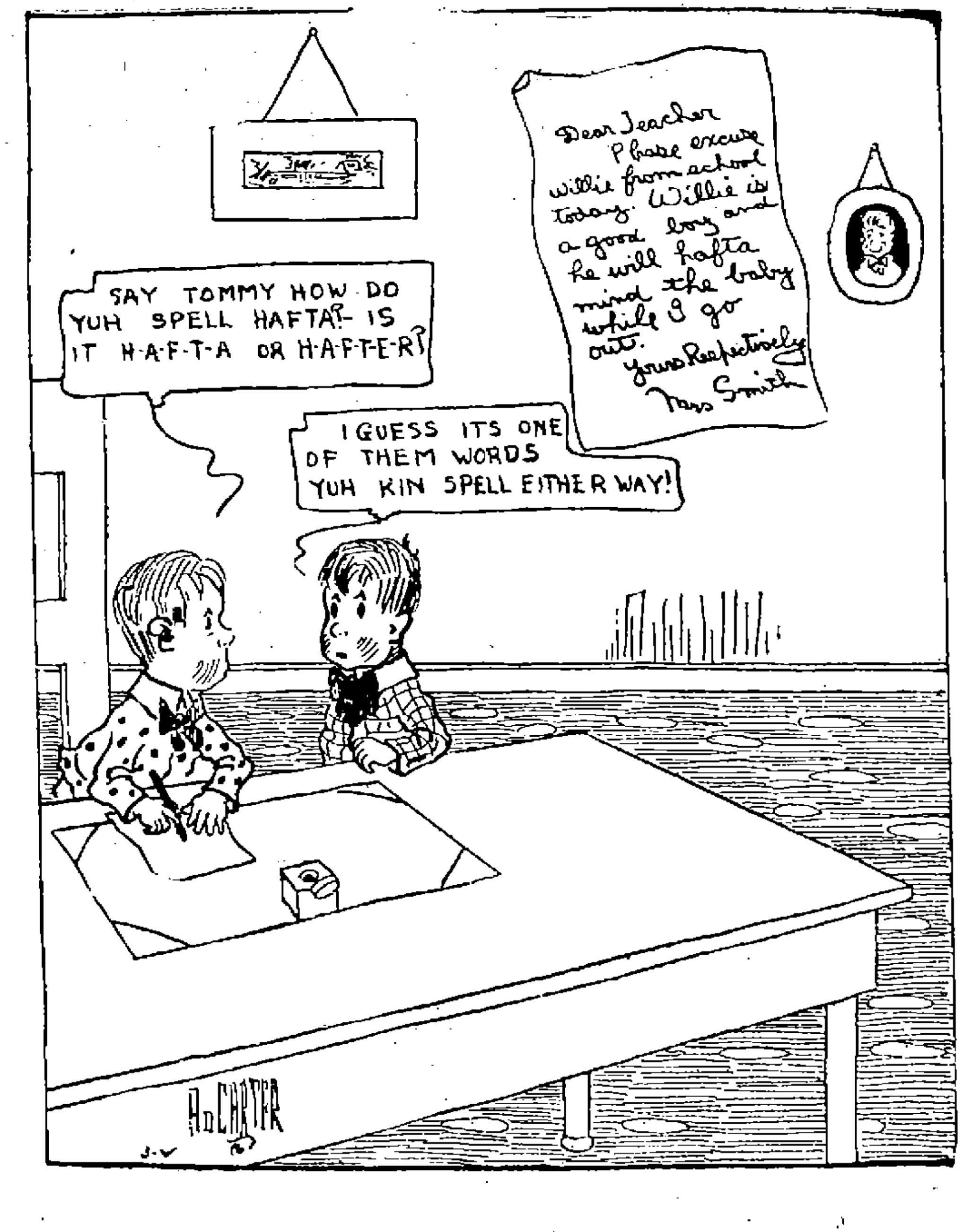
Sunday, March 5

AT 2 P. M.

WINTER IS NEARLY GONE

From now on buy wood. I have 500 cords of all kinds of dry cord wood ready for prompt delivery; sawed if desired. I will appreciate your order. Amasa A. Brown, 73 Inland st., Lowell. Tel. 2320.

JUST KIDS—Forgery!



HELP WANTED

EXPERIENCED wood workers wanted; 2 bench men, 2 men to work machining doors; 48 hours a week; steady job; good pay to right party. Apply C. H. Borchers, Salem Depot, N. H.

KITCHEN GIRL wanted at once; one who can go home nights. Apply 75 Westford st.

WANTED at Adams Bros. Shoe Co., Lincoln and Tanner sts., patent leather vamp repairers, patent leather brush repairers, experienced packers and general packing room help. Steady work.

THE TRAVELER SHOE CO. desires the services of a shoe salesman for an out-of-town store. One who can speak French preferred. A good opportunity for the right man for advancement. Must have experience. Apply to Mr. Lambert, 163 Central st.

FIRST CLASS BARBER wanted. Apply at 65 Central st. C. H. Burns.

SECOND CLASS ENGINEER wanted at once; nights; one used to Curtis Turbine preferred; wages $20. Write T 79 Sun Office.

TRIMMING CUTTERS and boys to learn to cut trimmings, wanted. Apply Adams Bros., Lincoln st.

COAL SHOVELERS wanted. Horne Coal Co.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 coal and wood teamsters, 2 coal shovelers and 3 boys for paper bagging. John P. Quinn, 937 Gorham st.

KITCHEN GIRL wanted at once. Apply 305 Summer st.

STORE GIRL wanted for bakery; must have had experience. Write R 77, Sun Office.

$20 TO $35 per month extra money to any employed person without interfering with regular work. No selling, no canvassing. Positively no investment. Unemployed need not apply. Address The Silver Mirror Co., Inc., 123 W. Madison st., Chicago, Ill.

SUCCESSFUL life insurance man wanted; $150 per month to right party. References. Lock Box 531, Bangor, Maine.

YOUNG MAN wanted, over 16 years to learn the drug business, good opportunity; Portuguese preferred. Write D 8, Sun Office.

MEN WEAVERS wanted; can make between $13 and $14 a week. Apply Lowell Textile Co., North Chelmsford, Mass.

LASTERS WANTED

Niggerhead operators wanted, also hand pullers. Derry Shoe Co., Derry N. H.

WANTED AT ONCE

Men and women weavers on Knowles looms, Talbot Mills, North Billerica, Mass.

NATIONAL ACME AUTOMATIC OPERATORS, ALSO EXPERIENCED TOOL MAKERS, WANTED

Apply at the employment office of the International Steel & Ordnance Corp., (former location of Patterson Rubber Co., Middlesex street.)

SITUATIONS WANTED

CHAUFFEUR would like situation; private or commercial driver; good repairing experience. Inquire 22 Abbott st.

TO LET

CANARIES for sale. Males and females; Yorkshire and Norwich. At 103 Cross st.

LARGE furnished front room to let, steam heated, electric lights and family privileges. 136 Smith st. Tel. 2278.

HOUSE of 38 rooms, to let; suitable for lodging or boarding house; within three minutes' walk of Bigelow Carpet mills. Apply 310 Market st.

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let. 27 Howard st., between Westford and Middlesex sts.; 2 minutes' walk from depot. Inquire 22 Mt. Vernon st.

UPSTAIRS 9-room flat to let; near two car lines and Normal school. Inquire 33 Columbus ave. Tel. 2375.

WHOLE of third floor in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank building, to let; formerly occupied by John A. Stevens, Engineer.

COTTAGE of 11 rooms, to let at 94 Butterfield st.; pantry, bath, furnace and nice barn. Inquire at 53 Butterfield st.

OFFICE—Large office, 34 by 14 feet on the second floor of the Harrington building, 52 Central st., good light and ventilation, for rent. Will be partitioned off to suit a desirable tenant and will be rented or leased at a very reasonable rent. Apply to Building Manager, 401 Sun Bldg.

FOR SALE

FANCY GOODS, small wares and embroidery store, for sale; low rent; good location; long established; offered for no fault at a bargain for cash. E. H. Judkins, Lowell, Mass.

GRAY & DAVIS self starter for sale, battery head light, tail light, electric horn wiring complete with same; everything in A1 condition; $125; cost $300; used 3 months. Inquire T. F. Costello, 212 Central st.

SECONDS TIRES, engine coils, magnetos, one Winton Five passenger, one Rambler truck, for sale. 14 Livingston st.

INDIAN motorcycle for sale: with side car: 7 h. p.; running only 5 months; model 1915; in best condition; price $250, or exchange for an automobile. Apply at 18 First st.

SPECIAL SALE of pianos and talking machines. Hand-played music rolls for player pianos, 25c, at Hounsell's, 704 Bridge st.

FOR SALE

Counting machine which will count anything: bird seed, bolts, tacks, even postage stamps. We used it to count tobacco tags. A most useful article. Will sell at very reasonable price. Carr's Alleys, 102 Gorham st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

8-ROOM HOUSE, bath and all improvements, for sale; stable, henhouse for 75 hens; 3 building lots, 12,930 sq. ft. Will sell on easy terms. Inquire 389 Riverside st.

A REAL BARGAIN

SIMON B. HARRIS, ROOM 4, CENTRAL BLOCK, would like to tell any inquirer all about a very desirable village farm of between 3 and 4 acres. Price low. Easy terms.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleaning of ladies and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.
49 JOHN STREET

MARCH

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div. To Boston Lve.	Arr.	From Boston Lve.	Arr.
5.33	6.50	2.55	3.38
6.25	7.26	6.00	6.55
6.47	7.30	7.13	8.24
b6.40	7.53	7.50	8.35
6.57	8.00	n8.21	9.34
7.21	8.05	9.00	9.39
e7.25	8.49	9.30	10.05
7.38	8.37	11.30	12.03
8.56	9.37	12.30	1.08
z9.20	10.21	1.05	1.57
9.36	10.22	2.00	3.10
10.19	11.25	3.00	3.47
10.53	11.40	b3.14	5.00
12.15	1.05	4.00	4.50
1.50	2.36	4.14	5.31
2.30	3.27	5.00	5.39
b3.30	4.10	b5.21	6.31
3.45	4.35	5.33	6.29
4.17	5.26	b5.51	7.10
5.25	6.05	6.11	7.23
5.36	6.30	8.00	8.58
b6.03	7.16	8.30	9.08
6.22	7.05	9.45	10.40
8.15	8.57	10.30	11.55
9.15	10.35	11.40	12.36

Portland Div. To Boston Lve.	Arr.	From Boston Lve.	Arr.
6.35	7.36	z6.35	8.04
n7.54	8.45	9.15	10.34
9.40	10.67	10.50	11.53
10.59	12.07	11.50	12.53
12.06	1.13	3.30	4.40
z1.37	2.40	5.14	6.11
3.42	4.41	6.03	7.05
5.15	6.44	6.30	7.55
7.05	8.15	9.50	11.10
10.25	11.38		

Sunday Trains

Southern Division			
6.47	7.30	8.45	9.47
7.21	8.05	9.30	10.08
8.25	9.31	11.30	12.09
9.14	10.06	1.00	1.50
10.20	11.17	5.30	6.21
2.52	3.35	7.15	8.29
5.10	6.00	8.00	8.38
6.28	7.10	8.30	9.09
8.15	8.57	9.25	10.25
8.45	9.53	10.29	11.20
9.45	10.30		

Portland Division			
8.30	9.27	8.00	9.18
12.10	1.16	12.00	1.00
3.50	5.06	3.30	4.45
5.45	7.00	5.20	6.34
8.55	10.04	8.40	9.47

b Via Bedford. e Via Salem Jct. z Via Wilmington Jct. n not run on Holidays. ! Saturdays only.

KEY TO FIRE ALARM BOXES

1 All box numbers commencing with the figure one, as 12, 13, etc., up to 131 are located within a radius of about one-half mile from the North common, extending from Dutton street north to Pawtucket street and from School street east to Merrimack mills.

2 All box numbers commencing with two as 21, 23, etc., are located in the business area about one-quarter mile radius from the post office, extending from Boott mills to South common and from Dutton street to Concord river.

3 All box numbers commencing with three, are located in the lower Highlands, extending from the depot to Wilder street and from Hale street along the line of Western avenue and Pawtucket canal to Pawtucket street.

4 All box numbers commencing with four, are located in the Ayer's City and Bleachery districts, extending from Edson cemetery northerly to Hale street and from Chelmsford street easterly to Concord river.

5 All numbers commencing with five, are located in the upper Highlands and Middlesex Village.

6 All numbers commencing with six are located in Centralville.

7 All numbers commencing with seven, are located in Pawtucketville.

8 All numbers commencing with eight, are located in Belvidere.

MONEY TO LOAN

National Loan Co.

Will Advance You Money

$5 to $100

AT LEGAL RATES and EASIEST TERMS

Remember the Place

21 and 22 HOWE BLDG. MERRIMACK SQUARE

Look for "Blue and White Signs" License No. 91

If You need money and are working, we will make you a loan quickly $5 & $10

SMALL WEEKLY PAYMENTS ALL DEALINGS CONFIDENTIAL

Equitable Loan Co.

OFFICES 202 HILDRETH BLDG. 45 MERRIMACK ST. Up One Flight at Head of Stairs. Lic. No. 144.

LOST AND FOUND

BAG containing two bank checks and a small bank book lost on Lincoln st., Tuesday, Feb. 29. Reward if returned to Mrs. Smith, 1003 Gorham st.

$2.00 LOST between Gendron Bros. store and St. Peter's church. Return to Gendron Bros., 391 Gorham st.

BROWN MUFF lost Saturday night on 5.15 car from Collinsville to Lowell. Reward for return to 403 Bridge st., tenement No. 29.

PROF. EHRLICH'S "606" SALVARSAN

Administered in the veins at Dr. Temple's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Lues, malaria, locomotor ataxia, and various forms of skin disease arising from blood poison.

This solves the problem of the centuries and rids the world of the WORST SCOURGE that the human race has known. RESULTS IMMEDIATE. Wasserman blood tests made. Also treats cancers, tumors, all acute and chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocele, varicocele, stricture, prostatic diseases, piles, fistula, fissures, ulcers and rectal diseases WITHOUT THE USE OF THE KNIFE. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels and rectum, epilepsy, and all nervous diseases.

Terms always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 97 Central street, Mansur block.

Hours: Wednesdays, 2 to 4, 7 to 8, Sundays, 10 to 12.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

Bright, Sears & Co.

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

Bankers and Brokers

SECOND FLOOR

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY MARCH 2 1916 PRICE ONE CENT

THE SPELLBINDER

The appropriations have been made; everybody hasn't been satisfied; the commissioners slashed and reslashed, and at times got heated over it, and the next tax rate will probably be 80 cents greater than the present. Had the original estimates been allowed the rate would have been a couple of dollars greater. In the discussion of the estimates Mayor O'Donnell expressed himself in plain language and he said at the time that he knew that his position was an unpopular one, but he felt that it was right. It is the mayor rather than any other individual commissioner on whom the taxpayer brings down his criticism if taxes are high or the government appears to be extravagant, and it is the mayor, on the other hand, on whom criticism falls when the government keeps expenses down to hard pan.

The commissioners are of the opinion that they couldn't have figured down their expenses any closer than they have done. In some cases they are disappointed at being obliged to relinquish improvements upon which they had set their minds, but they all agree that to keep the tax rate anywhere within reason it was necessary to cut deep. As an evidence of the growth of the city's expenses over its revenues within the past five years, the city auditor yesterday selected a number of departments, off-hand and figured the comparative increases. The total increase of expenses in these departments within five years has been $170,000, while the total increase in revenues has been $110,000. The same proportion will prevail throughout the departments.

In figuring out appropriations, the municipal council had to consider not only its own current expenses for ordinary city work, but also the largely increased state and county taxes, and the increases imposed upon the city by legislative enactment and over which it has no control. The state tax has jumped $20,000 per year regularly, and the city can't prevent it. The county tax has also increased regularly though not as greatly as the state tax. In regard to the expenses imposed by legislative enactment there is the dependent mothers' pension which last year cost the city $25,000 and this year may run up to $35,000. Then there is the care of tuberculosis cases, formerly taken care of by loan which costs from $5000 upwards. There is the vocational school with its teachers, equipment and other expenses and the tuberculosis physician and nurse and the school nurses. In addition to these must be added the city's own running expenses and every householder realizes the increased cost of household articles, food, fuel, etc., while every business man realizes the increased cost of materials and supplies. Under the circumstances the municipal council cannot be said to have been extravagant in making its appropriations.

The Street Department

Commissioner Morse was inclined to believe that he couldn't get along on $155,000 in the street department but his brother commissioners are of the opinion that after he figures it all out he will find a sufficient amount of money has been allotted him. Conditions will be radically different in the street department this year than formerly and will operate to the commissioner's advantage as far as spending money is concerned. In the past the street commissioner has been hounded by men seeking employment, and great leeway has been allowed the department for the purpose of giving employment to a large number of men rather than have them fall back on the charity department. This year, however, there is no such demand for that labor, for men are employed elsewhere, and while undoubtedly many will seek employment in the open when the good weather comes, the number will not approach that of former years.

Mr. Tarbox's Fine Work

If Mr. Everett E. Tarbox, who at present is conducting the annual audit of the city's books did nothing else, he would be entitled to the full amount of his bill as a result of the good work he has accomplished in ironing out the affairs of the street and sewer department and installing therein a system which is going to be the means of a big saving in those departments. When Mr. Tarbox first came here four years ago he found in existence the same old fault of all municipalities, an elaborate system of payments but little attention to receipts. A child could trace each payment made by the city but it would take an expert to figure out what the city's receipts were. In business corporations principal attention is given to accounts receivable or otherwise the concern goes to the wall. Mr. Tarbox as an auditor who is not content to check up the city's accounts and see that no money has been stolen but he aims to improve the service. Thus four years ago he installed a new system as a result of which there was an increase of about $12,000 in receipts noted on the books the next year.

Last year Mr. Tarbox started to dig a system out of the chaos existing in the street and sewer departments and he has finally perfected it. He started on his work by systemizing the reports from the outside so that all expenditures could be readily classified in the office showing exactly on what feature of departmental work each dollar is spent. It will be recalled that last year when the municipal council wanted to know the cost of paving the exact cost could not be given as teaming, for one item had not been charged up against paving. Under the new system, the cost of paving, macadamizing, sidewalks, or anything else done by the department can be told to the dollar. He then sought to regulate the system of receipts in the department for by means of receipts from other departments and outsiders, the street department should have a snug annual income. He has separated the cost of construction from the cost of maintenance so that when men who have been working on the maintenance payroll start to work on construction work their labor is charged to construction rather than to maintenance, and hence all expenses are properly classified. This new system includes the most insignificant expenditures in the department and is simplicity itself. It will become a part of the auditor's monthly statement and undoubtedly will be of inestimable assistance to Commissioner Morse in conducting the affairs of his department. It also will preclude the possibility of the appropriations being unintentionally overrun as has been done in several cases in years past.

Those School Nurses

That certainly was a strange statement that the school board made to the civil service commission relative to the ability of Misses Anna C. O'Dwyer, Margaret Dwyer and Helen Tompkins, three of Lowell's graduate nurses. The civil service commission sent the names of these three young women to the board as an eligible list from which to select a school nurse, and the school board in a letter to the commission under date of January 27 stated that in its opinion neither of the three possessed the qualifications required for the position.

Miss O'Dwyer is a graduate of the Nurses' Training school, of St. John's hospital; Miss Dwyer of the Carney hospital, Boston, and Miss Tompkins of the Lowell General hospital. In addition to graduating from these reputable schools these young ladies were among the first six in a civil service examination in which some 16 passed, and yet the school board states that neither is possessed of the qualifications for the position of school nurse. It would be a good joke, were it not for the fact that it reflects unfairly on the ability of the young ladies in question.

The school board, when it found that it should engage two school nurses, immediately went out of town and hired a couple, without giving any local nurses an opportunity to apply for the position. The civil service commission stepped in and called for an examination for the places, confined to residents of Lowell. Sixteen took the examination and every one passed. The names of the first four were sent to the school board and Miss Margaret O'Dwyer who headed the list was given the place held by Miss Walsh, one of the original two. Miss Pease who was second on the list declined the position, but the school board went no further down the line keeping Miss McDonald, the other nurse from out of town on the job. When the civil service commission demanded an appointment from the list, the school board sent its letter relative to the alleged lack of qualification on the part of the other three. Finally the civil service commission notified the city treasurer not to pay Miss McDonald any further salary as she is illegally employed.

If the school board is looking for a fight with the civil service commission, it is proceeding in the right way, but it will have its hands full for all boards and departments look alike to the commission.

At Tuesday's meeting the school board voted to have the one school nurse who is eligible, Miss O'Dwyer, divide up her work so as to cover the entire city. Some people are uncharitable enough to believe that the board is out to make things uncomfortable for the nurse who was forced upon it by the civil service commission and they also argue that if there was sufficient business to warrant the employment of two nurses a few months ago, there is still enough work for two. If one nurse is sufficient for the entire work, then the school board is open to the charge of needless extravagance in employing two. In its estimate for its annual appropriation the board has provided for the payment of two nurses. The municipal council has been cutting and recutting in an attempt to keep the appropriations as low as possible, hence in the interest of economy, if the school board is to have one nurse do all the work why give it money for an additional nurse who is not to be employed. Employers of labor and clerks in the civil service, all over the state, are obliged to make their selections from the lists sent to them by the civil service commission regardless of their personal preferences.

The Soldiers' Graves

The municipal council, evidently got out of a quarrel in graceful manner by passing up the appropriation for the care of soldiers' graves, for which originally they intended to vote $700. The law on the matter was enacted in 1911, but its provisions have not yet been carried out by any city in the commonwealth. The law reads as follows:

Chapter 122, Acts of 1911: Section 1—In every city and town there shall annually be appointed by the mayor of the city or by the selectmen of the town a citizen of the city or town, preferably a veteran of the Civil war or of the Spanish-American war, whose duty it shall be to see that the graves of all soldiers and sailors who served in the Civil war or in the Spanish-American war are suitably kept and cared for. If the cost of such care and maintenance is not paid by private persons, or by the trustees of the cemetery where any such graves are situated, it shall be paid by the city or town; and cities and towns are hereby authorized to appropriate money for this purpose. Money thus appropriated may be expended directly by the city or town, or may be paid to the trustees or manager of any cemetery in which any such grave is situated; but the sum so paid over in any year shall not exceed for each grave the sum charged for the annual care and maintenance of like graves in the same cemetery, or, if no such charge is made in that cemetery, then it shall not exceed the sum charged in other cemeteries in the same city or town for the said service.

Section 2—This act shall take effect upon its passage. Approved March 4, 1911.

A petition was sent to the mayor early in the year, signed by a number of G.A.R. veterans, asking for the appointment of Mr. J. B. Flanders as supervisor. But when the matter came up before the municipal council there was objection to the appointment of Mr. Flanders from a number of well known G.A.R. men, while the Spanish war veterans objected to the supervisor getting any pay out of the appropriation as proposed. At the present time, the G.A.R. does the best it can toward looking after the graves of its comrades, and the Sons of Veterans are taking up the work of the G.A.R. as its ranks diminish. As yet the graves of the Spanish war veterans happily are but few and the members of the organization in this city take care of them. Later, when the city has more money at its disposal, undoubtedly it will give its attention to this matter, but from the reading of the law it doesn't seem that it will ever need to employ a man at a good salary to see that the graves are properly cared for. It should be a labor of love.

Middle Street White Way

The last gun in the Middle street white way battle was fired yesterday noon, after the appropriations had been reported, and hence it was dred too late to accomplish anything for the promoters of the project. Since the members of the council started in on the appropriations, Mr. Edward W. Trull, who recently purchased property in Middle street, has been a very frequent visitor before the body, in behalf of a white way for Middle street, but he failed to convince the commissioners that the improvement should be made at the city's expense this year. Yesterday he expressed surprise to the mayor that the project wasn't assisted along by the city, and the mayor informed him that if the property owners wanted a white way of their own in Middle street the city would assist by granting the necessary pole locations, but it did not propose to foot the expense of the project out of the tax levy. Mr. Trull protested that it was a public improvement, and the mayor replied that it was more in the nature of a private graft, in which the owners of property in Middle street were the only ones particularly interested. It was an improvement, the mayor was willing to admit, but not such an improvement as to be paid for by the entire community. Hence, there will be no white way in Middle street this year, unless the public spirited citizens of that locality provide one at their own expense.

A Seven Day Hearing!

In a letter which John J. Pinder, through his attorney, has sent to Mayor O'Donnell, according to the copies published in the daily papers the writer expresses himself as follows:

"In view of said notice I hereby request a public hearing to be held to answer said charge, and I further request that said hearing be held at a time set by you of not less than seven days, in order that sufficient opportunity may be permitted me to summon such witnesses as I deem necessary to present at said hearing."

Does Mr. Pinder or his attorney mean that he desires a hearing that must last seven days, no more, no less? His letter would give that impression, judging by the language employed. If it is to cover a period of seven days it ought to be some hearing. It probably will take seven days and more to discover the "charge" to which Mr Pinder or his attorney has referred in his notification to the mayor, for the latter made no charge whatever, against Mr. Pinder. He simply abolished the position as an unnecessary expense on the police department. Whatever charge there may be is against the office as needless expense rather than against the man holding the office. The civil service law provides that when a man is removed from office on charges he may request a hearing upon them, in order that he may reply to the charges made against him. In this case Mr. Pinder wasn't removed from office, but the office itself was abolished.

"Chicken" Brady's Job

John Brady, better known about town under the soubriquet of "Chicken" as the result of his diminutive stature, received a communication from the civil service commission a few days ago, that made him sit up and take notice. He is registered under the civil service laws as a laborer and up to recently was employed in the water department. A few days ago he received a letter from Boston which read in part as follows: "We have requisitions for strong and able-bodied men at $2.25 per day to throw ash-barrels. Kindly notify us if you want such position."

"Chicken" immediately wrote back to the commission to inquire if the ash-barrels are empty. "Chicken" never weighed over 115 pounds in his life.

THE SPELLBINDER.

U. S. HUNTING CLUB

There was a large attendance at the regular meeting of the Hunting club last night. Three applications for membership were received and acted upon. The building committee reported that everything would be in readiness for a house warming on April 19.

The minstrel show committee reported that arrangements have been made to secure Merrimack Square theatre for Monday, May 1. The committee on cricket reported that they expected to have a first class team in the State league when the season opens. The regular monthly concert will be held at the club house on March 5, with President James Smith as chairman.

COUGHS AND COLDS ARE DANGEROUS

Few of us realize the danger of Coughs and Colds. We consider them common and harmless ailments. However statistics tell us every third person dies of a lung ailment. Dangerous Bronchial and Lung diseases follow a neglected cold. As your body struggles against cold germs, no better aid can be had than Dr. King's New Discovery. Its merit has been tested by old and young. In use over 45 years. Get a bottle today. Avoid the risk of serious Lung ailments. Druggists.

Established March 1, 1877

PETER DAVEY

UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Office 19 East Merrimack St.
Telephone 79-W

Residence 83 Bartlett St.

Telephone 79-R

To Discard Aged or Weather-Soiled Skin

To free your skin of blotches, roughness, muddiness, over-redness, freckles or any cutaneous difficulty, the best thing to do is to free yourself of the skin itself. This is easily accomplished by the use of ordinary mercolized wax. Use at night as you use cold cream, washing it off next morning. Immediately the old skin surface skin begins to come off in fine powder-like particles. Gradually the entire cuticle is absorbed in this way, causing no pain or inconvenience. Nor does the face exhibit any evidence of this treatment. The special layer of skin now in view presents a specimen beauty and youthful redness obtainable in no other way. We have ever heard of. The mercolized wax can of course be found in any drugstore and you won't need more than an ounce of it.

To free yourself of wrinkles or crowsfeet, there's nothing better than the saxolite lotion. You need only dissolve an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint of witch hazel and bathe your face in the solution. The effect is quite remarkable, the lines being less in evidence even after the first application.

HELD ANNUAL REUNION

St. Peter's Parish and Friends Crowded Associate Hall—Fine Entertainment Presented

With Associate hall beautifully decorated the annual parish reunion of St. Peter's church was held last evening and was attended by the same success that has characterized these events for the past decade. The hall was well filled with members of the large parish and the balcony was literally packed with interested onlookers who were present long before the delightful concert program started. In the afternoon the children enjoyed a varied program which consisted of singing and dancing. Everything considered it was one of the most successful gatherings of its kind in the annals of the parish.

The concert last night as given by members of the South End club was of unusual merit and each and every number was enthusiastically received. Edward "Tip" Handley had general charge of the program. John A. Quinn handled the role of interlocutor in a very creditable manner and he was well supported by the entire cast. The various solo numbers left nothing to be desired in both classical and popular music, those by Ed. Handley, Commissioner James E. Donnelly, Joseph M. Reilly, Walter Davis, John Roane and Richard Barry being especially pleasing. The chorus work was praiseworthy while the work of the ends kept the audience in laughter throughout.

REV. D. J. KELEHER
Pastor

The concert program complete was as follows:

Grand opening overture, "My Little Girl," "Close to My Heart," "I Found You Among the Roses," "Come Back Dixie," solos sustained by Con. J. O'Neil; "Eileen Asthore," John F. Roane, Jr.; "You'd Never Know That Old Home Town of Mine," Ed (Tip) Handley; "Return With The Springtime, Acushla Machree," Andrew Doyle; "Beatrice Fairfax Tell Me What to Do," Walter Davis; "In the Garden of the Gods," Joseph M. Reilly; "The Little Grey Mother," James Lyons; "Roll On, Beautiful World, Roll On," James E. Donnelly; "Just a Little Bit of Heaven," Richard Barry; "Listen to That Dixie Band," John McArdle; "When I Leave This World Behind," Walter Clough; "When You're Down in Louisville Call On Me," Frank Ginty; specially musical, the Misses Coughlin and Bryant Palmer of Boston; duet, "Don't Bite the Hand That's Feeding You," Jarleth Dacey and chorus of 50 voices.

During the latter part of the evening, general dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Markham's orchestra. The pastor of the parish, Rev. D. J. Keleher, Ph. D., and Rev. W. George Mullin, Rev. D. J. Heffernan and Rev. P. L. Crayton were present and assisted very materially in making the affair a success.

During the afternoon several hundred children of the parish took much enjoyment out of the events arranged for their benefit. There were candy scrambles and other games that kept them busy during the afternoon. One of the decided features was a game in which boys only were allowed to enter. This was called a pillow contest. The children also enjoyed dancing. The booths about the hall, reported a thriving business during the afternoon and evening.

The officers were as follows:

General Manager, Patrick Reynolds
Assistant General Manager, John L. McDonough

Reception Committee

James E. Donnelly, Chairman
William Welch John Watson
Bernard D. Ward

Floor Director, James E. Markham
Assistant Floor Director, Francis P. Corbett
Floor Marshal, William F. Condon

Aids

Dr. J. McGreevey	Jos. Daley
Dr. Wm. F. Ryan	H. F. Sheehan
J. H. Frawley	F. W. Sadlier
C. A. Donahue	T. F. Carmody
C. J. O'Neil	C. A. Donohoe
M. J. Gilbride	John Delaney
B. J. Maloney	Richard Ryan
J. F. Roane, Jr.	C. A. Driscoll
F. P. White	Wm. Murray
W. J. McLaughlin	Edw. Falsey
L. Gendron	Jos. G. Pyne
J. A. Quinn	J. F. McMahon
Arthur T. Cull	John O'Grady
Wm. Geary	Wm. Cooney
J. H. Egan	Stephen Shelvey
H. Forgays	F. A. Donohoe
Frank Ginty	J. L. Markham
J. B. Gilbride	John O'Neil
P. J. Roane	C. A. Sadlier
F. Farrell	John Harley
E. H. Frawley	Jas. McPartland
Chas. Fox	A. Finnegan
Dr. F. W. Morris	

Lemonade Table

Miss Lulu Ginty, Matron

Mollie J. Donohoe	Margaret Corbett
W. Flannagan	Nellie Corbett
M. Gormley	Margaret McCavitt
G. E. Keleher	Alice Gray
Margaret Riley	Jennie McGrath
A. G. Donohoe	Agnes McKennedy
Margaret Green	Mabel Ferguson
Mary O'Neil	Evelyn Barrows
Katharyn Hafferty	Kathryn King
Mary O'Day	Bessie Kirwin
W. Harrington	J. Barrett
Marion Sanderson	E. O'Connor
Sadie Sheehan	Martina Mahan
Sarah Tighe	Minnie Donahue
Mary Maley	M. McGreevy
Kathryn Sparks	Sadie Riley
Margaret Box	Mary Griffin
Mary G. Quinn	Mary Guilfoyle
Mollie Duffy	Jennie Maguire
E. Morningham	Kathleen O'Day
Lillian Moran	Sarah Conlon
Vera Moody	Elizabeth Drain
Loretta Whitely	Margaret Hyde
S. G. Sparks	Anna Scannell
Helen O'Day	Margaret McDevitt
Rita Maughan	C. Broderick
Minnie Shea	Lena Farrell
Mary E. Green	Lucy Spillane
Alice Mahan	Florence Hague
Rita Nawn	Ella McDermott
Kathryn Box	Mrs. H. McNally
May Howe	Mrs. H. L. Rourke
Kathryn Cawley	Mrs. J. F. Donohoe
Mary Crowe	Mrs. D. Mahoney
H. M. Kilkennic	Mrs. M. Singleton
Mary Griffin	Mrs. D. J. Donahue
K. O'Connell	Mrs. Jos. Green
Mollie Roane	Mrs. T. Coleman
H. Donahue	Mrs. A. Millcent
Louise Cull	Mrs. J. Maughan
V. Redliker	Mrs. H. Gilligan
C. Redliker	Mrs. W. Fahey
M. Bushnell	Mrs. J. Farrell
A. McLaughlin	Mrs. D. F. Carroll
Abigail Cronan	Mrs. F. Rourke
Hannah Cronan	Mrs. P. Sheehan

Refreshment Table

Mrs. Miles F. Burns, Matron

Mrs. C. McQuade	Mrs. B. Carmody
Mrs. B. Ward	Mrs. H. Cahill
Mrs. W. Higgins	Mrs. M. McDonough
Mrs. P. Flanigan	Mrs. Lomasney
Mrs. C. Maguire	Mrs. C. McKennedy
Mrs. M. Gilbride	Mrs. M. Kenny
Mrs. M. Moody	Mrs. Maxwell
Mrs. O. Donohoe	Mrs. D. Markham
Mrs. D. Corcoran	Mrs. J. Sadlier
Mrs. J. Dooley	Mrs. M. Flanagan
Mrs. A. McQuade	Mrs. Alice Earley
Mrs. H. W. Garity	Mrs. Annie Flynn
Mrs. M. Regan	Catharine Hey
Mrs. N. McNenny	Delia Leonard
Mrs. M. Bloomburg	Delia Dailey
Mrs. L. Gendron	Nellie Farrell
Mrs. A. Ferguson	Mary Farrell
Mrs. C. Markham	

Candy Table

Miss Laura L. Gendron, Matron

Mary Corbett	Genevieve Breen
W. McDonald	Margaret Morris
Mary Kennedy	Sadie Maguire
Mary Flanagan	Margaret Maguire
Gertrude McQuade	Mary Daley
Katherine Tobin	Nora Graffam
Katherine Quinn	M. Armstrong
Mary Tobin	Mary Howard
Lena Gendron	K. Mulligan
May Roarke	Anna McKeon
Edith Donohoe	Lucy Spillane
May Smith	J. Flanagan
Abbie Higgins	Katherine Joyce
A. McLaughlin	Regina McDonald
Katherine McAleer	Ethel Codding
Mary Quirbach	Alice Burns
Mollie Bradley	Mary King
Loretta Kelley	Lena King
Mary Markham	Mary Ryan
Marion Gormley	May Mealey
Mary Mongavin	May Gilday
Mary Egan	Alicia Riley
Mary Early	Mary Baxter
Mary Collins	Grace Gibbons
Sadie Box	Katherine Kiernan
Margaret McQuade	Mary Kelley
Nellie Rogers	Alice Leary
Mary Fitzgerald	Anna Leary
Alice Gilligan	Anna Rogers
Katherine Murphy	Lillian Rogers
Delia Daley	May Tighe
Mary McQuade	Lena Marshall
Anna Mulligan	Josephine McHugh
Marion Sanderson	Mabel Sheehan
Anna Lardner	

"CASCARETS" FOR HEADACHE, COLDS, LIVER, BOWELS

Enjoy life! Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy and constipated.

Get rid of bad breath, sour stomach, coated tongue, indigestion.

Get a 10-cent box now.

They're fine! Cascarets liven your liver, clean your thirty feet of bowels and sweeten your stomach. You eat one or two, like candy, before going to bed and in the morning your head is clear, tongue is clean, stomach sweet, breath right and cold gone. Get a box from your druggist and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Cascarets stop sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, bad breath and constipation.

Mothers should give a whole Cascaret to cross, bilious, sick, feverish children any time. They are harmless and never gripe or sicken.

THE WEATHER
Snow tonight, followed by clearing and somewhat colder tonight.

THE LOWELL SUN

7 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY MARCH 2 1916 | PRICE ONE CENT

Tewksbury Man Murdered

SENATE READY TO VOTE ON GORE RESOLUTION

Administration Leaders Confident—Stone Opposes President—Gore Defends Resolve

WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—Administration forces faced with delay in the house, turned today to the senate to carry out President Wilson's demand for the defeat of resolutions warning Americans off armed ships of European belligerents.

Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee announcing openly from the floor that he was not in accord with the president on the issue, proposed, however, that the senate take an adjournment instead of another recess and thereby get into a new legislative day, relieving the parliamentary situation which thus far has held Senator Gore's resolution from coming to a vote. His action was known after a conference of administration leaders who were satisfied they had the votes to defeat the Gore resolution and demonstrate to Germany that the dissensions against the president's foreign policy do not have the support of congress.

"It has been decided to bring the resolution up for action as soon as possible, but probably not today," said Senator James of Kentucky, one of the administration supporters. "We have got the votes in the senate to smash it."

Senator Stone at the outset of his proposal made a statement of the international situation as he understood it.

Senator Stone declared it was his hope that something could be done at once to bring the president and congress more closely in accord on the issue and that he was framing a substitute for all pending resolutions on the subject.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, ranking republican member of the foreign relations committee, declared he was in accord with Senator Stone's desire for prompt action, and he agreed that the issue was more important than anything else now before congress.

President Wilson and republican leader Mann of the house will discuss the attitude of republicans on the armed ship issue at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the president's request. The president intends to place the issue squarely before the republicans in an effort to gain their support.

The conference aroused much discussion over whether the administration forces had lost some ground in the house which they hoped to overcome by republican votes or whether the president, considering the question entirely a non-partisan one, wanted to inform the leaders on all sides. The latter view was predominant.

SEN. STONE OPPOSES PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Administration forces in the senate evidently were lining up for a vote on the armed ship resolutions. Senator Stone, at the opening of the session today proposed an adjournment, to take the senate out of the recess in which it has been working, so as to clear the parliamentary situation for a vote on Senator Gore's resolution.

Senator Stone made the suggestion after a conference with administration leaders who decided the situation in the house was so complex with the possibility of delay that they would not wait for the vote there but would go ahead in the senate where they are confident the anti-administration resolution can be defeated. It seemed to be the plan to bring the Gore resolution up tomorrow.

Senator James, one of the administration supporters, said:

"It has been decided to bring the resolutions up for action as soon as possible, but probably not today. We have got the votes in the senate to smash it."

Senator Stone, from the floor, announced that he and President Wilson were not in accord on the issue.

"I desire to state the international situation as I understand it," said Senator Stone.

"A sharp issue has been defined between Germany and Great Britain as to the status of armed merchantmen. Germany contends that armed merchant vessels are the equivalent of auxiliary war vessels and has announced her policy to be that after March 1 armed merchantmen would be regarded as warships and subject to the rules of war.

"On the other hand Great Britain contends that under international law merchantmen have the right to be armed for defensive purposes and that armed merchantmen are entitled under the law to the same immunity as unarmed ships, without regard to cargo. She has announced her intention to carry out that policy.

"That is the issue between these two governments.

"Now where does the United States come in? In this way. If both persist in these courses, neither yielding to each other, nor to the importunities of neutral nations, and if Germany attacks an armed merchantman and any American citizen is injured, the question is presented to this government what our attitude would be. If no American citizens were on board we would have no cause to interfere, unless we proceeded on the altruistic theory of obligations of humanity.

"To my mind this emergency is of high importance.

"The president's attitude is this: He supports the contention that belligerent merchantmen have the right to bear arms for defensive purposes; but he does not say, nor do I, and I doubt if anyone does, what constitutes defensive purposes.

"Furthermore, if a German warship without warning should attack and sink a merchantman, the president proposes to consider the attack a lawless act. He will be disposed to hold the German government to strict accountability, and if the German government persisted he would be tempted to sever diplomatic relations and submit the matter to congress, which under the constitution, is the war making body.

"If it must come to this, and I must disagree with the president, and if I must disagree with my colleagues, I must not face this as a political question. My duty is clear. I cannot but believe that if a belligerent merchantman is armed, whether for defensive or offensive purposes, if it is transporting war material, it is the equivalent of a war vessel.

"The president is opposed to the Gore resolution. He is not only opposed to laws on the subject but to any form of official warning, keeping people off belligerent vessels.

"If I could have my way, I would take some step to save this country from becoming embroiled in the European war through the recklessness of some thoughtless citizen."

Sen. Lodge Speaks

Senator Lodge replied that the president had a right to ask for a vote on the precise proposition of warning Americans in as much as the issue had hampered his negotiations, so that he could know whether he could proceed with diplomatic negotiations with congress behind him.

"I have listened with profound interest to what has been said by the senator from Missouri," said Senator Lodge. "I thoroughly appreciate the gravity of the situation to which he has called attention. I agree entirely with him that this is not a party question. I also agree that our first duty is to dispose of the precise issue that has been raised by the discussion to which he has referred.

"I think the president hampered, as he tells us in the letter to Representative Pou, in his diplomatic negotiations, has a right to ask for a vote on the precise proposition, in order that he may know whether he can go on with his negotiations with congress behind him or whether congress takes the view of the belligerent power with which he is negotiating.

Sen. Williams Defends Wilson

Senator John Sharp Williams, democrat, staunchly defended the president.

"The time has come for you and me," said Senator Williams, "to act on an issue that is before us, not because of any action of the president, but because of what he has been compelled to confront because of constant nagging, constant querying and constant expression of opinion in favor of the negotiations of a foreign power as against our own."

"The time has come," continued Senator Williams, "when the question states itself this way: 'Shall I acclaim America first, or shall I acclaim Deutschland ueber alles?'

"I have the highest contempt for one who would inject politics in this situation. Politicians looking for a racial vote of some kind to be gained from this are not only poor Americans but poor politicians.

"Through resolutions and in speeches and whispers, the chief magistrate has been prodded and nagged and dared. To do what? To surrender the initiative the constitution places with him, and let congress take the lead in foreign relations. Now the patience of a very patient man has been exhausted. Now he says: 'You have given

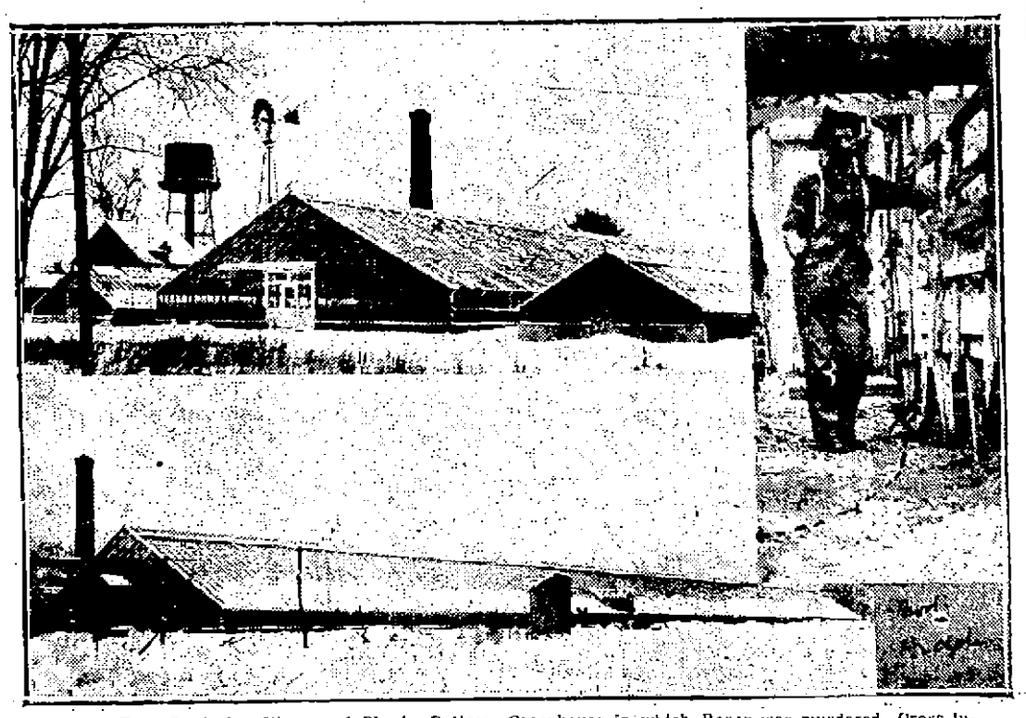
Continued to page eight

CHALIFOUX'S ON THE SQUARE

Women's and Misses'
NEW SPRING SUITS
$20 Values for
$14.50

This price is for the purpose of leaving a two-fold impression. First, of value related to price, and second, to lend increasing confidence that we are giving the best of style and quality at the lowest possible price.

ROBBER KILLED ALBERT ROPER



Top—General View of Plant. Bottom—Greenhouse in which Roper was murdered. Cross indicates where murder was committed. The side picture shows Mark Roper standing at spot where his father was struck down. The dotted line shows where body was dragged by murderer.
Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

Victim Struck on Head With Iron Pipe in His Greenhouse—Large Sum of Money Taken From His Vest Pocket—Murderer Evidently Familiar With Place and Man's Customs

One of the most cold-blooded murders ever committed in this section of the country took place in Tewksbury last night when Albert Roper, one of the town's best known and most respected citizens, was hit over the head with a piece of iron pipe while passing through one of his greenhouses and instantly killed. Mr. Roper was a successful florist. He started at the bottom of the ladder and worked his way along by hard and earnest endeavor. He was 55 years of age and the little building in which he started business has grown into a plant valued at more than $25,000. He leaves a wife and five children, four boys and one girl. The children are all grown up. The Lowell police are working on the case as are also the state and Tewksbury police. There is a suspect in the case and the local police feel quite positive that his arrest is a matter of but a few hours. Robbery, the police believe, was the motive for the murder as Mr. Roper was in the habit of carrying large sums of money on his person.

Ominous Message

About a week ago it was reported in the Boston flower market where Mr. Roper was very well and very favorably known, that he was dead and the next day a wreath arrived at Mr. Roper's home in Tewksbury. The sender's card was attached and when a day or two later he met Mr. Roper in Boston he felt, he said, as if the grave had opened. Mr. Roper, however, did not pay any attention to the wreath, accepting it as a rather weird joke on the part of some friend. The sender of the wreath could not recall who it was told him that Mr. Roper was dead, but now that the wreath may probably be linked with the murder, the police will endeavor to ascertain who it was started the report relative to Mr. Roper's death.

Murderer Familiar With Premises

Every indication points to the fact that the murderer of Albert Roper was not only familiar with the premises, but was also familiar with his movements. Mr. Roper was on his way from the boiler room to his house. He had finished for the day and had said good night to his son Arthur, the night fireman. He was wending his way to the house through aisles of roses and carnations and upon reaching a point where the flowers seemed most beautiful he was struck to earth never to rise again. The blow administered by his assassin was a powerful one, the hateful iron pipe imbedding itself in the victim's skull. The doctors believe that Roper was dead before his head struck the ground. The deed was committed in the main aisle of one of the smallest of the four greenhouses and within 150 feet of the Roper dwelling, the entrance to the hothouse being but a few feet away from the kitchen door.

ALBERT ROPER,
The Murdered Man

Found Father's Body

After striking Mr. Roper down the murderer tore away his victim's vest to reach a well filled wallet. This stands out as another bit of evidence to show that the murderer was familiar even with the manner in which Mr. Roper carried his money, for not another pocket in the dead man's clothes was disturbed. The murderer dragged the body, face downward, from the centre aisle of the greenhouse to a side aisle in order that it might not be discovered until he was well on his way. The body was discovered by Arthur Roper when he went into the greenhouse to take the temperature. He first found his father's hat near a pool of blood and, thinking his father had fallen and had gone to the house without his hat, Arthur rushed into the house, only to learn that his father had not arrived.

When Arthur Roper realized that his father had not reached the house his heart sank within him. He immediately suspected foul play and despatched his younger brother Chester to the home of Mark Roper, an elder brother, who lives less than a quarter of a mile from his father's home. Then Arthur went back into the greenhouse and in the side aisle he found the body of his father, the head gashed and lying in a pool of blood. It was a sickening and heart-rending sight. Arthur turned away and awaited the arrival of his older brother. The two brothers then pulled the body into another aisle and covered the face with a cloth.

Albert Roper at Home

When Albert Roper arrived, this morning, at the flower market in Boston where he is employed he picked up a paper and read of the murder of his father. He immediately telephoned to his home in Tewksbury and told them he would come to Tewksbury as quickly as possible. He arrived in the early forenoon. "I am employed in the flower market in Otis street, Boston," said Albert, "and I board with a Mrs. Fox in Waite street, in that city. Last evening Mrs. Fox went calling and I took care of the children. I played with them from 6 to 10 o'clock and then I went for Mrs. Fox, having promised that I would see her home. I presume I was playing with the little ones when my father was murdered."

Time of Murder

The murder was committed between the hours of 8.30 and 10.30 o'clock. Mr. Roper had been to one of the village stores during the evening and left there about 8 o'clock. He had received an order for carnations and it was immediately after picking the carnations that the foul murder was committed. He had said good night to his son, Arthur, and proceeded, lantern in hand, through the passageway leading from the boiler house and through the greenhouses to the Roper dwelling. Arthur went back to the fires and did not hear a sound, though the hand of the assassin had laid his father low within a minute's walk from the boiler room. It is thought that not a sound was uttered.

No Chance For Struggle

The spot where he was struck down did not show sign of a struggle and Mr. Roper's sons declare that their father, who was wiry and powerful as well, would have put up a strong fight for his life if he had not been slain without warning. The blow was directly across the head, showing that the murderer struck him from the side

Continued to page three

GERMANY'S ULTIMATUM

LONDON, March 2.—A number of despatches from Lisbon and Amsterdam today reiterated the report that Germany has addressed an ultimatum to Portugal on account of the seizure of German merchantmen in Portuguese ports. The report is generally believed here, although it lacks official confirmation.

An Amsterdam despatch gives a report from the German frontier that Germany will declare war on Portugal unless she receives satisfaction for the seizure of German ships. It is said Portuguese citizens in Germany have been warned by their consuls that the situation may become critical.

According to Lisbon despatches, it is said the German minister is on the point of departure.

GERMAN SEA RAIDER CAPTURED BY BRITISH

The German Offensive at Verdun Has Been Resumed—Sinking of Five Vessels Today

Reports of the capture of a German sea raider, either the auxiliary cruiser Moewe or the cruiser Roon, came to hand today from South American sources. The capture is said to have been effected by British cruisers, which took their prize to Trinidad, off the Venezuelan coast. It was a crew from the Moewe that brought the British steamer Appam a prize into Hampton Roads.

German Offensive Resumed

The German offensive at Verdun has been resumed after a brief halt but apparently not on the scale or with the force exerted during the early days of the drive.

The offensive was re-opened on the plain of the Woevre, east of Verdun.

Continued to page eight

TO RAISE FARES

Ruling That Burden of Proof Not on Bay State Railway

BOSTON, Mar. 2.—The public service commission declined today to rule that the burden of proof was on the Bay State Street Railway to show that its petition for an increase in fares was based on the presumption that it would result in additional revenue.

The commission held that it was not compelled to make any further interpretation of the statute governing the petition for an increase, but that it desired to obtain all the evidence possible before making a final decision.

UNDER SENTENCE TO DIE

BOSTON, Mar. 2.—Anton Retkovits who is under sentence to die the week beginning Mar. 12 for the murder of Douka Perembida at Fall River two years ago, was brought to state prison today from New Bedford. Retkovits was recently convicted at Taunton and it was stated that he had refused to permit his attorneys to plead for clemency in his behalf.

Middlesex Trust Co.

Judge N. Wright: "What, another House Burglar Case?" I can't understand why it is that sensible people of Lowell will invite disaster by persistently keeping valuables in the Home, when absolute safety may be secured by paying $5.00 a year to

MIDDLESEX TRUST CO.
Merrimack-Palmer Sts.

where there is security, privacy, courtesy. I can't understand it."

We invite the man or woman who reads the remark of the Judge, to come in and see and understand. Our time against your time and the pleasure is ours.

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton Street. Tel. 1513

MECHANICS SAVINGS BANK IN LOWELL
INC. 1861
202 MERRIMACK ST.
Interest Begins March 4

A BIG TIME FRIDAY NIGHT
AT
A.O.H. HALL
WOLFE TONE GUARDS
Military Carnival
Haverhill Irish Volunteers will drill with the Wolfe Tones and Sheridan Guards of Lowell for a silver cup presented by Humphrey O'Sullivan.

Have you ever learned the cost of wiring your home?
Do you know how easily it can now be accomplished?
Here is our
OFFER:—
Tell us you would like your hall, living room, dining room and kitchen wired for electric lights—complete with fixtures, shades and lamps. All wiring concealed.
The Cost:—$4.02 down and $2.00 a month for ten months. Telephone for further details.
LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.,
29-31 Market Street.
TEL. 821

HILL DYESTUFFS BILL

Prospect That Some Other Measure With Same Import May Be Adopted By Congress

Special to the Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—There seems to be but little doubt that the Hill dyestuff tariff bill is killed in committee, so far as a bill bearing his name goes, but it is by no means uncertain that the measure he had so stoutly fought for may pass under another name and the manufacturers be ultimately benefited. There is a project on foot in the committee to shelve the Hill bill for a tariff on coal tar dyestuffs and permit Chairman Claud Kitchin of the ways and means committee, and democratic floor leader, to have the prestige of introducing such a tariff as a part of the revenue bill. It will be about the first of April that the revenue bill is framed and ready, according to present indications, and Mr. Hill, although regretting the probable loss of his bill, is loyal to the manufacturing interests of the country to let that stand in the way of aiding in any measure that will bring about the desired result of obtaining necessary dyestuff for home industries, for it is believed that with a sufficient protective tariff the manufacture of dyestuffs in this country, to take the place of those now held up by the European war, would immediately follow.

The war department is backing the idea of home produced dyestuffs and Gen. Hugh L. Scott, acting secretary of war, has sent a letter to Representative Hill, saying that such factories could be turned into munition factories at short notice. In answer to a letter from Mr. Hill, Gen. Scott replied that he should regard such factories as an important move in the preparedness program.

Representative Hill sought information of the department as to the relation of such dyestuff plants to the government in case of war. Gen. Scott said in part: "In reply to your letter requesting the opinion of the war department of the value to the U. S. government of plants producing dyestuffs in time of peace and capable of producing explosives in time of war, I may state that such plants would be of unquestionable value to any government and that their maintenance in time of peace, with the complete equipment which would enable their output to be changed from dyestuffs to explosives in a week's time, as claimed by Dr. Schoellkopf, would revive to a great extent the necessity for the erection and maintenance of special large plants for war purposes."

President Wilson and Floor Leader Kitchin have had a conference on the dyestuff tariff question as raised by Mr. Hill, and it is believed the Kitchin bill—as rumored—will result.

RICHARDS.

SEVERE RHEUMATIC PAINS DISAPPEAR

Rheumatism depends on an acid in the blood, which affects the muscles and joints, producing inflammation, stiffness and pain. This acid gets into the blood through some defect in the digestive process

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the old-time blood tonic, is very successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It acts directly, with purifying effect, on the blood, and improves the digestion. Don't suffer. Get Hood's today.

EX-MAYOR MONROE DEAD

FORMER MELROSE EXECUTIVE DIED SUDDENLY AT HIS HOME YESTERDAY

BOSTON, March 2.—Oliver B. Monroe, former mayor of Melrose, died suddenly at his home on Howard street, Melrose, yesterday afternoon. He had suffered from an attack of asthma for two weeks, but his condition had not been thought to be serious.

Mr. Monroe was very prominent in political circles in Melrose, and served as mayor from 1912 to 1914. He was engaged in newspaper and trade journal work for several years, occupying the office of financial editor of the Providence Journal for several years. Later he became editor of the Cotton and Wool Reporter in Boston, where he remained until his retirement five years ago.

He moved to Melrose from Providence in 1890. He served on the board of aldermen for six years and on the park commission for four years. Mr. Monroe was a truster of the Melrose Savings bank and belonged to the Melrose grange and the Fort Hill lodge, K. of P.

HIT HARD BY WAR

ROME, March 2.—War has hit very hard the Alpi Apuani district, especially in the neighborhood of Carrara, where Italy's finest marble is quarried. France and Belgium were Italy's best customers for marble before the war, Germany being a close third and England fourth. There has been no exportation to France, Belgium and Germany for over a year, and now it is announced that England has decided not to allow any further importation of this type of luxury.

EPIDEMIC OF COLDS IN PARIS

PARIS, March 2.—Although the weather has been mild and almost balmy the greater part of the winter, seventy-five per cent of the people of Paris are victims of colds. The epidemic is largely charged to the first visit of the Zeppelin air raiders. Many persons at that time rushed, lightly clad, from warm apartments to the streets or into cold, clamy cellars.

GLYNN REPLIES TO ROOT

Says Pres. Wilson is Standing for Highest Ideals of American Statesmanship

SYRACUSE, N. Y. Mar. 2.—In keynote speech and platform, democrats of New York state, assembled in informal convention, last night ratified the administration of President Wilson and took steps to bring about his reelection.

Harmony marked the convention's deliberations, every proposal being adopted unanimously.

The following delegates-at-large to the national democratic convention at St. Louis were recommended for the support of the party voters at the spring primaries: United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, William Church Osborn, chairman of the democratic state committee; George J. Meyer of Buffalo, a strong supporter of the president, and Samuel Untermyer, a New York attorney.

The convention also adopted a resolution recommending the re-election of Norman E. Mack of Buffalo as democratic national committee man. The delegates to the national convention, who comprise New York's "Big Four," were unpledged, but were nominated with the understanding that they are to work for a second term for Mr. Wilson.

Glynn's Speech the Keynote

The keynote speech, delivered by former Governor Martin H. Glynn, as permanent chairman, aroused much enthusiasm. In addition to commending the actions of Mr. Wilson during his occupancy of the national executive chair, it replied directly to the criticisms of the president and his foreign policies made by former Senator Elihu Root at the recent republican state convention in New York.

At the conclusion of its delivery the convention adopted a resolution providing for the distribution of the democratic state committee of one million copies throughout the country.

The platform expressed the faith of New York's democracy in the president and urged his renomination and re-election. It was adopted enthusiastically amid prolonged cheering. It dealt solely with national and international issues.

A futile attempt was made by advocates of equal suffrage to insert in the platform a plank pledging the party to the affirmative side of the woman suffrage question. Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain and Mrs. Mary Baird of New York headed a delegation that petitioned the resolutions committee to go on record in favor of the equal suffrage amendment.

Miss Harriet May Mills, representing Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse of the state woman suffrage party, asked the committee to support the bill, now pending in the legislature, which is designed to provide for another suffrage referendum in 1917. Both requests were refused on the ground that the platform was not intended to define the party's position on any matters of state policy.

GLYNN'S ADDRESS

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 2.—Former Governor Martin H. Glynn, at the democratic state conference here last night, gave his party's answer to the speech of former United States Senator Elihu Root before the republican state conference in New York several weeks ago. Taking up Mr. Root's charges against the present national administration, he answered each point. He also took Mr. Root to task for his speeches in the United States senate and for his acts as secretary of state of the United States.

The federal reserve act, the Underwood tariff, foreign affairs and preparedness were all dwelt upon by the former governor.

"Four years ago," he said, "this nation committed its care and welfare to the democratic party, and the democratic party has been true to its trust. It has preserved peace, observed international laws and followed the traditions of the fathers of the country."

Federal Reserve Act

After reviewing the legislation enacted during the democratic control of congress, Mr. Glynn replied to Mr. Root's reference to the federal reserve act. He charged that Mr. Root as senator opposed the passage of the measure.

"This law," continued Mr. Glynn, "is one of the greatest achievements of the administration in the last fifty years. Why, there never has been a finer exhibition of foresight and statesmanship than that exhibited by the president in insisting upon the passage of the federal reserve act. Subsequent events showed the president was prompted by wondrous economic insight. The republican party has had possession of the government since 1861, with the exception of Mr. Cleveland's two terms. During all that time the necessity for financial legislation was never so great nor so imperative. The republican party stands convicted of absolute impotence and incompetence because it failed utterly to meet the situation."

This legislative act, former Governor Glynn said, saved the country from a panic when the European war broke out. It enabled the financial officers, he said, to meet the demands made upon American business and financial interests and saved them from a repetition of the panic of 1907, which the speaker characterized as a "painful experience" that would always be an "indictment of the republican party."

Root's Part in Panic

"Mr. Root," he declared, "was a part of Mr. Roosevelt's administration in 1907, and shares with Mr. Roosevelt and the leaders of the republican party the responsibility for the wholly unnecessary and calamitous happenings of that panic."

Mr. Root, the democratic chairman asserted, voted and worked against the reserve act, and "Mr. Root lost his 'peacock feather' as a prophet when he made his famous speech against the federal reserve act."

The Underwood tariff law has "stimulated American industry," the former governor declared, and he blamed the foreign war for the decline in imports.

Denying that Mr. Root was "the keeper of national honor," Mr. Glynn added: "For years Mr. Root has been the star performer at peace conferences and yet he condemns President Wilson for maintaining peace."

"For years," continued the speaker, "Mr. Root has been acclaimed an apostle of peace, and in 1912 was awarded the Nobel prize for the promotion of peace, but now he sallies forth as a drum and trumpet statesman.

"From a cooing dove of peace Mr. Root suddenly transforms himself into a swooping hawk of war.

Country With President

"Years ago enthusiasts in Bohemia took the skin of John Ziska, the patriot, and stretched it as a drumhead to rouse their followers to war. So, today, Elihu Root would stretch the skin of the victims of the Lusitania, the skin of the victims of the Belgium invasion, into a drumhead to rouse the kindly sentiment of sympathy into the cruel frenzy of war.

"Mr. Root may beat his drumhead and blare his trumpet, but President Wilson will go right on winning the plaudits of the American people by appealing to reason, humanity and common sense and by keeping the United States the uncompromising champion of the neutral world and the undaunted maintainer of the principles which have guided this nation since 1776."

In his foreign policy the president, Mr. Glynn said, was following the example of Washington, John Adams, Jefferson, Lincoln and Grant.

"The president," he declared, "has only shaken his finger, when he has to shake his fist the world will find it mailed.

"The president stands where George Washington stood in 1793, when England in the war with France seized and held hundreds of vessels floating the Stars and Stripes. He prepared for war—he built warships, he erected forts—but he didn't shoot. He settled our differences with England by negotiation just as Woodrow Wilson is trying to do today. And here parenthetically let me remark that while secretary of state, Elihu Root in a speech in Argentina practically repeated the great sentiment of Charles Sumner—'Washington upholding the peaceful neutrality of this country while he met unmoved the clamor of the people wickedly crying for war is a greater man than Washington crossing the Delaware or taking Cornwallis' sword at Yorktown.' Yet Mr. Root condemns President Wilson for the very policy for which he praised George Washington.

War the Last Resort

"If Mr. Root will turn to the Declaration of Independence he will find a reminder that this is a country which resorts to war only after every other form of redress has failed.

"He will find that before the American colonies drew the pistol 'they warned, reminded, appealed and conjured' the British government 'to disavow' the usurpation of which they complained. Then as now a race of free men claimed the right to be patient, and now as then a race of free men will not falter in a final appeal to arms should their patience be exhausted and all other means of asserting their rights be in vain. As a nation we deprecate the waste, the horror, the unreason of war, because we are masters of our own destiny.

"The efforts of politicians, like Mr. Root, to make political capital out of the course which President Wilson deems it wise for this nation to follow in respect to Belgium during the early stages of the present war, deserve, and will receive, unqualified condemnation and rebuke at the hands of the most right thinking and patriotic American.

"No fair minded man can question the wisdom and integrity of our Belgian policy."

Root's Actions During War

Former Governor Glynn declared that Mr. Root himself, as secretary of state, adopted the same policy in handling the Japanese-Korean situation, despite the protests of Korea against the domination of Japan and despite a treaty between Korea and the United States.

"The insincerity of the republican party," the speaker asserted, "in its Belgian attitude is shown by the words of Mr. Taft and Mr. Roosevelt and by its record between 1901 and 1909. In 1903 occurred the massacre at Kishineff and for many years after 1903 Macedonia run red with blood; in 1905 the horrors of the Congo were officially published; in 1905 Korea lost its independence; in 1906 Morocco was parceled out by the powers and yet no note of protest came from the republican party. * * * * What reason then, has the republican party to expect people to believe that it would have acted any differently in 1914 than it did from 1901 to 1909?"

Charging that the Taft administration "nagged and persecuted" the Madero administration in Mexico, Mr. Glynn declared that the Mexican situation was an "unfortunate inheritance" of the democratic administration.

Blames Taft Administration

"The truth of the matter is," continued the speaker, "if the Taft administration had given Madero one-tenth part of the support and assistance that this administration is giving the de facto government, President Madero would most assuredly have been successful in establishing peace and order, and the allegad crime of Huerta would not have been committed, the loss of American lives and property since that time would not have occurred and Mexico would have been spared the horrors of the fractricidal war which has since prevailed there."

Turning to the Lusitania case, the chairman said that Mr. Root ignores what has been accomplished and overlooks the assurances for the future and the reparations for the past which have been made.

"Does it become Mr. Root," he asked, "to criticise the president and the administration for not endorsing its demands when previous administrations with which he was intimately connected failed to use ordinary foresight in laying the foundation for suitable military forces?"

Would Make President Incendiary

Mr. Root forgets, the former governor asserted, that the belligerent countries are wrought into a state of excitement by the nervous tension of the conflict in which they are engaged.

"Mr. Root," the speaker declared, "would make of the president of the United States as incendiary in a world of fire. He would make the chief executive a swashbuckler instead of a statesman. He would have the president forget that while we debate men are dying by thousands across the ocean, that while we are inconvenienced the rest of the world is enduring the agonies of the damned; that while we are sitting quietly by our firesides the rest of the human race is writhing in the torments of the firing line.

"Is it Mr. Root's conception of American honor that we should assert that honor by adding to universal misery?

Excitable people, whose European sympathies one way or the other have for the moment blinded them to the welfare of this land — and whose spokesman Mr. Root seems willing to become—may just as well realize, once and for all, that Woodrow Wilson will not swerve from the course he has laid out for himself in this crisis.

"No reward, no punishment will make him swerve from what he knows to be his highest duty. He has preserved, strengthened, dignified and uplifted our noblest national traditions and he will continue to do so no matter what the cost or what the penalty."

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH "DANDERINE"

Spend 25 cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter, apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff, no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

ROOSEVELT BALKS AGAIN

SECRETARY DIRECTS WITHDRAWAL OF HIS NAME FROM ILLINOIS PRIMARIES

NEW YORK, March 2.—Theodore oRosevelt's determination not to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the presidential nomination in the spring primary elections was emphasized today by the announcement that his secretary, John W. McGrath, had directed the withdrawal of Mr. Roosevelt's name from the Illinois primaries.

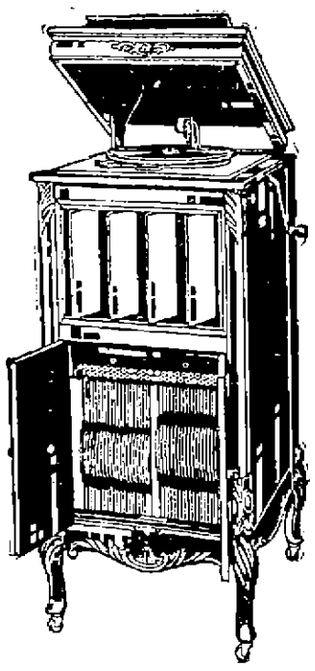
This is the fourth state in which Mr. Roosevelt has refused to allow the use of his name. The others are Nebraska, Minnesota and Michigan.

Mr. Roosevelt is now on a trip to the West Indies.

The Bon Marché DRY GOODS CO.

Have you a child in your home? And a $5.00 bill in your pocket?

A $5.00 bill down and a $5.00 bill each month brings this Columbia Grafonola and records to the amount of $5.00 to your home.



Columbia Grafonola

No. 110 equipped with the exclusive Columbia Individual Record Ejector.

Finished beautifully in Mahogany or Satin Walnut.

Records of your own selection to the amount of $5.00.

The entire outfit for $5 down and $5 each month till paid for.

PLAY While You PAY

Columbia Note the Notes

GRAFONOLA No. 110, $110
With Individual Record Ejector.

AMERICAN PATRIOTISM

R. L. WATSON TAKES A RATHER PESSIMISTIC VIEW OF THINGS —MONTHLY SUPPER

"American Patriotism" was the subject of an interesting address by R. L. Watson of Northfield at the First Congregational church last evening. The address came after the monthly supper and there was an entertainment program including readings by Mrs. Augusie Sarre, solo numbers by Miss Celia Whitehead and selections by a solo quartet comprised of Rev. E. H. Newcomb, William Garnett; Thomas Pickels and Arthur Galley.

Mr. Watson said in part: "Those who place an adjective before their Americanism are not Americans. Had anyone asked the men of various races in Washington's army whether or not they were German, English or French-Americans those men would have been insulted.

"The crisis of today is one even greater than Lincoln faced. It is not a question of state secession, but of the secession of men. Hundreds in this country today are Americans only so far as the American government meets their own views in its relations with the countries from which they came. I would hesitate to call such men traitors, but whatever they are, they are not Americans.

"Two reasons, for which we ourselves are responsible, are the cause of this state of affairs. One of these is our system of politics, by which nominations are made, not according to fitness for office, but because of the vote-swinging power of German, French or English-American elements. As a result, the present situation has developed by which our president hardly knows where he stands today. Lack of patriotism is the other reason for this state of affairs. Discover groups of Englishmen, Frenchmen or Germans and you will find them singing their national anthems unashamed. Go into an American theatre. When "The Star Spangled Banner" is played, note the few who rise, and these not until they have looked about to discover whether anyone else is doing so. We should rejoice in our flag; we should respect our country."

The supper was served under the direction of Mrs. Clara Liddell and Mrs. Frank Lawrence.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The board of directors of the Lowell Social Service league met yesterday afternoon and among those present was Rev. Charles T. Billings, who is an honorary vice president of the league. During the course of the meeting it was reported that the league has been in touch with 20 public agencies, 17 church workers, 29 other private organizations and 19 individuals.

Besides the directors 14 volunteers have assisted in the month of February.

Weekly conferences are held every Tuesday at 4.30 p. m.

The constitution was carefully studied so that it may be acceptable to the league in every detail before the league is incorporated.

Mrs. Nesmith and Mr. Hobson are in committee for the month of February.

Lowell, Thursday, March 2, 1916.

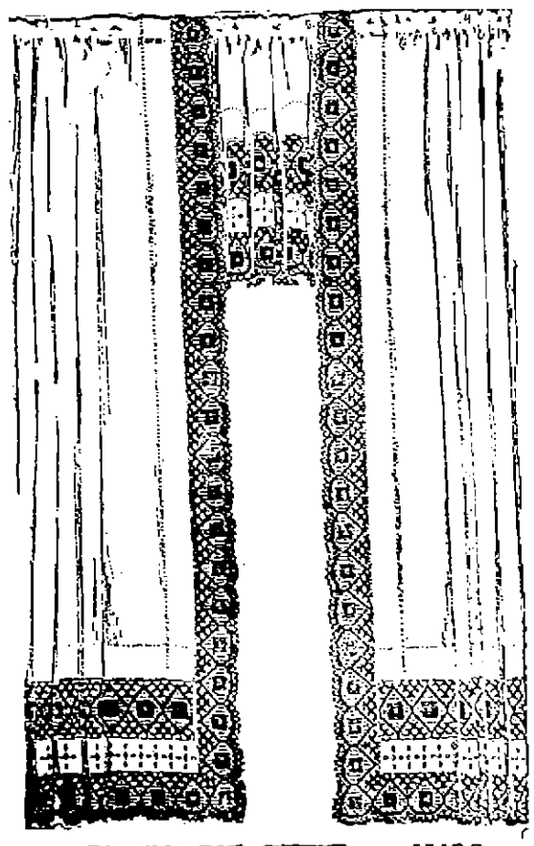
A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

CAKE SALE TODAY BY THE LADIES OF ST. MARGARET'S CHURCH

SPECIAL SHOWING OF

Newtowne Style Curtains



MADE IN WHITE, CREAM AND ARAB, ALL HEADED AND READY TO HANG. THE IDEAL WINDOW DRAPE.

MADE WITH 18 IN. VALANCE, FULL 2 1-2 YDS. LONG, OF THE FINEST MARQUISETTE AND VOILE SCRIM, GIVE PROPER SCREENING WITHOUT SHUTTING OUT THE LIGHT.

NEWTOWNE STYLE H133

$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 a Pair

We are the Sole Sellers of These Curtains in Lowell, Drapery Department

EAST SECTION SECOND FLOOR

LAURIN'S MARKET

The Home of Bargains

796 MOODY ST., PAWTUCKETVILLE

Sugar 6½c lb.

Corn	8c	Pink Salmon	10c
Peas	8c	Red Salmon	17c
Tomatoes	10c	Shrimps	10c
Apples	10c	Clams	9c
Strawberries	10c	5c Sardines	7 for 25c
Prunes	13c	10c Sardines	8c
Peaches	13c	Bee Soap	6 bars for 25c
Macaroni	7c	Welcome Soap	6 bars for 25c
Spaghetti	7c	Naphtha Soap	6 bars for 25c
Vermicelli	7c	Ivory Soap	6 bars for 25c
Corn Starch	7c		
Rice, lb	5c	Soapine	6 for 25c
Coffee, lb	25c		
Pure Lard, lb	13c	Onions, lb	4c
Butter, lb	33c	Carrots, lb	2c
FLOUR— Snowdrop, Gold Best, 5 lb. bag	22c	Beets, lb	2c
		Turnips, lb	2c
		Lettuce, head	5c
Spare Ribs, lb	9c	Sliced Ham, lb	22c
Lean Salt Pork, lb	16c	Fat Salt Pork, lb	12c
Bacon, lb	20c	Beef Liver, lb	10c

FANCY BREAD FLOUR, Per Bag 95c

POTATOES, Pk. 35c

LOSS $100,000

Brockton Public Market Gutted— Narrow Escape for Club Member

BROCKTON, March 2.--Shortly after 10 o'clock last night, a fire causing damage estimated at $100,000 gutted the Brockton public market, on the first floor of the four-story brick building at 157 Main street. A cursory search failed to substantiate the rumor that the fire was of incendiary origin.

George Cranford, night watchman, discovered the fire as Patrolman Russell E. Brown, who had seen the blaze through the front door, broke into the store. Patrolman Brown said that at that time there was a small blaze under the meat counter in the center of the store, and had there been an extinguisher handy he could have put it out alone.

By the time the apparatus arrived, the entire interior was ablaze and a general alarm was sounded. The stock of the public market which Maynard A. Davis, the owner, estimates as worth between $50,000 and $75,000, was ruined. The fire ate its way to the second floor and, in one corner of the building, to the third floor, so that some of the tenants of these floors suffered water and smoke damage.

Antonio Palacio, a real estate operator and ticket agent, dashed to his office on the second floor while the fire was raging and took from his safe steamship tickets said to be worth $20,000 and $100 in cash.

On the third floor is the Olney club, named after ex-Congressman Richard Olney 2d of Dedham. James Sullivan, a member, who had fallen asleep playing solitaire, was found sleeping peacefully in the smoke-filled room in imminent danger of suffocation by Edward Brennan, another member, who led his dazed friend downstairs to the street.

Several firemen were overcome by smoke, but recovered quickly. Harry Belmore of Engine company 2 was cut on the nose by a piece of falling tin and other members of the fire department received minor injuries.

The building is owned by Bradford E. Jones and Embert Howard. Several other serious fires have taken place there in the past few years.

DEATHS

LYONS—Mrs. Katie Lyons, aged 68 years, died today at the Little Sisters home, Somerville. She leaves one sister, Mrs. Ellen Bennett. The remains were removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

FREEMAN—Died today in this city, very suddenly, Benj. S. Freeman, aged 53 years, 10 months and 14 days, at his home, 157 Smith street. He is survived by three sons, Edward A. of Mansfield Mass., and George H. and Warren C. Freeman, both of Waltham, Mass.; two daughters, Mrs. Sarah F. McKinley and Mrs. Charles A. Rock, both of this city; 14 grandchildren and one great-grandson. Mr. Freeman was a member of Post 185, G.A.R. Funeral notice later.

DREW—Mrs. Susan J. Drew, wife of Wallace Drew, died this morning at her home, 119 Warwick street, aged 53 years, 10 months and 8 days. Deceased was a well known and esteemed member of St. Margaret's church. She is survived by her husband, Wallace Drew.

FUNERAL NOTICES

DREW—The funeral of the late Susan J. Drew will take place from her home, 119 Warwick street, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Margaret's church at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, Manchester, N. H. Undertaker Peter H. Savage is in charge of the funeral arrangements.

OWENS—The funeral of the late Mrs. Bridget Owens will take place on Friday morning at 8 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

LYONS—Tch funeral of the late Mrs. Katie Lyons will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. Services will be held at St. Peter's church. Time will be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

O'DAY—The funeral of Mrs. Mary O'Day, formerly a resident of Chelmsford Centre, will take place Friday morning at 8 o'clock from her home, 70 Emery street, this city. Funeral high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SPILLANE—The funeral of the late Michael J. Spillane will take place Friday morning from his home, 9 Prospect street at 9 o'clock. At St. Peter's church a funeral high mass of requiem will be celebrated at 9.45 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers O'Connell & Mack in charge.

FUNERALS

PARENT—The funeral of Evelin L. Parent took place Tuesday afternoon from her home, 87 Pawtucket street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers A. Archambault & Sons had charge of the funeral arrangements.

REAL—The funeral of William P. Real took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from his late home, 49 Auburn street, and was largely attended. A funeral high mass was celebrated in St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Hefferman. The church choir sang the Gregorian chant. Mr. Al Weston sang the solos at the mass. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Fr. Hefferman read the burial services. The bearers were Messrs. Harry Lappin, Edward Maguire, Timothy Riley, James Sutherland, Stephen Howard and Bennie Cadden. The floral tributes placed on the grave including a large pillow from the wife, were from his mother and father, Coughlin family and H. Ziskind. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Molloy.

DENAULT—The funeral of Pierre L. Denault took place from his late home, 41 Jewett street at nine o'clock this morning and proceeded to St. Louis' church where a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9.30 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Labossiere, assisted by Rev. Fr. Vincent as deacon and Rev. Fr. Bedard as sub-deacon. The bearers were Messrs. Maxime Lepine, Arthur Denault, S. Barrette and Benjamin Lageunesse. There was also a delegation present from Cour St. Antoine, Catholic Order of Foresters. The interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Bilodeau.

LEVESQUE—The funeral of Rodrigue Levesque took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from his home, 671 School street. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at nine o'clock at the Church of Notre Dame de Lourdes by Rev. Fr. Magnan, assisted by Rev Fr. Lamothe as deacon and Rev. Fr. Barrette as sub-deacon. The bearers were Messrs. A. Picard, J. Hill, Fred Bean, James Gauthier, C. Cote and Alfred Baron. The interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Bilodeau.

MOYNAHAN—The funeral of Mary M. Moynahan took place from her late home, 110 Tilden street, at 9 o'clock this morning, attended by a large number of relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's church where a solemn high mass of requiem was sung at 10 o'clock, with Rev. Joseph Curtin as celebrant. Rev. Timothy Callahan was deacon and Rev. James Kerrigan, sub-deacon. The choir sang the Gregorian mass. Among the floral tributes were: Pillow inscribed "Mother," from the family; and pieces from Coapley family, Lakewood Canoe club, Harold McKnight, Miss McCurley and Miss A. Caisse; spiritual bouquet, Mrs. Toye. The bearers were Daniel Moynahan, James Moynahan, Timothy Moynahan and Andrew Moynahan, Thomas Butternore and Edward R. Neville. Interment was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. Joseph Curtin officiated at the grave. Undertaker Peter H. Savage had charge of the funeral arrangements.

IN FAVOR OF CITIZENS

ACT PROVIDING THAT THEY BE GIVEN PREFERENCE OVER ALIENS ON PUBLIC WORKS UPHELD

BOSTON, March 2.—An act which provided that citizens should be given preference over aliens in employment on public works was upheld today by the supreme court in dismissing a bill in equity brought by Artemus Lee and other taxpayers of Lynn to enjoin the commissioner of public works of that city from discharging alien laborers. The court declared that statutory discrimination in favor of citizens and against aliens had been upheld by the supreme court of the United States and that the Massachusetts statute did not violate any federal law or any of the provisions of the state constitution.

WIRELESS CENSORSHIP

CHANGES IN NAVAL REGULATIONS ANNOUNCED BY SECRETARY DANIELS

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Changes in the naval wireless censorship regulations were announced today by Secretary Daniels. A strict interpretation of the regulations as they were made when the government placed naval censors at Sayville and Tuckerton prohibited the censors from passing for publication in the United States the German official statements if they made reference "to movements or locations of war or other vessels of belligerents."

This operated to prevent Germany's statement of the result of naval operations being received direct from Germany, although they were received by cable via London after having passed through the British censorship.

The regulations as now modified by Secretary Daniels provide:

"The restriction as to movements of war or othervessels of belligerents shall not apply to messages from belligerent shore radio stations." The change applies only to Germany, as Great Britain is using the cable.

INDIAN'S SHOW TONIGHT

The biggest minstrel show of the season, with a real Indian prologue will be given at Associate hall tonight by the famous Indian club. In the prologue all the characters familiar to the wigwam race will be represented and the number promises to be one of the greatest hits of the season. In the minstrel second part fourteen numbers will be given, with Commissioner James E. Donnelly as interlocutor. William Way will be the musical director. The complete program to be given tonight is as follows:

Indian Prologue—Chief Gray Wolf, Jack Toy; Princess Silver Bell, Mae Rose O'Neil; Indian Squaws and Braves, Ends.

Minstrelsy—Interlocutor, Commissioner James E. Donnelly; opening overture, solos by Nora Regan Longtin and Hayden Quartet; end song, Darktown Poker Club, Edward Conway; end song, "If You Only Had My Disposition," Lillian McPherson; "A Perfect Day," Hayden Quartet; end song, "Are You From Dixie?" Mae Doherty; end song, "Rheumatiz," Joseph Carroll; solo, "You'll Always Be the Same Sweet Girl," James "Roundy" Roane; end specialty, The Joyces; end song, "I Had But Fifteen Cents," James Daley; solo, "A Little Bit of Heaven," John J. Dalton; end song, "Loading Up the Mandy Lee," Mae Bradley; end song, "If Ever I Get Back to Birmingham," Louis Sheldon; solo, "My Wonderful Love for Thee," James E. Donnelly; grand finale, "America We're Strong for You"; solo, Jackson Palmer, assisted by Nora Regan Longtin, Mae Rose O'Neil, Messrs. Toy, Fitzgerald and Chorus. Entertainment under the personal direction of Wm. H. Way, Musical Director; Thomas Dowd, Pianist; Broderick's Orchestra; "Dick" Quinn," Instructor of Dancing.

ALGONQUIN CLUB

Lincoln hall tomorrow night will be the scene of the annual dancing party of the Algonquin club, and the event promises to be a memorable one for the members and friends of the popular social organization. The committee in charge has spared no time or expense to make the affair one of the big events of the season, and to judge from the number of tickets already sold, its success it already assured. Broderick's orchestra will furnish music for an elaborate musical program and also for the dancing which will follow. The officers who will have complete charge of the affair are as follows: Edward J. Flannery, general manager; Patrick J. Owens, assistant general manager; John J. Burke, floor director; Paul Sadlier, Bernard Roche, George F. Gallagher, assistant floor directors; William F. Sheehan, James J. Welsh, John H. Frawley, George H. Harrington, chief aids; aids, members and friends. The treasurer is D. J. Flahaven.

A SPRING SYMBOL

All over flower hats—roses, violets, May flowers and blossoms not yet catalogued in botanics, but nevertheless beautiful—are much in vogue again. The cut pictures one of bronzy green leaves and flat maroon roses. The veil of grapevine pattern and chenille clusters is also chic.

Tonight

INDIAN CLUB MINSTREL SHOW AND DANCE

—AT—

Associate Hall

TICKETS 25c BRODERICK'S ORCH.

Concert program of 14 numbers, with prologue.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

All lagging Winter Garments at prices less than the cost to make. We are obliged to sacrifice them as we must give over the store to the contractors Monday. Don't miss this sale if you can afford to save more than you spend.

CLOTH SUITS

We have 60 in the new spring models, both in broadcloth and poplin. $18.75 to $27.00. Choice **$12**

ALL OUR WINTER COATS

$5, $8 and $10

They are what is left. About 80 in the lots.

ALL OUR $5 CLOTH DRESS SKIRTS, 125 in the lot..... **$3.49**

FASHION BASEMENT

Is Always Alive With Customers

$5.00 RAINCOATS..... **$3.98**
$3.00 SKIRTS **$1.98**
$1.00 PETTICOATS **79c**
25 DOZ. $1.25 WASH DRESSES **85c**
$7.98 ALL WOOL SERGE DRESSES, **$5.00**

STOCK UP ON

CHILDREN'S DRESSES

20 ODD AND SOILED DRESSES, $12, $15 Dresses in the Lot..... **$3.00**

Ginghams and Chambray, going up in price. Today... **95c and $1.45**

50c Each Off On 20 Dozen

NEW DRESSES

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Children's Corduroy Dresses, $4 values..... **$1.79**
$4 Wool Sweaters **$2.98**
75c Aprons..... **39c**

Last Call in Plush Coats

40 in today, all $18 to $25 coats. Maker is making Fall deliveries, Salts plush, sizes 40 to 46, now

$12.50 and $15.00

$3000 Worth of Furs

at the lowest quotations for high grade fresh furs Lowell has ever witnessed.

FOX MUFFS **$10.00**
HARE MUFFS..... **$5.00**
FUR SETS..... **$7.98**
NATURAL RACCOON MUFFS..... **$6.98**
BEAVER MUFFS..... **$10.00**
3 SEAL COATS, sizes 38 and 42, $80 Coats at **$50.00**

Furs bought at this sale stored free of charge this summer.

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK CLOAK STORE
12-18 JOHN STREET

Second Floor

300 DOZEN NEW SPRING

WAISTS

95c, $1.45, $1.95

We have arranged to give the greatest bargains ever offered in Lowell these two days.

SECOND FLOOR

Costumes

At the Popular Prices of

$8.98 and $15.00

We are unable to describe the wonderful stocks that we have arranged for this dress sale closing Saturday night. All new stunning dresses but selling fast today in spite of the storm.

FAIRBURN'S

12-14 MERRIMACK SQ. TEL 788-789

WEEK END SAVINGS

BAKING POWDERS—
Royal.....12c, 23c, 42c
Cleveland.....12c, 23c, 42c
Rumford.....8c, 13c, 25c
Dry Yeast.....5c, 8c, 16c

Borden's Malted Milk, jar....30c
Kream Krisp, can.....18c
Irish Oatmeal, tin.....30c, 75c

Blue Rose Carolina Rice, 4 lbs. 25c
10c Prunes.....4 lbs. 25c
Middlesex Corn Starch, pkg. 6c
Creamery Butter, lb.....31c
Fresh Eggs, doz.....33c
Storage Eggs, doz.....23c
Van Camp's Soups, can..... 7c
Sun Paste, can..... 4c
Devil Ham, can.....14c

SUGAR, Per Hundred.....$6.25

Fresh Shoulders, lb.....10c
Small Smoked Shoulders, lb. 12½c
Small Roast Pork, lb.....15c
Top Round, lb.....28c
Vein Steak, lb.....25c
Sirloin Steak, lb.....25c
Heavy Sirloin, lb.....35c

Beet Greens, pk.....30c
Fancy Lettuce, head..... 5c
Fancy Tomatoes, lb.....20c
Egg Plants, each.....15c
Mushrooms, lb.....40c
Fancy Floridas, doz.....29c
Large Navels, doz.....35c
Large Grapefruit.....6 for 25c

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, Per Barrel...$7.50

POULTRY Have you bought any of our poultry lately? We have secured the finest line of milk-fed fowls and chickens you ever tasted.

Prices—**23c, 25c, 28c, 30c** Per Lb.

Haddock, lb.....9c
Halibut, lb.....15c, 20c
Mackerel, each 10c, 18c
Herring (large).....5c
Swordfish, lb....15c, 20c
Fresh Oysters, qt...35c
Crabmeat.....20c, 33c
Shrimps, can.....9c
Norwegian Sardines 12½c

MURDER IN TEWKSBURY

Continued

rather than from behind. It is believed that the man with the iron pipe hid in one of the side aisles and administered the blow as his victim passed. Another conjecture is that he may have made a slight noise behind Mr. Roper and struck the latter as he turned his head to ascertain the cause of the noise. The piece of iron pipe was about two feet long and two inches in diameter. The pipe was covered with blood. It is now in the custody of Police Chief Farmer of Tewksbury.

Local Police Notified

Captain Atkinson received word of the murder at about 11.15 o'clock last night. It was Chief Farmer of Tewksbury who telephoned to Captain Atkinson and the latter detailed Lieut. Martin Maher and Sergt. David Petrie to take charge of the case. The Lowell officers reached the scene of the murder at about 1 o'clock in the morning and remained until 4 o'clock. They interviewed Mark and Arthur Roper and learned the story, substantially, as it is told here. The Roper brothers did not strive to lay suspicion at anybody's door, but the police gathered from their conversation that both Mark and Arthur Roper suspected a certain man—a man as familiar as themselves with the premises.

A few feet away from where the body of Albert Roper was found there's a door that is seldom used. Mark Roper told the police he could not remember when the door had been opened. He said it was not locked but was warped and frozen and he had thought, he said, that the door could not be opened without the use of a crowbar or something of that nature. The police noted a little blood on the door and they remarked it. Mark, however, told them that he had put his hand against the door after having removed his father's body from one aisle to the other. "I put my hand against the door and, much to my surprise," he said, "it opened."

After hearing Mark's story the police took it for granted that the murderer of Albert Roper had either entered by way of the door in question or had planned his escape through it. This, however, was not very material evidence as no footsteps showed on the outside and, but for its proximity to the house, the murderer might have used the door leading from the main aisle.

Sun Man on the Scene

A Sun reporter and The Sun photographer arrived in Tewksbury at about 9.30 this morning and walked from the centre, 150 yards or so, to the scene of the murder. The reporter first talked with Mrs. Roper. She was bearing up bravely. "It is bad enough to have one die after sickness has prepared you for it," she said, "but to have a life snuffed out in an instant is a hard thing to bear." Mrs. Roper told the little she knew of the sad affair and directed the reporter to the particular greenhouse in which the older son was engaged. This was Mark Roper and he told the story of his brother Arthur's gruesome find. Arthur was not at the greenhouse. He works nights and sleeps days. His home is in Wilmington. There are three other brothers, Fred, Albert and Chester. Fred and Albert are not living at home. Fred has been away for some time and Albert, more familiarly known as "Bert," had not been home, it was stated, for a week or more. Chester is the youngest of the family.

He Had No Enemies

Mark Roper told the writer that he thought his father had no enemies and he was sure the purpose of the murder was robbery. "Father always carried big sums of money with him," he said, "because it was necessary for him to do so. He always believed in doing a cash business and he would carry anywhere from $300 to $1500 with him. He said he wanted always to be ready to break a bill no odds how big it was. He carried the money in a wallet in his inside vest pocket. He was in Boston yesterday and returned in the early afternoon. I do not know how much money he had with him last night, but I imagine it was a pretty big sum."

Asked if his father was in the habit of displaying his money in Boston, Mark Roper said it was necessary for him to do so because he paid and received money in the public market—the flower market. It was then suggested that somebody having seen Mr. Roper displaying a large amount of bills might have followed him to Tewksbury, but Mark did not seem to credit the theory. "The man who murdered my father must have known all about this place," he said.

Mark and others had stated in his story that his father had received a telephone order for carnations and that he had just finished picking the flowers when he was murdered. Then came another suggestion to the effect that the telephone order might have been a bogus one, but Mark said it came from Lawrence and he allowed it was all right.

Went Home With Roper

George A. Norris lives but a short way from the Roper homestead and greenhouses. He met Albert Roper in one of the village stores last evening. "We were in A. B. Moore's store around the corner there," said Mr. Norris, in conversation with The Sun man today, "and Albert said he was going home. That was about 8 or 8.15 o'clock. I told him I guessed I would go with him as there were some pretty hard tickets knocking around these days and they might molest him. I said they would not dare to show themselves if I was on deck. Of course I was only joking, but jokes sometimes come true. Little I thought when I said good-night to Albert at my door that I would never see him in the flesh again. He was one of the best men in the world. He was always a hard worker and honest as the day is long. He acquired valuable property by the dint of hard labor. Albert Roper could look the whole world in the face for he owed not any man. He was the sort of man that blazed the trails in the olden days and he was as hardy as the hardiest pioneer. I do not know of an enemy he had in the world. He did not employ strangers. His boys worked for him, Mark steadily, and the others off and on. It's a terrible affair, and God knows I hope they'll get Albert Roper's murderer."

Some Suspicious Persons

Frank Farmer, Tewksbury's chief of police, was at the scene of the murder when the writer arrived there this morning. Mr. Farmer didn't have anything new to offer. If he knew anything he was keeping it under his hat. He did recall, however, that some night last week two boys riding in a sleigh were held up by a man wearing a woman's shawl and muff. The holdup occurred about a quarter of a mile or so from the Roper greenhouses. The boys whipped up the horse and got away. Mr. Farmer's relation of this story recalled something to Mark Roper's mind. He said that last Thursday or Friday night his mother heard a man walking around the house, on the outside. She heard him going around the house three or four times, but did not pay much attention to it and did not say anything about it.

Police Court Justices

Justice Thomas J. Enwright, Assistant Justice John J Pickman, Superintendent of Police Redmond Welch and Sheriff Eveleth went to Tewksbury this forenoon in Sheriff Eveleth's automobile. The purpose of the justices of the local court was to look the premises over as the inquest, if any will be held here. The body of the murdered man was removed to Undertaker Farmer's morgue where it was viewed by the medical examiner and other officials.

WAR VETERAN DEAD

OSCAR F. GIBBS DIED AT THE CHELMSFORD STREET HOSPITAL THIS MORNING

Oscar F. Gibbs, a Civil war veteran, answered his last call this morning, passing away at the Chelmsford Street hospital, where he had been confined for only a few days. He was 82 years of age.

Comrade Gibbs was well known in this city, where he resided practically all his life. He was for many years an overseer in one of the local mills and was held in high esteem by his employers and respected by his employes. Recently he lived alone at the corner of Bridge and Second streets and was always apparently in good health, visiting his friends down town frequently. Monday he became ill and was taken to the hospital but for the first time in his career the veteran failed to win his battle. He had no relatives in this city and an effort is now being made to locate a nephew in Worcester.

On August 5, 1862, Oscar F. Gibbs enlisted in this city and was mustered into Co. G, 33rd regiment, Massachusetts infantry. On March 15, 1863, he was transferred to the Veteran Reserve corps on account of some disability. Comrade Gibbs was a charter member of Post 185, G.A.R., and a member of Lowell lodge, Knights of Pythias.

NO MENACE TO PEACE

GUATEMALA CITY, Mar. 2.—The national assembly convened today. In his message President Cabrera said the economic situation was satisfactory and that there was no menace to the peace of Guatemala.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Reasons Why You Should Carry a Hamilton Watch

Our Watch Club enables you to obtain one of these high grade watches on easy payments at the cash price. Remember! you buy on the club plan just as cheap as if you paid cash. Come in and talk it over. Easy payments. $5.00 down, $1.00 a week.

HAMILTON WATCHES are made by the best skilled workmen in the most perfectly equipped plant in the world, and of the very finest materials. HAMILTON WATCHES have the most phenomenally accurate timekeeping records, are more extensively used and in far greater numbers, on all main railroad lines in the United States of America than any other watch, and will meet all the exacting official requirements of railroad service, under the extraordinary trying conditions to which railroad service subjects a watch. The HAMILTON WATCH has proven to be the most perfect railroad watch made, and will be entirely satisfactory to everyone desiring accurate time, as every HAMILAON WATCH is guaranteed in every part and particular.

GEO. H. WOOD

135 CENTRAL STREET

FOR BLACK NORTH ROAD

Dracut Men Attended Hearing in Support of Rep. Colburn's Bill for an Appropriation

Special to The Sun

STATE HOUSE, Boston, March 2.—Several prominent citizens of Lowell, Dracut and Methuen appeared before the house ways and means committee yesterday in favor of Rep. Colburn's bill providing for a bond issue of $10,000 to finance an improvement of the so-called "Black North" route between Lowell and Lawrence, the matter having previously been approved by the roads and bridges committee.

Rep. Colburn said the former highway commission, composed of Messrs. McClintock, Parker and Manning, always looked upon this as the better through route between Lowell and Lawrence, but the present commission for some reason has not favored it.

George H. Stevens, of Dracut, former representative, said $16,000 was expended in 1905 for constructing a state highway from Lowell to East Dracut, and the state is now asked to continue that highway along toward Methuen. He said the matter was dropped after 1905, apparently from lack of interest on the part of certain people, and when he returned to the legislature in 1910 and 1911 the demands from the western part of the state were so great that he lacked courage to present the bill. The Black North route, he said, is important to the residents of Dracut and Methuen, because it affords them an opportunity to get their produce into Lowell and Lawrence, while the river road, so-called, is used principally for through travel. He said the town has expended $80,000 for highways in the last four years, and as a result has the highest tax rate in the state; for that reason he thought the state should be willing to help it a little.

Rep. Colburn explained that the roads and bridges committee increased the amount from $5000 to $10,000, because it was felt that the smaller amount would pay for little more than the making of surveys and setting up the machinery.

Rep. George Bunting of Methuen said his town expended $2500 last year for macadamizing part of the road, and it is planned now to construct as a state highway the section between the old state highway and the macadam road, a distance of about two miles.

Rep. Victor F. Jewett of Lowell said the towns have done their part, and are clearly entitled to assistance from the state.

Sen. George F. Marchand was also recorded in favor of the bill.

Jesse J. Prescott, town surveyor in Dracut, said part of the road is made of gravel at present, and part of it is just common dirt road, but some of the heaviest taxpayers in town live on it; they have been meeting the expense of road improvement in other parts of the town, and now they are entitled to something for themselves. He said the river road is badly congested and this route will take some of the traffic which now uses that road. Asked how much will be required to complete the road between Lowell and Lawrence he estimated $32,000.

Robert W. Dow, road surveyor in Methuen, said part of the road is practically impassable in soft weather.

John H. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, said its executive committee has voted in favor of the project. The city is planning to pave First street, which connects with this road, and the two projects should be undertaken together. He said the river road is of very little use to Dracut and Methuen residents, as it merely skirts the edges of those towns, and there are probably not more than three houses in either town on the road.

Others who were recorded in favor of the bill were Daniel Fox, Victor Clough, chairman of the selectmen of Dracut, George Otley, Harold L. Fox and Henry Fox. There was no opposition.

HOYT.

COL. EVERETT FOSS DEAD

SAW BOTH LINCOLN AND GARFIELD ASSASSINATED—IDENTIFIED BOOTH'S BODY

DOVER, N. H., March 2.—Col. Everett O. Foss, probably the only man in the United States who saw both Lincoln and Garfield assassinated, died yesterday at his home, 141 Washington street, aged 85.

Col. Foss was born at Strafford Bow Lake and was brought here when two years old. He early engaged in the newspaper profession and published the first morning daily in Dover.

Among the public enterprises in which he was a prime mover were the dredging of the Cocheco river to open it up to navigation by sea-going vessels and the establishment of an old people's home, now the Wentworth Home for the Aged.

He went to Minnesota, was editor of a paper in St. Paul, and in 1857 he was made a colonel on the staff of Gov. Medary. He was in the Paymaster's department at Washington during the war. He was intimately acquainted with John Wilkes Booth and lived at the same hotel with him up to the time of Lincoln's assassination. He was in Ford's theatre on the night the crime was committed and was the last person Lincoln greeted before he entered his box. He was one of those who identified Booth's body after it was brought to Washington.

Col. Foss was in the B. & O. railroad station at the time President Garfield was shot and was the first to reach the president's side afterwards. He summoned the physician who came to Garfield's aid before the latter was removed from the station.

TAKE UP FREIGHT CONGESTION

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Freight congestion in eastern terminals will be taken up by the interstate commerce commission with representatives of all interests concerned at a public hearing here, March 6 and 7.

AMBASSADOR PAGE VISITS KING

LONDON, March 2.—The American ambassador, Walter Hines Page and Mrs. Page, took luncheon today at Buckingham palace with King George and Queen Mary.

NOTICE

There will be a meeting of the Pawtucketville Improvement Association in the Pawtucketville Grammar school hall, Mammoth road, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Election of officers will take place.

Per order of
THOMAS MATTE.

Use Talbot's New Gloss Furniture Polish
½ Pt. Bot. 25c
Talbot's Chemical Store
40 MIDDLE STREET

MOLDERS IN DRESS SUITS

SOME CLASS TO MEMBERS OF WORCESTER UNION—"THERE" IN EVERY SENSE OF THE WORD

WORCESTER, March 2.—Sturdy and expert molders attired in dress suits of the latest pattern held the center of the stage last night at the 25th annual concert and dance in A.O.H. hall, Trumbull street, of the local branch of the International Molders' union, and went on record as introducing a new and unique feature in connection with such an occasion among labor unions of Worcester.

Nearly 50 of the molders appeared on the dance floor smartly attired in dress suits and the Beau Brummels about town who looked in on the dance were, in the vernacular of the street, "there" in every sense of the word. They gambolled about just as much at home as if attired in their every-day clothes.

W. H. Thornton, business agent for the local union of molders, who was responsible for the innovation, asserted that he is firmly convinced that in the future labor unions of the city should advocate that their members wear dress suits on every occasion of a similar nature.

It was evident, however, that some of the molders were discomfited by the stiff bosomed shirts and snug coats, but they all stayed to the finish. Long before the dance was under way the hall was filled to overflowing. The grand march was led by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thornton.

BOUNDARY DISPUTE

Answer of New Hampshire to Bill Filed by Vermont Will Be Presented July 10

CONCORD, N. H., March 2.—The answer of the state of New Hampshire to the bill filed by Vermont with the United States supreme court in the boundary controversy between the two states, will be presented July 10. It was originally due this month, but the New Hampshire attorneys have been granted additional time.

TO HONOR VON HINDENBURG

BERLIN, March 2.—Preparations are under way for a national commemoration of the golden jubilee of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's entry into the army as a lieutenant of the Third Infantry Regiment of the Guard, April 7, 1866.

"LEATHERLESS SHOE?"

BERLIN, March 2.—A new type of "leatherless shoe" is being widely advertised in the German newspapers. The uppers are made of gray or black waterproof linen sailcloth, while the soles are built of thin layers of wood glued together with waterproof glue.

WOMEN WORK ON RAILROAD

PARIS, March 2.—The number of women employed on the railways of France has reached a total of over 25,000. In practically every department where they have been tried their work is characterized by government officials as entirely satisfactory.

FIRE ON BRITISH STEAMER

MANCHESTER, Eng., March 2.—Efforts have failed to extinguish the fire on the British steamship Spiraea from Philadelphia which began on Tuesday night while her cargo of oil was being discharged. The fire will be allowed to burn itself out.

RUG SALE

Mr. Peters will continue the exhibition and sale of his collection of oriental rugs for a few days more at Adams'.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture—Rugs—Carpets 174 Central St.

FEED THEM
Rat-Nip
And Not a Rat Can Escape

Rat-Nip is just as attractive to rats as catnip is to cats and they all succumb to it, even the wily old fellows.

Rat-Nip is easy and clean to handle.

Put up in neat, collapsible, metal tubes and can be readily squeezed out, without coming in contact with the hands.

Tubes 15c and 25c
Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET STREET

COBURN'S

IN POLICE COURT

The greater part of this morning's session was taken up with the trial of the case of John J. Manning, charged with failing to provide support for his wife. During the course of the hearing it was brought out that the couple were married last October and after living together for seven weeks separated. Later they lived together for a short time, but for the past couple of months their relations have been strained. Judge Fisher, who presided at this morning's session of the court, felt that the couple should make up their little differences and continued the case for two weeks in order to ascertain if they would not live together again. Jackson Palmer appeared for the government and the defendant was represented by James J. Owens.

Daniel Donohoe entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with drunkenness and the larceny of a coat and alarm clock, the property of George Racicot. Donohoe while under the influence of liquor last night entered Racicot's house at 6 Egan's court, off Gorham street, and was raising a disturbance. Racicot went out for an officer and was returning with Patrolman Patrick Connolly when they met Donohoe leaving the house with the coat and clock. Donohoe's only defense was that he was under the influence of liquor and did not know what he was doing.

Jennie Mead pleaded guilty to being drunk and was sentenced to 30 days in jail. John J. Henley was sentenced to the state farm and James Mone who is on parole from the state farm will be returned to that institution. Elizabeth M. Hayes was released from jail yesterday and rearrested last night. Her case was continued for one week. Richard Manning was sentenced to two months in jail.

MAN MISSING 23 YEARS

FREDERICK C. PRANGE RETURNS HOME RICH—WELCOMED BY HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER

STAMFORD, Conn., March 2.—Twenty-three years ago Frederick C. Prange, then proprietor of a paying business here and active in local politics, said goodby to his wife, Sarah, and his children, Miss Aletta and Charles, and told them that he was going west to establish himself in a growing city.

"I'll send for you when I get settled," were his parting words.

Weeks went by and the family heard nothing from Mr. Prange. They became uneasy and began a search for him which led to Denver, Minneapolis and far western cities, without result. Advertisements failed to bring tidings of the missing man and the family finally decided he was dead. Two years after his departure his daughter married Henry J. Flick, a prominent Stamford photographer. His son Charles is now a leading dentist here.

A week ago Mrs. Prange, wife of the missing man, received a letter postmarked New York, stating that the writer was her husband and asking forgiveness for his long silence. Yesterday Mrs. Prange and her daughter went to New York and met Mr. Prange, now 68 years old, by appointment in the Grand Central station. They brought him back to Stamford and he will spend his remaining days with Mrs. Prange at the house of their daughter, Mrs. Flick, 17 Washington avenue.

He has accumulated a fortune in the mining business in California, where he has lived for the past 18 years.

"Not long after he left home father was thrown off a horse," said Mrs. Flick last night, "and suffered a concussion of the brain. He was ill a long time. When he recovered he had little memory of the past.

He drifted about and finally settled in California, where he became interested in a mining enterprise. He made his headquarters at Los Angeles and grew rich. A month or so ago he conceived the idea of returning east to see if his relatives were alive.

"He went to New York and located his brother-in-law, William Huyler, and from him learned that my mother and his children were alive. Then he wrote to us. Needless to say, we were delighted to hear from him.

Mr. Prange is in good health.

WELFARE AGENT

"To Provide Railroad Employes With Better Opportunities For Moral, Social and Industrial Uplift"

ATLANTA, Ga., March 2.—The Southern Railway Co. announced today the appointment of a welfare agent at a salary of $3600 per year, to "provide its employes with better opportunities for moral, social and industrial uplift."

The Rev. Charles L. Bass, a Methodist preacher, formerly a lawyer and member of the Georgia legislature, was given the position.

RUSSIA'S WAR COST

NOW $15,500,000 DAILY, LIKELY TO TOTAL $5,500,000,000 FOR 1916—LARGE PAPER MONEY ISSUES

PETROGRAD, via London, March 2.—The budget presented to the Duma showed an ordinary estimated revenue of 3,022,049,318 rubles ($1,511,024,659) and an estimated ordinary expenditure of 3,232,463,698 rubles ($1,616,231,849). The revenue from alcoholic drinks was only 9,000,000 rubles ($4,500,000), as compared with 659,000,000 rubles ($344,500,000) in 1914.

The extraordinary expenses due to the war amounts to 8,000,000,000 rubles ($4,000,000,000) in 1915, and are expected to reach 11,000,000,000 rubles ($5,500,000,000) in 1916 if the war lasts the entire year. This expense must be covered by credit operations.

The report says decline in industrial activity has been compensated by higher prices and army orders. Bank deposits reached the unprecedented figure of 800,000,000 rubles.

Finance Minister Bark said it was expected to realize more than 500,000,000 rubles from new sources of revenue. The cost of the war, Mr. Park continued, now amounted to 31,000,000 rubles ($15,500,000) daily. This expenditure for the present must be met by loans and necessitated large issues of paper money, an inevitable evil imposing the necessity of extreme prudence.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

A well attended meeting of Division 2, A.O.H., was held in Hibernian hall last evening, J. Joseph McOsker presiding. Much interest was manifested in the report of the financial secretary, which showed the division to be in good condition, numerically and financially. Plans are well under way for celebrating the 47th anniversary of the division. There will be plenty of variety in the entertainment program. J. Joseph McOsker is chairman of the committee, and is assisted by John J. Murphy, Michael P. Connelly, John P. Sheehan, John Munn, Patrick Ward, Timothy D. Finnegan, Timothy McNamara, Michael Finnegan, Patrick Jarrett, Owen McArdle and John P. Mahoney.

VIGOROUS STORM COMING

MARCH COMES IN LAMB-LIKE ENOUGH BUT WILL RAGE LIKE A LION TODAY OR TOMORROW

BOSTON, March 2.—March came in yesterday like the proverbial lamb, but, if the weather man is to be relied upon, its early days will not long continue so, since a storm of considerable vigor which has been local in the Ohio valley the past few days is headed Bostonward.

The forecast given out last night was for rain or snow Thursday or Friday morning, followed by clearing weather Friday and a lower temperature. Easterly winds will prevail, he thinks.

TWO GIRLS OFFERED WORK

The two young women, Martha and Clara Decoene, who have just arrived from Belgium, and who are making their home with their sister, Mrs. Leon Haeshrouck, 123 Farmland road, have been offered employment at the Massachusetts Mohair plush mill, but it is not known if the girls will accept.

Charles Aveyard, superintendent of the mill, read the story of the two girls which was published exclusively in Monday's issue of The Sun and last night he mailed a letter to the two sisters, offering them employment in his mill. The letter was received this morning by the girls, but they have not yet made up their mind as to whether or not they will accept.

Mr. Aveyard in conversation with a Sun reporter said although he is not handicapped through lack of help, he can find employment for a few persons. He said when he read the story of the girls in The Sun he became interested and inasmuch as they have come here to stay, he thought it a humane act to offer them employment, for he believes the girls deserve sympathy.

DOMESTIC HOGS BECOME WILD

PARIS, March 2.—Domestic hogs let loose at Gerbevillers at the time of the German invasion of Lorraine wandered into the forests after living for a time on the refuse found around the soldiers' camps and they are now said to have become entirely savage as the result of their contact with the wild boars of the region. The peasants of the neighborhood say they are even more ferocious than the wild boars and hunting parties have been organized to rid the forests of them.

TO RAISE RATES ON GRAIN

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Rehearing of the proposal of eastern railroads to establish slightly increased rates on grain and grain products, from points in the middle west and Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri and Kentucky, to Atlantic coast ports for export, was granted today by the interstate commerce commission. The proposed increases were disapproved last December.

ANOTHER SNOW STORM

What threatened to be a severe snow storm was ushered into Lowell shortly after 3 o'clock this morning and when the early risers started for work they found several inches of snow on the ground. The snow fell steadily until about 9 o'clock when it let up for a short time and then resumed operations until noon when it stopped.

The snow was not heavy enough to interfere with electric car traffic. The strong wind which blew last night also moderated with the coming of the storm.

Doctors Agree On Eczema Remedy

Confirm the Statements About D. D. D. Prescription

Geo. T. Richardson, M. D.: "In my opinion, D. D. D. should be applied in all cases of skin disease—an immediate relief to the itch, a balm to excited nerves, soft, soothing, yet a powerful agent, a strength to the general system."

Dr. Uma Holmes: "D. D. D. is as near a specific for eczema and the dreaded psoriasis as is quinine for malaria. I constantly prescribe D. D. D. also for salt rheum, tetter, barber's itch, pimples, all forms of itching eruptions, scales, sores."

Dr. Ira T. Gabbert: "I freely admit that D. D. D. reaches most cases of eczema and permanently cures them."

Dr. Gabbert of Caldwell, Kansas, is one of the best skin specialists in the state. Write and ask him about D. D. D.

Druggists are glad to recommend this soothing, cooling liquid. 35c, 60c and $1.00.

Come to us and we will tell you more about this remarkable remedy. Your money back unless the first bottle relieves you. D. D. D. Soap keeps your skin healthy. Ask about it.

DOWS DRUG STORES

ORDER SEATS EARLY
Owing to the Great Demand Patrons Are Advised to Make Reservations Early.

Opera House
The Theatre of Big Things

THE HEART APPEALING PLAY OF PATHOS AND TEARS, LOVE AND HONOR

THAT GREAT PLAY
Which Has Caused More Talk Than Any Other Play Ever Produced Here.

Emerson Players Score Colossal Success in Hubert Henry Davies' Dramatic Masterpiece.

OUTCAST

As Played for Two Solid Years by Elsie Ferguson

Seven Months at the Lyceum Theatre in New York and Three Months to Crowded Houses at The Wilbur Theatre in Boston.

HERBERT HEYES—ANN O'DAY And the Most Brilliant Array of Stock Stars Ever Assembled in Any Company.

PHONE 261 FOR SEATS

PHONE FOR SEATS NOW
Order Them Early to Avoid Disappointment

The Finest Scenic Production that Lowell Has Ever Seen

COMING SOON—NEARLY MARRIED—COMING SOON

That Dainty Half Dozen—The
6 Kirksmith Sisters
A Musical Interlude

Ethel May Hall & Co.
In the Season's Funniest Farce.
"THE WRONG GUY"

WILLIE——DESSIE
Dunlay & Merrill
"Without Rhyme or Reason." Comedy, Chatter and Songs.

B·F·KEITH'S
LOWELL'S LEADING THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK

Direct from Berlin Winter Garden
AMETA
Parisian Mirror and Classic Dancer

Joe Fields
Will Halliday
In "A RAW RECRUIT"
Direct from Keith's, Boston

Quinn and Lafferty
Unique Entertainers

Wilbert's Human Hoops

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing; Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.

Auto supplies, Beharrell, 23 Middle.

J. F. Donohoe, Donovan bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

If your teeth trouble you see Dr. Gagnon, 466 Merrimack street.

Miss Daisy Ginsbury has gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., to visit her aunt.

The members of Hose 9 were called out late yesterday afternoon to extinguish a fire in Tanner street dump.

The members of the French Baptist mission were entertained by the Worthen Street Baptist church last night. Rev. Mr. Ramette, the mission pastor, was presented a purse of $10. An entertainment followed.

An enjoyable social party was held last evening at the parish hall of St. John's church on Gorham street under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rowling. The younger set enjoyed dancing. Refreshments were served.

Rev. Charles T. Billings was the speaker at the first lecture of the season provided by the Forum fund held last evening in the Unitarian vestry. The subject was "The Value of Fine Arts," and many illustrated views were shown.

The local Permanent Firemen's club has sent The Sun a written vote of thanks for placing their views before the public so fairly, particularly in reference to the change in vacations which was proposed only by a couple of members on their own responsibility.

A most interesting lecture was given last evening in the parish house of St. Anne's church last evening by Rev. St. Anne's church by Rev. George A. Strong, a recent rector of Christ church, New York city. His subject was "Conditions in the Far East." Rev. Mr. Strong showed the need of an expansion of the missionary work in China and Japan and urged the co-operation of the people of St. Anne's church in continuing the movement.

It is not expected that local manufacturing circles will be hampered as a result of the freight embargo on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, affecting especially such material as spelter, copper, pig lead, iron and steel, as assurance has been given that the embargo will be of short duration.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of Industry council, 1772, Royal Arcanum, held last evening in Odd Fellows temple with Regent G. L. Stafford in the chair. Orator John McKinley, chairman of the entertainment committee, announced that a smoke talk and entertainment would be held at the next meeting. Routine business was considered, and remarks were made by John Dunfey, John Rynne, Neil A. Clark and James J. Dunn. At the close of the meeting whist was enjoyed.

One of the most successful dances of the season was held last evening in the assembly hall of the local high school by the evening class of 1916. A large number of members and friends of the class attended and enjoyed dancing from 8 o'clock. The officers in charge were: General manager, Edward J. McCabe; assistant general manager, John E. Maloney; floor director, Paul V. Sadlier; assistant floor director, Margaret McManus; chief aid, George Delany, treasurer, Mary Fitzgerald.

The last concert of the season in the Y.M.C.A. star course will be given next Wednesday evening at the First Baptist church. The Pilgrim male quartet will furnish the entertainment. The program is prepared to entertain and to please. The personnel is: Robert Fitz Gerald, tenor; Everett S. Glines, tenor; Percy F. Baker, baritone, and William Gustafson, Jr., basso. Miss Lucile Barry, the reader, possesses wonderful charm of youth as well as high intellectual power. Her telling of short stories is delightful.

The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals acknowledges bequests of $2024.05 from George H. Tori of Andover, $1000 from Mrs. Lydia A. Putney of Lexington, $100 from Cassedana L. Phinney of Stoughton, and $100 (additional) from Frank L. Richardson of North Adams. It has received gifts of $200 from Mrs. C. C. C., $100 from Mrs. E. T., $50 from J. S. L., $50 from T. C. H., $37.50 from S. W., $25 from Mrs. D. P. K.; and, for the Angell Memorial Animal Hospital, $108.66 from E. T. P., $100 from Hon. A. E. P., $25 from J. J., $50 from Miss E. A. C., and $25 from Mrs. L. T.

The society has been remembered in the wills of Mrs. Elizabeth M. French of Brookline, Mrs. Carrie E. Greene of Springfield, and Mrs. Abigail White Howe of Cambridge.

TO RELIEVE PAIN

Many of the most intense body pains are of local origin and can be quickly relieved and overcome by a single application of Minard's liniment, which was prescribed and used with marvelous results by Dr. Levi Minard in his private practice, for sore, strained, lame muscles, stiff neck, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatic pains, backache stiff joints, tired, aching, burning, itching feet, and sprains. It gives instant healing relief; is creamy, antiseptic, free from injurious drugs and stainless to flesh and clothing. Surely try this wonderful liniment and see how quickly it brings soothing relief. It never disappoints. Get a bottle today from any druggist.

DANCE With The Algonquins
LINCOLN HALL, FRIDAY EVE., MARCH 3
Latest Music Broderick's Orchestra
"TIE A TIN CAN TO TROUBLE"

PRES. LINCOLN'S PROMISE

SURVIVOR OF MONITOR AND MERRIMAC BATTLE TO TAKE TRIP THROUGH PANAMA CANAL

WASHINGTON, March 2—President Lincoln's promise made more than a half century ago to John Driscoll of Hampton, Va., said to be the oldest living survivor of the battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac during the Civil war, is about to be carried out by the navy department.

After the naval engagement President Lincoln summoned the crew of the Monitor, of which Driscoll was a member, to Washington. He thanked them for their valor and said if any of them ever wanted a favor it would only be necessary to ask it.

It was not until recently, however, that Driscoll decided to ask the proffered favor. He requested to be taken aboard a battleship going through the Panama canal, which he said he longed to see before he died. Arrangements for the trip have just been completed and the next warship which passes through the great waterway will carry the aged veteran as a passenger.

GRANTED A CHARTER

UNITED STATES MAILING CASE COMPANY TO DO BUSINESS IN LOWELL

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, March 2.—A charter as a Massachusetts business corporation was issued yesterday to the United States Mailing Case company, with offices in Lowell, under which it is authorized to manufacture and sell any kind of container for the protection of bottles and other articles in transit through the mails.

William A. Lamson of 42 Church street, Lowell, is president of the new corporation, and Mary A. Lamson of 194 Merrimack street is its treasurer.

HOYT.

CHELMSFORD

A social and supper that attracted one of the largest gatherings of the season was held last night at the Unitarian vestry in Chelmsford. The entertainment program which came at 8 o'clock was arranged by Mrs. Fred Park, but owing to illnes she was unable to be present and the event was carried out under the direction of W. H. Hall. The numbers presented were as follows: Duet, Misses Margaret and Katherine Hall; readings, "A Voice From a Far Country," "Little Willie's Hearing" and "Nettie's Thanksgiving," by Miss Hutchinson of Lowell; song, Miss Mabel Paignon with Mrs. John P. Parker as accompanist, and the song, "Three Old Maids of Lee," by Miss Paignon, accompanied by Mrs. Parker and illustrated by Misses Katherine and Margaret Hall and Charlotte Park. Mrs. Hill was assisted in preparing the supper by Mrs. A. W. Small, Mrs. R. P. Adams, Mrs. V. L. Parkhurst, Mrs. W. S. Holder, Mrs. W. A. Parkhurst and Mrs. W. H. Hall.

TO RETAIN SOUND LINES

BOSTON, March 2.—The system of diverting rail and boat freight traffic at Mansfield Junction so as to reach any one of the three steamboat lines of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad and thus avoid congestion was explained today by J. Howland Gardner of the New England Steamship company, at the hearing by the interstate commerce commission on the New Haven's petition to retain its Sound lines.

Mr. Gardner, who continued his testimony begun at the first hearing in New York, stated that the close control of the New Bedford, Fall River and Norwich lines by the New Haven made it possible in cases of congestion at any one of the three boat terminals to divert freight from Northern New England to the other two lines.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE
TODAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
MARGUERITE CLARK In "OUT OF THE DRIFTS"
In Five Acts
ALICE BRADY In "THE RACK"
Another Feature
Other Pictures

OSCAR F. HODGE PRESENTS
NEIL O'BRIEN AND HIS GREAT AMERICAN MINSTRELS
MONDAY, MARCH 6th

Theatre Voyons
TODAY, TOMORROW, SATURDAY
"The Guilt of Stephen Eldredge"
in three parts.
"BLAZING THE TRAIL"
A Western Drama by D. W. Griffith, with Francis Ford, in 2 Parts
"The Girl and The Mail Bag."
"The Stage Driver and The Girl."
"Ham the Diver"—a U-boat comedy.
Don't forget the new chairs; always a seat at The Voyons.

OWL THEATRE
TODAY
WILLIAM FARNUM IN "A SOLDIER'S oATH"
Many Others Usual Prices

TO CARRY WAR SUPPLIES

LAPLAND, BALTIC AND ADRIATIC, LINERS, TO BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR FREIGHT

NEW YORK, March 2.—The big passenger steamships Lapland, Baltic and Adriatic of the White Star line, will be used exclusively as freight carriers until April 12 at the earliest, the International Marine company announced late today.

The steerage accommodations on the vessels will be removed, thus adding cargo space for approximately 2000 tons more in each. The Lapland was scheduled to sail from New York on March 8, the Baltic on March 15 and the Adriatic on March 29.

It was estimated that 58,000 tons deadweight can be carried on the ships on these three voyages. As there will be no passengers on board, loaded ammunition for use by the British forces can be taken in addition to the usual war supplies, it was said.

20 PERSONS KILLED

MANY OTHERS INJURED BY AVALANCHES IN SOUTHERN TYROL

LONDON, March 2.—A despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that 20 persons have been killed and many injured by avalanches in the southern Tyrol.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

A CLOSED CAR for Parties or Weddings
CITY HALL GARAGE

INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

The Painters' union is scheduled to hold an important meeting tonight in Carpenters' hall.

Carpenters union, local 1610 held a meeting last night at which routine business was transacted.

Michael A. Lee, the well known business agent of the local Carpenters' union is recovering from a severe cold.

Thaddeus S. Cobb, formerly an alderman in Lowell and now engaged in the machinery business in Boston was in this city yesterday.

Organizer Thomas F. McMahon, of the United Textile Workers is expected to address the meeting to be held by the Weavers' union tonight.

Business at the plant of the Mears-Adams Shoe company, in Lincoln street is rushing and the company is having a hard time to obtain experienced help. Efficient hands are needed in nearly every department.

The Machinists' union, local 319, whose membership is composed mainly of employes of the Boston & Maine car shops, will hold a meeting tonight in Odd Fellows building at which a prominent labor man will be the principal speaker.

The Cigarmakers' union held a largely attended meeting in Trades & Labor hall last night at which plans were discussed for celebrating the coming anniversary of the organization. Secretary Garvey's report showed the organization to be in a strong financial condition.

The Trades & Labor council will meet tonight in the Middle street quarters to discuss several important matters. Members of the council are much pleased that the $1200 asked for the Labor day celebration has been appropriated by the city government. President Frank Warnock will preside at tonight's session.

Carpenters' Hall

On next Sunday afternoon the New England Boot & Shoe organizing conference will be held in Carpenters' hall, Runels building. It is expected that over 50 delegates from all parts of New England will attend. The session will be open to any one interested in labor matters. Charles L. Baine, general secretary of the Boot & Shoe Workers' union has been engaged to speak and he will have something of interest to say to Lowell shoe-workers.

State Board Salary Bill

That published articles concerning the possible resignations as members of the state board of conciliation and arbitration, are, to say the least, premature, is the statement of Frank M. Bump, a member of the Brockton Boot & Shoe Workers' union to Organizer Daniel E. Whelan of the same organization. It has been also stated that Charles G. Wood of New Bedford contemplated resigning.

In relation to the salary of $2500 a year paid each man, which is understood to be too small to suit the two officials, Mr. Bump, who is very well known in this city, said: "The salary bill is now before the legislative committee, and this premature announcement of our intention to withdraw from the board places us in the light of attempting to force the hands of the committee, which was not at all our intention."

Messrs. Wood and Bump contend their services on the board has been given at great personal sacrifice. While investigating in this city during the U. S. Cartridge trouble, Mr. Bump said "We hold a great many hearings about which the public never hears, because privacy is requested by both parties. We are busy days, nights and Sundays."

TO VOTE ON RESOLUTION

Continued

is ready to stand by him, has asked that one of the anti-administration resolutions to warn Americans off belligerent vessels be brought to a vote so that agitation in congress no longer may embarrass him in the submarine negotiations with Germany. But the men who control the parliamentary machinery, most of whom have favored the warning proposals, are employing every effort to prevent a show down.

After a day of conferences and inaction by the house foreign affairs committee word went forth from the White House last night that the president would accept no compromise in that he wanted congress to pass upon one of the pending resolutions and that no resolution of confidence in the administration or other device to prevent members from recording their position would be acceptable.

Chairman Flood, whom White House officials sought in vain last night, was instructed by the foreign affairs committee to see the president today for a further discussion of the situation. He also was authorized to seek data at the state department on the negotiations with Germany, and to report back to a committee meeting before the house convened for today's session.

Action on the president's request probably will not be long delayed. If the foreign affairs committee continues to put off bringing the issue before the house, the rules committee probably will be urged to carry out the request originally made by the president in his letter to Chairman Pou and report out a rule incorporating a warning resolution and providing for a vote on it after limited debate. The president's friends declare that decisive defeat of the resolution would follow.

On the senate side of the Capitol action by the house is being awaited. It is conceded that the president will be supported whenever the question is brought to a vote there.

It was made known last night that the latest German assurances conveyed by Count von Bernstorff, regarding the conduct of submarine warfare were not as broad and satisfactory as those previously given. But the administration will make no further move in the controversy for the present and the proposed agreement for settlement of the Lusitania case will remain unaccepted while the president waits on congress.

No Compromise

President Wilson told Chairman Flood of the house foreign affairs committee early today that he would consent to no compromise on the armed ship issue and desired a direct vote on a resolution warning Americans off armed ships of belligerent nations. Mr. Flood took the president's decision to the committee.

Reports to the administration today were that yesterday ten members of the foreign affairs committee were in favor of reporting out the McLemore resolution to warn Americans off armed ships and nine members were against it. There were 21 members of the committee. Some of those who expressed opinions were opposed to the McLemore resolution because it contained expressions not connected directly with the issue on which the president insists on a vote.

A meeting of the committee which was to have been held this morning was postponed until 3 o'clock this afternoon when Chairman Flood will deliver the president's message. The president had no engagements with leaders of house or senate today but was keeping in constant touch and prepared to see any members if necessary.

Up to the present Mr. Wilson has not been asked to see any committee of either house to send any facts to congress or to appear before congress in person, as has been informally suggested. It was said at the White House that no such questions would be taken up until they were presented.

"Soft Soap" Resolution

Administration officials characterized the proposed vote of confidence as a "soft soap" resolution to endorse the president and at the same time warn Americans off armed ships. They reiterated that no such resolution would be satisfactory.

"This is a clear cut issue," said one administration official, "and we do not want it muddled."

There were some indications according to these officials that the president's stand was having the desired effect on the house. They felt that the rules committee was ready to act and that the only obstacle now was in the foreign affairs committee.

Acceptable to President

In his talk with Representative Flood today the president said flatly that what was wanted was a vote on the McLemore resolution or a similar one. He made it plain that he wants the armed ship agitation disposed of once and for all so it will not come up later to embarrass the diplomatic negotiations.

Chairman Flood said on his return to the capitol that he believed some resolution acceptable to the president would be agreed upon in the foreign affairs committee today.

Representative Garrett of the rules committee, after a talk with the president, spoke of the possibility that the committee could bring in a rule to discharge the foreign affairs committee from consideration of one of the resolutions and thus force the question out for a vote in the house over the opposition of those who want to prevent it. No action along that line had been determined upon at this stage, he said.

ITALIAN SHIPS ARMED

ROME, Mar. 1, via Paris, 3.50 p. m., (Delayed)—The Italian ambassador at Washington, Count Macchi, has been instructed to notify the American government that notwithstanding the German and Austrian decrees regarding the sinking of armed merchantmen Italian merchantmen will continue to carry armament.

The ambassador also has been instructed to say that Italian merchantmen will use their artillery for only defensive purposes.

INVESTIGATION OF MILK RATES

BOSTON, March 2.—The diversion of the greater part of the milk produced in Massachusetts from Boston to the interior cities was declared today by J. K. Whiting, treasurer of a milk contracting firm, to be the cause of the purchase by local dealers of such large quantities of the product from other parts of New England. Testifying at the interstate commerce commission's investigation of milk rates, Mr. Whiting said that the decreased production in Massachusetts was due to an act which abolished the leased car system of shipment and to the use of so much pasture land for water storage basins.

VIGEANT'S MARKET

COR. MERRIMACK AND SUFFOLK STS.

Free delivery. Our 'phone numbers now are 4689-4690

JUST RECEIVED— A CARLOAD OF SUNKIST ORANGES
which we shall sell at the special low prices from 10c to 40c a dozen.

French Pork Butts	14c
Fresh Raw Leaf Lard	12½c
Best Chuck Roast	10c and 13c
Leg of Fall Lamb	14c
Pork Chops	14c
Smoked Shoulder	12c
Fresh Native Pork	12c
Fresh Shoulder	10c and 12c
Leg of Veal	14c
Chicken	16c to 22c
Best Rump Steak	28c
Chicago Rump Steak	15c
Fresh Pigs' Feet	5c
Fresh Liver	5c
Round Steak, lb.	18c

EGGS ARE CHEAPER

Good Eggs	20c doz.
Best Selected Eggs	25c doz.
Best Creamery Butter	30c
Best Creamery Cheese	19c
Big Lemons	15c doz.
Large Onions	3 lbs. for 10c
Sardines	8 boxes for 25c
Cabbage	1½c
Turnips	1½c
Boston Celery	12c
Boston Lettuce	4c
Radishes	4c, 3 for 10c

SPECIAL

Pure Lard, lb.	11c
Best Maine Potatoes	33c
Macaroni	6c
Spaghetti	6c
Welcome Soap	7 bars for 25c
Rhubarb	5c
Kale, pk.	12c
Fresh Spinach	15c
Snider's Ketchup	16c
Flour	80c bag
Rice	5c
Grapefruit	3 for 10c
Cucumbers	8c
String Beans, can	6c

FISH

Fresh Haddock	5c
Fresh Haddock	6c
Fresh Halibut, sliced	15c
Large Mackerel	10c
Fresh Salmon	12½c
Tom Cod	7 lbs. for 25c
Oysters	30c qt.
Fresh Herring	3 for 10c
Clams	25c qt.
2 cans Medium Red Salmon	25c
2 cans Red Raspberries	25c
2 cans Blueberries	25c
Fresh Strawberries	30c

Try one our 10 loaves of bread.

LATE WAR NEWS

Continued

of the road running from Neuville to La Folie, we had caused the explosion of a mine located under an old crater which was occupied by the enemy. We took possession of the new crater.

"In the region of Verdun the enemy bombarded violently last night Le Mort Homme, (the Dead Man) at the Cote de L'Ofe, between Malancourt and Fresnes as well as the principal crossings of the river Meuse. There was little activity on the part of the artillery to the east of the Meuse.

"In the Woevre district, after an intense retaliatory fire from the artillery, the enemy yesterday evening delivered a spirited attack on our positions at Fresnes. They were at once driven back by our counter attack from the few positions which they had succeeded in penetrating.

"In the Lorraine district a bombardment of several hours duration against the Sainte Marne farm west of Bezange was followed by an attack on the part of the enemy which resulted in complete failure.

"In Alsace certain tentative movements undertaken by strong German patrols against our outposts in the valley of the Lauch were repulsed by the use of hand grenades."

TWO AMERICAN CITIZENS SAIL ON ARMED STEAMER—173 PASSENGERS

NEW YORK, Mar. 2.—The Italian steamship Guiseppe Verdi, the first armed vessel to leave American shores since the new Austro-German submarine policy went into effect, sailed late yesterday for Naples and Genoa.

She carried among her 173 passengers two Italian-born American citizens.

The Verdi had mounted on her deck the two naval guns with which she was equipped two months ago. Before she sailed copper air tanks were fitted into her lifeboats.

Two of the passengers were in the first cabin, 28 in the second and 143 in the steerage. The two naturalized Americans were on the steerage list.

GERMAN LOSSES TO DATE IN VERDUN FIGHTING AMOUNT TO 130,000

PARIS, March 1 (delayed)—The exact figures of the French losses at Verdun have been given to the committee of military affairs of the chamber of deputies by Col. Boucabeille, chief secretary to Gen. Galliéni, minister of war. It is stated that they were not high.

The Petit Parisien says that the German losses to date in the Verdun fighting amount to between 125,000 and 130,000 and constitute about one-third of the German effectives actively employed.

NAVAL EXPERT SAYS NEW GERMAN CAMPAIGN WILL BE CARRIED OUT BY RAIDERS

AMSTERDAM, via London, March 2—Capt. Persius, naval expert of the Berliner Tageblatt, discussing in today's issue of that newspaper the new German campaign against merchant shipping, makes the assertion that it will be carried out, not so much through the medium of submarines, whose activities are hampered by diplomatic difficulties, as through disguised commerce raiders, like the Moewe which has already sunk a number of vessels of the allies and which sent the Appam to Newport News with a prize.

RUSSIAN STEAMER ALEXANDER WENTZEL SUNK—18 OF CREW DROWNED

LONDON, March 2.—The Russian steamship Wentzel has been sunk. Eighteen of the crew were drowned and 11 rescued.

The Alexander Wentzel of 2838 gross tons, was reported in the latest available shipping records as having arrived at Cardiff on Jan. 23. She was built at West Hartlepool in 1899 and was owned by the Northern Steamship Co. of Petrograd.

REPORT THAT FORT VAUX, FIVE MILES FROM VERDUN, DESTROYED BY MORTARS

LONDON, March 2.—An Amsterdam despatch to the Central News says that Fort Vaux, five miles to the northeast of Verdun, has been destroyed by heavy mortars, according to unconfirmed German reports, but that the Germans cannot approach the fort as the French have brought heavy artillery to bear on the approaches. It is added that a German battery has been destroyed by French shells and that the Germans have concentrated 90,000 men near Buzy, who are to resume the offensive with reinforcements from the Argonne. Buzy is about 16 miles to the east of Verdun.

SWEDISH STEAMER KNIPPLA SUNK INSIDE THE LIMIT OF SWEDISH WATERS

STOCKHOLM, via London, March 2.—It has been learned that the Swedish steamer Knippla was sunk about 500 yards inside the limit of Swedish waters.

On February 29th it was announced that the Knippla, a vessel of 531 tons, had struck a mine and sunk south of Falsterbo, Sweden, and that the crew had been rescued. On the same day a despatch from Copenhagen reported that, according to a local newspaper, a large German flotilla was engaged in laying mines south of Falsterbo.

FRANCE MYSTIFIED AT CONTINUED PAUSE IN GERMAN ATTACKS AROUND VERDUN

PARIS, March 1 (Delayed).—The press and public of France are mystified at the continued pause in the German attacks around Verdun. Caution born of experience leads generally to the rejection of the view that the Germans have given up all hope of trying to capture the Lorraine fortress. It is thought more likely that they are merely resting before starting afresh with greater energy. It is believed in many quarters that the attack on Verdun was only a preliminary to operations on a much larger scale for the purpose of trying to crush the French once and for all. However that may be, it is affirmed that Gen. Joffre is fully prepared for all eventualities. So far only the local French reserves have been called upon at Verdun, the great general reserve forces remaining intact for use in repelling other heavy onslaughts or for carrying out a great counter attack when the opportune moment comes.

If the Germans continue their assaults against Verdun from the plain of the Woevre their infantry will have to attack virtually unsupported by the heaviest of the German guns, it is argued, as the water soaked clay soil of the Lorraine plain makes the transport of such guns almost impossible. The plain is only crossed by four military roads and troops and light artillery would be obliged to deplore in the open under fire from the French positions on the heights of the Meuse.

Two valleys lead to Verdun from the plain. Both are blocked by forts—Des Tavannes and Rozelijer—and everywhere else the infantry would face thickly wooded heights with a straight drop of 250 feet. The Germans would have here, however, all the resources of Metz within easy reach.

No news has been received of Lieut. Col. Driant, a son-in-law of the late Gen. Boulanger and deputy for Nancy, since the beginning of the battle, in which he commanded two battalions of light infantry.

LLOYD'S AGENT REPORTS THAT THORNABY WAS SUNK BY MINE ON MONDAY

LONDON, March 2.—Lloyd's agent at Blyth reports that the British steamship Thornaby was sunk by a mine on Monday last.

A despatch of yesterday's date announced that the Thornaby had been sunk in the North sea and that nearly all of the crew were killed or drowned.

TO PROHIBIT THE IMPORTATION OF GERMAN GOODS AFTER THE WAR

LONDON, March 2.—The Daily News learns that the inner circle of the cabinet will recommend the incorporation in the budget of an announcement that German imports will be prohibited after the war and also that measures will be taken probably in the nature of preferential duties, for the purpose of encouraging exports from the British colonies to the countries of the allies. No decision is likely to be reached in the matter, adds the newspaper, until it has been considered by the entire cabinet as well as by the economic conference of the allies, the forthcoming meeting of which Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in his speech at the Guildhall yesterday.

CIVILIAN POPULATION WAS ORDERED TO LEAVE VERDUN ON FEB. 25

PARIS, Feb. 29 (Delayed).—M. Couten, president of the chamber of commerce of Verdun, has arrived in Paris and says that the order to leave the city was given to the civilian population on Feb. 25.

"We were being heavily shelled at the time," says M. Couten, "and yet the evacuation took place without disorder, as we had been awaiting the order to leave. Most of us would rather have remained, feeling secure in the underground bomb proofs, but the presence of civilians interfered with the movements of the troops. The people left in cheerful humor and without complaint, feeling certain that they would soon return.

"At the time we left we were satisfied that the enemy's offensive was already checked. I had been able to see all the defensive precautions which were taken and was aware of the strength of the forces accumulated in Verdun sector and my confidence is, consequently, absolute in the complete early success of our arms. The importance of the German gain should not be exaggerated. I know all the points where the first phases of the battle occurred and can say that the exact advance of the Germans north of Verdun does not exceed four kilometres."

Other refugees who have been interviewed agree in stating that, despite the terrific noise of the artillery fire and the lurid illumination of the sky during Friday night and Saturday morning, when they left, all were supremely confident in the superiority of their own army. They say that the only civilian left in Verdun on Saturday was an employe of the city hall. The last refugees were escorted by city firemen, who, with admirable devotion, aided the tired mothers to carry their children. The only sign of worry or exasperation shown by the retreating residents of Verdun was, when the customs employes inquired regarding the contents of their packages.

The refugees were greatly touched by the reception accorded to them on their arrival at the railroad station in Paris, when a number of persons, including society women, offered to carry their baggage and help them to places of shelter.

REPORT THAT GERMAN RAIDER MOEWE HAS BEEN CAPTURED

BUENOS AIRES, March 2.—Press despatches from Montevideo say that a steamer arriving from Europe intercepted near the coast of Brazil a wireless message stating that British cruisers had captured the German auxiliary cruiser Moewe.

The Moewe, it is said, was taken by the British cruisers to the Island of Trinidad.

The American steamer Santa Barbara has arrived at Montevideo, her captain making the announcement that a French cruiser which put out from Dakar, on the west coast of Africa, encountered a German raider, name not given, and opened fire on her. Under cover of darkness the German ship got away. She was, however, damaged on her upper works by the French fire.

There is some doubt, however, as to the identity of the German vessel reported to have been captured. Another version is that the vessel in question is the German cruiser Roon.

SWEDEN TO REMAIN OUT OF WAR AS LONG AS SHE CAN MAINTAIN HONOR

STOCKHOLM, via London, March 2.—"Sweden is just as determined as she was 18 months ago not to interfere in the war as long as she can maintain her national honor and dignity," said Eric Trolle, formerly Swedish minister of foreign affairs and later minister to Germany, discussing his country's policy. "The only consideration on which Sweden would end her neutrality would be one involving violation of her sovereign rights by belligerents. I do not believe, however, that any of the belligerents would take the risk of adding to the enemies they have at present. The Swedish government and people are unanimously in favor of peace, but not of peace which means a sacrifice of rights."

FEATURES OF LAST NIGHT'S WAR NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

Emperor William reported as returning from Verdun battle to Berlin.

Fighting around fortress confined to bombardments.

Allies' artillery shows "great activity" everywhere, says Berlin.

Ypres salient again a storm center of cannonading by both sides.

German infantry advances repulsed by British near Somme river and by French in Rheims neighborhood.

German seaplane drops bombs on an English southeast coast town, killing a baby and breaking windows.

Italians gain ground at Mt. Marmolade.

Russian shell fire drives Germans out of trench.

DANCING PARTY

Employes of Boulgers' Stores Danced With Friends

The third annual dancing party by Boulgers' clerks, conducted last evening at Lincoln hall, was a great success, and the large attendance of young people found plenty of genuine enjoyment in the delightful musical program and general dancing which followed. Music for dancing was furnished by Broderick's orchestra. The hall was

WILFRED T. BOULGER,
General Manager

elaborately decorated for the occasion and the brilliancy of the scene was enhanced by the beautiful gowns worn by the young women. Shortly after 10 o'clock an intermission was declared, during which refreshments were served.

The officers responsible for the success of the affair were as follows: Wilfred E. Boulger, general manager; Edward M. Holland, floor marshal; Bernard C. Montmarquet, chief aid; F. B. Kenyon and A. E. Sully, assistants.

STRIKE AT WAR PLANT

500 MACHINISTS OF PIERCE ARROW AUTO CO. AT BUFFALO, N. Y., QUIT WORK

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 2.—Five hundred machinists of the Pierce Arrow Automobile Co. went on strike today. Over 1500 machinists remained at work in the plant.

The plant has large war orders for motor trucks.

Two hundred of 900 men employed at the Curtiss Aeroplane Co. joined the ranks of the strikers and several small concerns in the Black Rock section of the city were forced to close when their machinists walked out. Union officials predicted that 10,000 men would be affected by Saturday.

The men demand an eight hour day, time and a half for overtime, no Sunday work and a wage scale with a minimum of 40 cents an hour.

TO INCREASE OUR ARMY

FINISHING TOUCHES BEING PUT ON BILL BY HOUSE MILITARY COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Finishing touches today were being put on the bill to increase the army by the house military committee, with prospects that a final vote on the measure would be reached before adjournment.

Before the final vote, however, a new effort was to be made to make the maximum peace strength of the regular army 200,000.

Under this plan it is proposed to authorize the president to bring the army up to the full strength at any time without specific act of congress.

Another proposal already incorporated in the bill would provide for a far reaching industrial and technical reserve for the fighting lines in war times. This reserve would include practically every profession or occupation whose services would be useful to the army.

While the house committee was completing its task the senate committee was having printed its plan for federalizing the National Guard and was ready for a final review of the bill.

Admiral Frank Fletcher, commander of the Atlantic fleet, was on hand ready to testify before the house naval committee.

HIDING SEVERAL WEEKS

CHARLES AUSBURN, AMERICAN MINING MAN REPORTED KILLED IN MEXICO, IS ALIVE

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 2.—Charles Ausburn, an American mining man who was reported to have been executed by Villa soldiers more than two months ago at the Mulatos mine in southeastern Sonora, is alive, it was learned today.

Persons arriving here from that section said Ausburn, who is a cripple, was warned of the approach of Villa troops and fled to the mountains. He remained in hiding several weeks.

ST. MARGARET'S WHIST PARTY

Sixty tables filled Elks hall in Middle street Tuesday at a whist party and dance conducted by St. Margaret's parish, with more than 250 in attendance. The early part of the evening was given over to cards, with refreshments served during the intermission which preceded the dance. Neyman's orchestra supplied lively music and the affair, from every viewpoint, was a genuine success. The card winners during the evening were announced as follows: Bridge—Men's prizes, first, Joseph Farrell; second, J. H. Murphy; women, first, Miss K. F. McCarty, second, Mrs. P. H. Ryan. Whist—Men's prizes, first, leather collar box, Edward Welsh; second, rug, Edward Brady; third, cigars, William Daly. Ladies', first, cut glass, Mrs. Daniel Foye; second, guest towels, Mrs. Tighe; third, scarf, Mrs. Thomas Mahoney; vase, Dr. Janet Rowlandson.

The following committee had charge of the affair: Mrs. Charles McCarty, chairman; Mrs. James Morrison, Mrs. Frank Campbell, Mrs. William Murphy, Miss Alice Murphy, Dr. Emma Young Slaughter, Mrs. Margaret Bagshaw, Mrs. Margaret Hennessey, Mrs. George Harrigan, Mrs. John Connor, Mrs. John Donnelly, Mrs. Daniel Shanahan, Mrs. William Daly, Mrs. John H. Murphy, Mrs. Henry Reynolds, Mrs. Anthony Conway, Mrs. John Sargent, Mrs. Henry and Mrs. John M. Murphy.

THE MASQUERADE PARTY

A lady who represents the Y.M.C.A. auxiliary takes exception to the Sun's criticism of a particular feature of the masquerade party given at the Merrimack Square theatre this week as being vulgar. She feels that this reflects upon the society of ladies that presented the play and assumed responsibility for it. She states that the aim was to provide a funny burlesque and that she cannot see why anybody should take offense at any part of the performance. The Sun, on the other hand, felt that as the show was put on by a lady who goes from city to city presenting the same performance, any extravagant feature should be criticised. We certainly had no intention of reflecting upon the good ladies of the Y.M.C.A. auxiliary, who adopted the whole program as their own. Perhaps The Sun erred in applying to an amateur performance too high a standard of criticism and in not adopting the viewpoint of the lady in question that a burlesque designed to amuse should not be taken as really representing any particular type or class. Certainly none of the ladies of the auxiliary would countenance anything in any way improper.

SAUNDERS' MARKET

GORHAM AND SUMMER STS. Tel. 3890-1-2-3

FRIDAY FISH SPECIALS

FRESH SLICED **Bluefish Steak lb. 7c**

FLOUNDERS, Pound..... 5c | BUTTERFISH, Pound..... 5c

EXTRA LARGE— 3 to 4 POUND **Bloater Mackerel ea. 22c**

FANCY SARDINE HERRING, Pound.....5c

LARGE LABRADOR HERRING.....3 Fish 10c

FRESH SMOKED FINNAN HADDIE, Pound.....9c

FANCY MEDIUM MACKEREL, Pound.....9c

Red Salt Salmon lb., 12c	Tuna Fish, can..15c	Smoked Herring, box 13c
Large Salt Mackerel, each 5c	Deviled Sardines, can 9c	Boneless Herring, lb 13c
Large Salt Herring, 3 for 10c	Clams, 3 cans...22c	Cod Scraps, lb....4c
Thick Salt Fish, pkg. 7c	Kippered Herring, 3 cans 25c	40c Crab Meat, can, 27c
Smoked Bloaters, each 5c	Steak Salmon, large can 11c	35c Lobsters, can 22c
Salt Fish Threads, pkg. 4c	Medium Red Salmon, can 11c	Best Red Salmon, can 14c
Tile Fish, lb.....15c	Sword Fish, lb..17c	Pickerel, lb. 15c

SARDINES IN OIL— 5c CANS— Each..... **3c**

ALASKA PINK **SALMON** 10c NEW TALL CANS 2 For..... **15c**

NOTE—Fresh Made TOPSHAM CREAMERY BUTTER Received Daily. Order Some Today. Our Extremely Low Price Will Surprise You.

GREAT BRITAIN'S POLICY

SEC. LANSING RECEIVED OUTLINE OF ANSWER TO PROTEST AGAINST TAMPERING WITH MAIL

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Secretary Lansing said today that Ambassador Page at London had cabled an outline of Great Britain's reply to the American protest against interferences with mails which is coming by post, but he declined to say what the outline indicated. Nothing would be done, he said, until the note itself had been received.

A pair of silk tights worn by Julia Marlowe when she played Rosalind brought only $1 at auction recently.

WHO CAN DOUBT SWORN TESTIMONY OF HONEST CITIZENS?

SEVERE KIDNEY TROUBLES YIELD TO POPULAR REMEDY

For nearly nine years I was a great sufferer from what my doctor said was Kidney trouble and my blood was out of order; enduring all that time excruciating pain in my back and across my bowels. I was drawn down so that I could only walk with my hands on my knees. My doctor said he could do nothing for me. I tried many kinds of medicine but all to no avail. A friend told me about Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and as I had tried everything else that I heard of, I bought a bottle of Swamp-Root and it did wonders for me. I prize it higher than any other medicine and I shall recommend it to my friends. I wish to add right here that after using Swamp-Root for two months I began to straighten up and am now sound and well, and feel like I might live a long time yet to tell what your medicine has done for me.

Yours very truly,
T. C. CLAY,
750 Sugar St. Marion, Ohio.

State of Ohio
Marion County

Personally appeared before me this 19th day of December, A.D., 1914, T. C. Clay, who subscribed to the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

CHARLES W. HABERMAN,
Notary Public,
Marion Co., Ohio.

Some time ago I was taken with Kidney trouble which caused me to give up my work as blacksmith. I lost my appetite and could not sleep, from the dreadful pains that would come over me, from my kidneys. I was treated by a physician for about three months. He could not help me so finally he prescribed Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. I started taking same and before I had finished taking the first bottle I began to eat and sleep better than I had in a long time. I continued to take same until I was entirely cured and took on considerable weight.

I am now back working at my trade again and never felt better in my life. I appreciate what Swamp-Root has done for me and will recommend it to anyone who suffers with their kidneys. When physicians fail to give relief and then prescribe Swamp-Root, they sure know of its merits. I am

Very truly yours,
S. A. HALE,
Henrietta, N. Y.

State of New York
County of Monroe, ss.

S. A. Hale, of Henrietta, N. Y., being duly sworn deposes and says that he is the person who wrote the foregoing testimonial letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., and knows the facts stated therein to be true.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of July, 1909.

MORRIS T. GRIFFIN,
Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention The Lowell Sun. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

The Hanks Fire Extinguisher

THAT MAGIC PINK POWDER

We will forfeit $1000 for any fire confined in a single room that we cannot extinguish in ten seconds with the "HANKS."

An exploded kerosene lamp is not at all dangerous with the "HANKS" at hand.

It will extinguish a gasoline fire in less time than it takes to tell it.

It is used successfully by the Lowell Fire Department.

WILLIAM F. CAWLEY

LOCAL AGENT 81 ROGERS ST. TELEPHONE 1000-W

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

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GALLANT FRENCH DEFENSE

Although the ultimate fate of Verdun is not yet decided, too much cannot be said for the bravery shown by the French troops who put up such a wonderful defense against an attack that was wholly unexpected at this time. For months the Germans had prepared their attack and laid up enormous supplies of ammunition. The bravest and best troops in the German army were massed in close formation and at the opportune time a gigantic attack was launched, accompanied with an artillery attack unprecedented in its weight and determination. In no battle of the war was there such a disregard for sacrifices in human life and the impression has gone abroad that the Germans were urged by the kaiser himself to take Verdun regardless of what it might cost. That the attacking troops fought gallantly is admitted, but they were met by an army fully as brave, and it now looks as though Verdun is saved. Had the Germans succeeded in their first attack, Paris and London would not have felt jubilant, for the attack on Verdun was but preliminary to a larger plan.

The French were apparently caught unawares in the first phases of the Verdun battle, but they soon made up for lost time. Their mode of defense was to rain shells on any portion of the German line that showed undue activity and thus the attacking forces were mown down wave after wave in horrible slaughter. Thus the Germans paid a terrible price for the ground gained and were finally halted without having taken any important position or any of the active forts. Thus they have been driven back and as a result they are starting a new offensive several miles further to the southeast. Realizing the moral loss of defeat at this time, the Germans will probably renew the attack in all its ferocity at a later date, but the French will then be better prepared, and Paris as well as London hopes that the flag of the allies will float over Verdun until the war is over.

Not in this instance alone but in all the battles of the war have the French fought gallantly. France is like a bent bow, always ready for action, and it has borne the greatest brunt of the war with the central powers, so far as fighting on land is concerned. If the English had done a proportionate share on the western front, the war would have been over in favor of the allies long before this. Her main reliance, of course, is on her sea power and in that she is still triumphant despite Germany's violation of all law by the use of the torch, the bomb and the submarine.

REVISING BUILDING CODE

Fall River is having an experience which all cities have at some time or other. There, the authorities and the public had lived in a false sense of security and though public attention was called to serious defects in the building ordinances and in the fire department, the difficulty of enforcing more rigorous laws and the prospect of costly improvements proved prohibitive, and nothing was done. Then came the recent fire which destroyed an entire block in the heart of the business district and proved to Fall River and all other cities the folly of being unprepared for such an emergency.

There is no need in Fall River now to argue for more stringent building regulations or for more adequate fire equipment. The fire has proved the strongest of all arguments and the people are willing to spend sufficient to ensure reasonable protection for the future. The following, from the Fall River Globe, will prove of general interest to this city:

It is encouraging to note that the aldermanic committee on ordinances is contemplating taking up the matter of overhauling and strengthening our lamentably defective and somewhat archaic building ordinances. That is something that should have been done long ago. The recent disastrous fire has, however, served to direct public attention to this matter and to revive the agitation for a revision of the code and a reform in the abuses and evasions of it that have been tolerated in the past on the part of property owners and contractors.

Now that the rebuilding of the burned district is soon to commence the opportunity for framing a new set of ordinance that will be more in accord with present day ideas in respect to such matters as improved construction, fire prevention and public safety, should not be neglected. Indeed, it is almost imperative that action in that direction should be taken if the city is to be properly safeguarded against possible dire calamity. Our present building laws are not only admittedly unscientific and inadequate but there has been in many instances notorious laxity in their enforcement.

While it is gratifying to see a sister city show signs of waking up to present day conditions, we should take the lesson home to ourselves and adopt the recommendations of the National Board of Fire Underwriters before a misfortune similar to that of Fall River overtakes us. Adequate fire prevention and fire protection is worth all that it costs, and every city must have it or be prepared to pay for its neglect sooner or later. We do not need a fire here to prove to us the importance of enforcing the building regulations, increasing the fire fighting equipment and providing for more satisfactory water pressure in all sections of the city.

BRANCHING OUT

The future of our growth as well as that of the surrounding towns depends upon annexation. Some of the largest private corporations have developed from small beginnings but they were always ready to branch out when they saw the opportunity. From one small building they progressed and extended until they comprise a small town in area and in the number of their workers. The same is true of all business in which it is seen that the great department store may grow from the ten-footer and the newspaper may develop from the hand bill.

What is true of private business is true of the community. Cities too must be ready to branch out whenever it is necessary and whenever they see a good opportunity for expansion. Lowell once was a town, made up of a few residences grouped around two or three mills, but it branched out consistently until it is one of the greatest and busiest cities in the country. It cannot now decide to restrict its natural growth without suffering stagnation and remaining behind while other cities forge ahead in population, in opportunity, in general prosperity.

In no way can cities branch out better than by sensible annexation, and Lowell must either become a congested and unprogressive city or else take on new territory. We have built out to our limits in all directions where growth is desirable, and if we are to continue to grow we must add new territory to our municipal area. We are confronted with two alternatives, each of which is worthy of the most serious consideration. These are the annexation of Dracut and the annexation of North Chelmsford. There is a growing sentiment in both towns in favor of annexation with Lowell, and if our people realized what is at stake, the demand for immediate annexation would be so strong that it could not be resisted. Lowell must either branch out into Dracut or North Chelmsford or remain stationary while cities of far less importance add to their area, their population and their prestige.

No thinking man denies that sooner or later Lowell will be forced to look for elbow room. Why not now, before we have fallen so far behind that we cannot regain what we have lost through civic indifference?

EXPRESS COMPANIES GAIN

Though the larger express companies of the country, when opposing the introduction of the parcel post, frankly declared that the federal system might ruin them, such is not proving the case. At first there was a reaction in favor of the parcel post but, contradictory as it may seem, the express companies have come back stronger than ever. The parcel post is a great boon to the people, not yet fully availed of, but it has served as an impetus to the express companies which operate in a sphere that the parcel post does not affect.

The official reports of the leading express companies for the latter part of 1915 prove that there has been a great revival in the express business. The latest reports available show that net earnings of the Adams Express company increased 181 per cent; those of the American company about 100 per cent, and those of the Wells Fargo 71 per cent. The increased traffic due to war may be responsible in part for this prosperity, but it is grounded on a condition that promises to be permanent.

The supporters of the government system as contrasted with the private systems may take comfort in the fact that while the express companies have gained in the volume of their business, so has the parcel post. Thus, one branch has not thrived on business drawn from the other, and there is nothing to show that the federal service will ever put the private companies out of business. Government competition has made the private companies more solicitous for good service and more efficient, and what threatened to become a detriment has in reality become a positive aid.

Those who argue against federal ownership may find a ready argument in the growth of the express companies after the introduction of the parcel post, but it will have to be admitted by all parties that in many departments the government has not been able to compete satisfactorily with private enterprise.

PRESIDENT'S TRUMP CARD

In his dealing with congress, President Wilson has held his trump card until he could play it most effectively. He now boldly challenges his opponents to come out in the open by voting on the resolution warning Americans to keep off armed liners. If this is done—and it ought to be done without delay—congress will have to answer to the American people, and it is very improbable that the threatened opposition to the chief executive will materialize.

In his letter to acting Chairman Pou of the house rules committee, President Wilson pointed out that the recent action of a clique in congress created the impression abroad that the president cannot depend on the legislative body. Knowing this, can congress dare to take the responsibility of weakening their president and destroying his effectiveness? It is almost incredible that any responsible group in Washington would play deliberately into the hands of a foreign government, and the people confidently await the result of President Wilson's timely challenge.

Whatever the result—and there is no cause for alarm—President Wilson deserves nation-wide commendation for his courageous stand for principle. Instead of pulling wires and striving to influence votes in the way of the politician he shows his sincerity in a manner that the American people cannot but admire. Now for the vote in house and senate, and may it show America and the world that our president still speaks and acts for a united people!

SEEN AND HEARD

It is surprising how many heroes there are in the world—to hear them tell it.

A man cannot understand that a woman who would go to Lawrence to live for love of him is capable of leaving him because he uses a toothpick or clears his throat.

They Sound Alike

Recently a young girl appeared at the office of the Y.M.C.A. and said in broken English what sounded to the clerk like "I want to see my cousin."

"What it his nam?" queried the clerk.

All that the girl would answer was "I want to see 'my cousin.' "

Finally she was given pencil and paper and after several of the assistants had been called it was learned the girl wished to see a member named Mike Husson.

Why Should He Hurry?

The visitor to a county farm was being shown round the premises by his host. They inspected the hennery, the piggery, the cowery, the horsery, and all the other "eries," and the city man was very interested.

Presently, as they walked along the side of a field, he touched his companion on the arm.

"There!" he exclaimed quickly. "Is that a scarecrow?"

"Where?" asked the farmer.

"That shabby thing in the middle of the field? It must be a scarecrow. It hasn't moved all the time. I've been watching."

"That's no scarecrow," replied the farmer sadly. "That's a man I've got working by the day."

Cure For Grouch

Writes the "Man About Town," in the Beverly Times, "Every morning when I arrive at my desk, I marvel at the happy smile worn by one of my fellow workers. I am inclined to be grouchy myself at times, and I asked her how she could always seem so happy.

"It's contagious," was the reply. "Every morning, I pass a certain house. At one of the windows is seated a shut-in. She seldom is able to be out doors even on the porch.

"But every morning she bows and smiles. She never looks grouchy. Sometimes I feel grouchy when I leave home, but her bow and smile chase the grouch away.

"If a shut-in can smile every morning, I think every one should be able to do so. That's why I smile."

Local Government

First councillor—"Here's a fine looking street!"

Second Ditto—"You're right! What's the best thing to do with it?"

"Let's have it dug up to lay a drain."

"But wouldn't it be proper to pave it first?"

"Of course; I thought you would understand that! Then, after it is paved and a drain put in, we'll have it repaved."

"All in readiness to be dug up again for laying the gas pipe? I see you understand the principles of municipal economy. And after we have had it paved for the second time, then what?"

"Well, then it will be ready for widening!"

Hannah Binding Shoes

This poem was written by Lucy Larcom, who, in her early life, worked in the mills of this city. She was a frequent contributor to the "Lowell Offering" and the "Operatives" Magazine. Afterwards she taught in the public schools, and from 1865 to 1874 she was editor of "Our Young Folks." Her principal works are "Ships in the Midst," "Poems," "Childhood Songs," and "Wild Roses of Cape Ann." Lucy Larcom was born at Beverly Farms, Mass., in 1826, and died April 17, 1893.

Poor lone Hannah,
Sitting at the window, binding shoes;
Faded, wrinkled,
Sitting, stitching, in a mournful muse.
Bright-eyed beauty once was she,
When the bloom was on the tree;
Spring and winter,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

Not a neighbor,
Passing nod or answer will refuse,
To her whisper,
"Is there from the fishers any news?"
Oh, her heart's adrift, with one
On an endless voyage gone!
Night and morning,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

Fair young Hannah,
Ben, the sunburnt fisher, gayly woos;
Hale and clever,
For a willing heart and hand he sues.
May-day skies are all aglow,
And the waves are laughing so!
For her wedding
Hannah leaves her window and her shoes.

May is passing;
'Mid the apple boughs a pigeon coos.
Hannah shudders,
For the mild southwester mischief brews.
Round the rocks of Marblehead,
Outward bound, a schooner sped;
Silent, lonesome,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

'Tis November,
Now no tear her wasted cheek bedews,
From Newfoundland
Not a sail returning will she lose,
Whispering hoarsely, "Fishermen,
Have you, have you heard of Ben?"
Old with watching,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

Twenty winters
Bleach and tear the ragged shore sho views,
Twenty seasons:—
Never one has brought her any news.
Still her dim eyes silently
Chase the white sails o'er the sea;
Hopeless, faithful,
Hannah's at the window, binding shoes.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

"Outcast," that wonderful drama which is the offering of the Emerson players at the Opera house all the week has broken all records for capacity audiences. The play has certainly made a remarkable hit and the demand for seats for the remaining performances indicates that many hundreds will be turned away and unable to secure reservations. Reservations can be made by phoning 261 and patrons should do so early to avoid disappointment.

"Outcast" tells a remarkable and brilliant story. It deals with Geoffrey Sherwood, a young Englishman who has been jilted by a young woman in his own set, who, breaking the engagement, elected to marry a prosaic yet wealthy baronet. Sherwood becomes disconsolate, moody and addicted to stimulants. At this period he meets quite unexpectedly, Miriam, a woman of unusual type, who has known all life's vicissitudes. Between these two characters in social station there is much in common. The play deals with their redemption.

Miss Ann O'Day as Miriam, the character originated by Elsie Ferguson is seen at her best while Herbert Heyes as Geoffrey Sherwood, offers a smooth and finished portrayal of the character. Joseph Crehan, Gilberta Faust, Walter von Hoekman, Edward Nannery, Erina Erwin, Eunice Elliott and other members of the company portray their various characters finely. It is the best cast play in years and the characters offer the players splendid opportunities to appear in characters which are entirely different from everything that they have previously played.

The settings in "Outcast" are indeed splendid.

Next week, starting with a special bon bon matinee on Monday, The Emerson players will present "Nearly Married" that great giggling, healthy farce by Edgar Selwyn, author of "Rolling Stones" which is now running at the Park Square theatre in Boston. "Nearly Married" is the funniest farce in the world and its stock release was secured at a high royalty and by special arrangement with the American Play company and Mr. Selwyn himself.

It is a play of laughter from start to finish and is sure to make a wonderful hit with the theatre patrons of this city and the surrounding towns. Last season it had a brilliant run at the Park Square theatre in Boston with Richard Bennet in the leading role. It is healthier in laughter than "A Pair of Sixes" or "Over Night."

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

Mlle. Ameta in her suite of dances, at the B. F. Keith theatre, this week, is scoring a pronounced hit. The dancer not only pleases by her attractive personality, but through the wonderful blending of colors which are thrown on her during the dances. At times the tints are iridescent, at others they assume the ravishing lines of growing flowers. At others the color of flames is perfectly imitated. Her opening number is the Parisian dance, which is characteristic. It is followed by the Butterfly number, the Dance of the Flames, and finally the Dance of the Fleur de Lys. In "The Wrong Guy," which is played by Ethel May Hall & Co., a bundle of complications furnishes the amusement. A wife is pursued by admirers. A plumber comes to the home by mistake and is hired as a protector. He agrees to take the job, and pounces upon the first man who puts in an appearance. The wife is greatly pleased with his work, until she learns that the first victim of the protector is her husband. It all makes a good farce, and it is played with commendable speed. Willie Dunlay and Bessie Merrill mix up all sorts of funny talk and create laughter with it. Dunlay is resourceful, and Miss Merrill is the champion long-distance laughing artiste. The result is a series of unusual happenings. "A Raw Recruit," in which Will Halliday and Joe Fields appear, is a comedy based upon soldier life. Fields makes the most of the fun. The Six Kirksmith Sisters offer a straight musical act, one in which strings and brass instruments play a good part. The girls are good to look upon, and they play well. One of the sextet conducts the entire orchestra and her sister players in the final number of their program. Quinn & Lafferty have a speedy little potpourri of singing, dancing and talking, and Wilbert Raymond is without doubt one of the best hoop-rollers in vaudeville. The Selig-Tribune pictures show many new motion views taken in various parts of the world. Good seats for the remaining performances of the week may be secured at the box office. 'Phone 28.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

An entirely new list of pictures has been arranged to be shown at the continuous performances at the Merrimack Square theatre today, Friday and Saturday. Several notable stars will be seen at this theatre during these next three days. Among them is the ever popular Marguerite Clark who today makes her first appearance in this city in her latest role in the five act Paramount feature, "Out of the Drifts." "Out of the Drifts" is an Alpine story, interesting in its theme and attractive in its production. Only the best have been chosen for roles in this delightful play. Besides this picture Alice Brady of motion picture fame will portray the leading role of the other five act feature "The Rack." This is a tale of how a woman's indiscretions lead her into the danger of a legal death and how she escaped. Several other pictures which are bound to please will also be shown.

Next Monday afternoon and evening Neil O'Brien and his minstrels will entertain at the Merrimack Square theatre.

Mr. O'Brien has been notably successful ever since he became a star four years ago; and during that time he has given to the stage some very elaborate and classy productions of minstrelsy. His new offering is promised as being quite the equal, if not superior, to his earlier efforts. This year's company has been considerably augmented and includes the following minstrel favorites: Eddie Ross, Eddie Mazier, Lasses White, Pete Detzel, Major Nowak, David Morris, James Barardi, Leslie Berry, Winfield Williams, George F. Peduzzi, Jonathan Haw, Don and Al Palmer.

OWL THEATRE

William Farnum, the highest salaried star in the moving picture world will again be seen at the Owl theatre today in the gripping five part Fox production, "A Soldier's Oath." Dealing with the tragedy of a young soldier's life, this film is bound to hold the audience from start to finish. Many other photoplays will also be presented at the Owl theatre today and tomorrow.

THEATRE VOYONS

For the last half of the week the Theatre Voyons has booked one of those old time thrilling shows. Instead of sitting down and watching a five reel picture for the thrill which they always put in the last reel, we have five pictures with a thrill and a corking good story in each. The first feature in three parts is a remarkable detective story showing the Jekyll and Hyde personality of one Stephen Eldridge. The second feature is one of those stories of early frontier life featuring that sterling actor, Francis Ford and the best band of Redskins ever seen in the movies. There are two more western dramas; then a submarine comedy by the king of comedians, Ham. Don't miss this show.

CITOYENS AMERICAINS

Seventeen new members were admitted and six applications for membership received at last evening's meeting of Club Citoyens Americain held with President Maxime Lepine in the chair. A committee on naturalization, consisting of the following, was appointed: George D. Pelletier, Ferdinand Rousseau, Maxime Lepine, Herve Thibeault and Narcisse Foucher.

ROYAL FAMILY'S PART IN WAR

LONDON, March 2.—Almost half of the domestic staff of Buckingham palace has been released for duty at the front, and the life of the royal family brought down to a simplicity in keeping with times of war. The king still allows no wine at the table, and the meals served are plain and simple as an example in self-denial to the people. Queen Mary, on her part, takes great care to prevent waste. One of the court institutions she has reduced in cost is the royal orchestra. The queen also insists on strict economy in the management of the wartime charities over which she presides. Too often, in peace time, these charities are really extravagant fashionable fetes in the name of charity. But they are now run on a simple business-like plan. Other members of the royal family follow the example of the heads of their house. Princess Christian, for example, has no longer a grandiose flunkey at her door, but a parlor maid in a dark blue uniform.

HERE

are prices not out of reach—FINE SUITS and OVERCOATS—from lots that sold for $20, $18 and $15, all

$12.50

There are Spring Suits and Winter Suits, fancy box Overcoats for winter and a few conservative Spring Overcoats in black and oxford—both suits and overcoats are uncommonly good values.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

Genasco

THE TRINIDAD-LAKE-ASPHALT

Shingles

with attractive surface of Red and Green Slate

Durable Handsome Fire Resisting

We carry a full line of Genasco Roofing products. Call and investigate.

JAMES F. MOONEY,
496 WORTHEN STREET
Lowell, Mass.

"Personally Conducted" Economy Trips to California

If you can go to California in a comfortable through sleeping car, by the most interesting scenic route, at a great saving in expense, and in charge of a Special Conductor, paid to look after details and explain the points of interest; then why spend a lot of money on costly "Limited" train service? You can go on a Burlington Route "Personally Conducted" Party. That way is not only much more economical, but much more interesting as well. Through Colorado at no extra cost.

You will be interested in learning the expense of this trip is well within your reach. Just call or write and I will gladly explain all the details.

Alex Stocks, New England Passenger Agent, C.B. & Q.R.R., 264 Washington st., Boston.

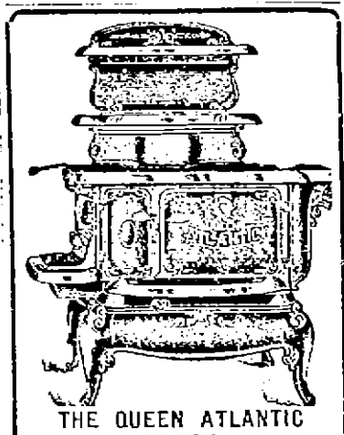
WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH

IN ANY CONDITION—FULL OR BROKEN SETS.

Mail or Bring to

ARTIFICIAL TEETH COMP'Y

Room 22 Howe Bldg.
13 MERRIMACK SQUARE



THE QUEEN ATLANTIC RANGE

Has hundreds of friends in Lowell who have used all makes of ranges and all of them will tell you that the Queen is best. We also carry a first class line of second-hand Heaters and Ranges. We make a specialty of second-hand furniture, also a full line of kitchenware and new furniture to select from.

O. F. PRENTISS

TWO STORES, 356 Bridge St. and 37 West Third St.

A Card

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25c bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

F. H. Butler & Co.
A. Thomasson Co.
Fred O. Lewis
Falls & Burkinshaw
E. T. McEvoy
F. P. Moody
Brunelle's Pharmacy
Davis Square Drug Store
A. W. Dows & Co.
Carter & Sherburne
N. Peikes
Noonan, The Druggist
Howard, The Druggist
F. J. Campbell
J. A. Osgood

The Brisk Smoke—"Bull" Durham

When you see an alert-looking young man in a lively argument roll a "Bull" Durham cigarette—it's the natural thing. He likes to punctuate a crisp sentence with a puff of "Bull". His mind responds to the freshness that's in the taste of "Bull". His senses are quickened by the unique aroma of "Bull". A cigarette of "Bull" Durham just fits in with keen thinking and forceful action.

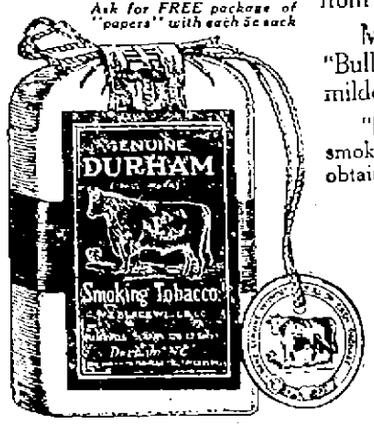
GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

You get more wholesome, lasting satisfaction out of "Bull" Durham than from any other tobacco ever rolled up into a cigarette.

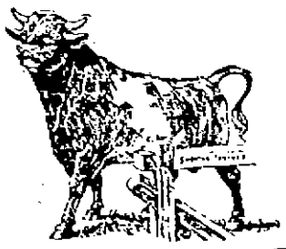
Made of "bright" Virginia-North Carolina leaf, "Bull" Durham is rich, fragrant, mellow-sweet—the mildest, most enjoyable of smokes.

"Roll your own" with "Bull" and join the army of smokers who have found that so good a cigarette cannot be obtained in any other way.

Ask for FREE package of "papers" with each 5c sack



FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U.S. on request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N.C.



THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

PRO-GERMAN IRISHMEN

N. Y. Societies Rap "Long Distance Patriots" — Call Anti-British Meeting "Attack on Neutrality"

NEW YORK, March 2.—Denouncing as "a violent attack on American neutrality" a proposed anti-British demonstration of pro-German Irishmen to be held here March 4 and 5, the executive committee of the American Irish societies, which include the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the United Irish League of America, yesterday adopted resolutions for the purpose of "setting the race right with the people of the United States."

The resolutions assert that the Irish in Ireland are better judges of their rights, policies and duties than any number of professional Irishmen in America, or descendants of exiled Irishmen in America, whose sole idea on the Irish question is the legacy of hate inherited from the days of oppression and who are ignorant of, or shut their minds to, the happy change that has come over the Green Island since the rule of democracy has been substituted for that of feudalism.

"The Irishmen in Ireland are not contract breakers," the resolutions continue. "Now that home rule is granted them they are keeping their part of the contract. They have sent 142,000 of their sons voluntarily to the front and are adding to that force at the rate of 1000 a week.

"The Irish in Ireland will not soon forget the fate of Belgium, nor the centuries old love of Ireland for France, even if some of our long-distance Irish patriots on this side of the Atlantic choose to ignore them."

Addresses rebuking the alleged attempt of the "extremists" to make the public believe that all the Irish in America are "opposing President Wilson's earnest efforts to preserve American neutrality" were made by Patrick Egan, former minister to Chile, and Gen. John Hanlon, national president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, Board of Erin.

Thirty-six Irish societies of New York were represented.

GIRL SAVES HER MOTHER

FITCHBURG DAUGHTER GIVES A PINT OF BLOOD BY TRANSFUSION —MOTHER RALLIED

FITCHBURG, March 2.—Edith W. Terrell's sacrifice of a pint of blood by transfusion saved her mother's life here yesterday. The mother, Mrs. Elwin W. Terrell of 131 Lunenberg street, was dying at the Burbank hospital, where she had been for more than a month. Immediately after the operation Mrs. Terrell rallied.

Chester, Eng., has women lamplighters.

It Is The Best

Read it today—The Boston Daily Globe. Morning Globe, two cents; Evening Globe, one cent. Read the Boston Daily Globe.

Bud Fisher — The Globe has the New England rights to Bud Fisher's great comic, Mutt and Jeff. See them in the Daily Globe.

We will vacate our store and this is the time for bargains. Only twenty more days to do business. We have nothing but bargains at

DEVINE'S

Merrimack Street Trunk Store

LECTURE ON BIRD LIFE

EDWARD H. FORBUSH DELIGHTED LARGE AUDIENCE BY ILLUSTRATED TALK AT PEOPLE'S CLUB

The lecture at the People's club last evening was on "Birds of Massachusetts," the lecturer being Edward H. Forbush, state ornithologist. Members of the Lowell Fish and Game association were in attendance and the large audience enjoyed the exposition of our bird life and the splendid slides with which the talk was illustrated.

Mr. Forbush said that in this state there are not more than half a dozen species of birds which are injurious to crops or to other birds. Most birds have a place in the economic order, their mission being to kill injurious insects and other pests. The night hawk, which is not a hawk in reality, preys on mosquitoes and in the stomach of one 50 of the pests were found, the result of one night's hunt.

Crows also are the friend of the farmer, though most farmers think otherwise. In 1749 there was a bounty for every crow's head produced and as a result none were left in this section. The next year it became necessary to send to England and Pennsylvania for hay. Mr. Forbush pleaded for the life of the crows, excepting the occassional one which hangs around the corn field. The rough-leg hawk eats field mice, which if unchecked increase with great rapidity. The great-horned owl also prowls at night and destroys injurious insect pests. As an illustration of the good they do he said that a young robbin will eat about 14 feet of caterpillars in a single day. The common herons eat the army worm, grasshoppers and frogs and gulls are scavengers along the waterways.

As a proof of the extermination of our birds, Mr. Forbush said that once the wild pigeon was the commonest wild bird in the world; now it is wholly extinct. In some places its nests were found in spaces of 40 miles in length, one of the largest nesting places being between Lowell and the New Hampshire line. The last bird of the species died in Cincinnati, Ohio, last year. When the wild pigeon was being slaughtered one town in Michigan sent 13,000,000 of the birds to market in a year.

Curlews and plovers will soon become extinct, he said, unless protective measures are adopted. Spring shooting is largely responsible. The parent birds are often killed at a time when the eggs are being hatched, with disastrous results to the bird family. Wild geese are practically gone the way of the pigeons.

In recent years protected colonies of birds have been plantd along the coast of the country and this is saving some of the species. The snowy heron and the white egret were being killed off by the plume hunters and feeders of fashion. The female birds were taken and the gathering of the egrets killed them and left their young to starve. Sometimes the mother birds were driven into cisterns and starved so that the feathers would be right for the market.

In conclusion he urged all to become protectors of the birds by providing food in winter and shelters that would keep away the cat. He knew of a cat that killed 68 in one year. He showed many slides of birds and bird life, including some lovely pictures of nests taken near his home at Wareham.

The QUALITY as the Name is BEST

PILLSBURY'S BEST

FLOUR

UNIFORM

For Bread or Biscuit

S. K. DEXTER CO.

DISTRIBUTORS

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR TOPSHAM CREAMERY BUTTER

WE SELL SO SOCONY RED. U.S. PAT. OFF. KEROSENE OIL STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

Buy Your Kerosene Where You See This Sign

SAFEST and BEST

IT is the Socony sign—displayed by all dealers who sell genuine Socony (So-CO-ny) Kerosene Oil.

A good product is worth giving a name to. Accordingly, we have given the trademarked name Socony to our best grade of kerosene oil. Ask for Socony and you are sure of getting the best

Every gallon of Socony Kerosene conforms to certain fixed standards of quality. And quality is just as important in kerosene as it is in any of the other things you buy from your grocer—sugar, or flour or butter.

Socony Kerosene is free from dirt or other impurities, burns with a clear full flame, and does not make wick crust. It is so much better than ordinary kerosene that it is decidedly worth asking for

Say "Socony" to the grocer's boy when he comes to take your oil can. Look for the Socony sign in the window of the grocery, hardware or general store where you buy your kerosene

It is a quality sign and one of the easiest ways to recognize a reliable dealer.

We recommend the following oil burning devices as the best of their kind: *New Perfection* Oil Cookstoves and Water Heaters, *Perfection* Smokeless Oil Heaters *Rayo* Lamps and Lanterns

Standard Oil Company of New York

NEW YORK—BUFFALO Principal Offices ALBANY—BOSTON

FAVORS BURNETT BILL

Appeal to Keep Out Mental Defectives— What the Dyestuffs Situation Means in Money

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—Dr. C. P. Bancroft, superintendent of the New Hampshire state hospital for the insane, has this week written Senator Gallinger urging the passage of the Burnett immigration bill. Dr. Bancroft states he is convinced that immigration should be regulated after the European war, and that his experience as superintendent of the state hospital convinces him that a bill excluding physical and mental defectives should be passed by congress. Dr. Bancroft states that many such defectives have come under his care who ought never to have been admitted to this country.

The Dyestuff Situation

The Washington Post in a leading editorial yesterday said:

"It is a serious situation that Representative Hill, of Connecticut, has brought to the attention of the house in a speech on the famine of dyestuffs. It was not merely a partisan appeal for the restoration of protection that was made by Mr. Hill. It was a patriotic appeal for a remedy for a situation that does not harmonize well with the dignity of the nation.

"It is hardly consistent with national dignity that this country should be forced to beg Germany for dyestuffs with which to print treasury bills and then be compelled to get the consent of England to bring the dyestuffs here in a neutral ship from a neutral port. Congress has already been notified that the color for the uniform of our soldiers and sailors must soon be changed unless some relief from the dyestuff famine is speedily obtained.

"If the war continues much longer and the chemical plants on the Rhine should by any chance be destroyed, the time might come when this nation actually might be compelled to change the color of the national flag.

"The bureau of foreign and domestic commerce has stated that more than 2,000,000 working people are occupied in industries which are directly dependent upon the use of artificial colors and that the value of the product is between $3,000,000,000 and $4,000,000,000 annually.

Four months ago the chief of the bureau in an address in New York declared that the total loss, direct and indirect, now being borne by American users of dyestuffs and dyed wares amounts to not less than $1,000,000 a day or nearly $400,000,000 a year.

"Conditions are growing worse instead of better. It is idle to say that a dyestuff industry is already getting upon its feet in the United States. Textile manufacturers assert that the dyes now being furnished in America are of wholly inferior character. The present dyestuff industry is merely a makeshift. The capital necessary to make it a strong and flourishing industry, with the best chemical processes available, will not be supplied until there is a protective tariff that will give assurances that the new industry will not be driven to the wall by an influx of dyestuffs from Germany at the close of the war."

RICHARDS.

A Woman Going to California Alone or With Children

Every woman, I don't care how competent and independent she is, feels a little more at ease when traveling alone, or with children, if she can rely on a responsible official paid to look after her comfort and convenience.

That's a special feature of our "Personally Conducted" Parties to California.

Join one. It's the best way to travel, especially for women, if comfort, interest, safety and very moderate cost are to be taken into account.

The cost of it all is surprisingly low.

If you will write, or drop in at the office, and see me, I will be glad to explain every detail of the famous "Personally Conducted Parties.

Alex Stocks, New England Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., 284 Washington st., Boston.

RETAIL JEWELERS MET

ACTION WAS TAKEN LAST NIGHT AGAINST THE ITINERANT AUCTION OF JEWELRY

About 15 members attended the regular meeting of the Lowell Retail Jewelers association held last evening in the Harrisonia hotel in Central st. Following dinner, Chairman Frank Ricard called to order. A letter of regret was received from Mayor O'Donnell. The auction ordinance committee was authorized to draw up an order restricting the sale of jewelry by auction and present it to the municipal council. Chairman Frank Ricard told of the recent meeting of the Worcester Retail Jewelers association. The meeting endorsed the so-called Stevens bill to be presented in congress, relative to the prevention of fraudulent advertising and price cutting, and appointed Frank Ricard and C. A. Senter to speak in behalf of this measure when called upon to do so at any time. The meeting also recommended that all graduating classes from the high or grammar schools obtain class pins and rings through local jewelers.

LOWELL'S FAMOUS ARTIST

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS BY JOHN I. COGGESHALL AT HIS STUDIO IN SHATTUCK BUILDING

An exhibition of paintings by Lowell's famous artist, John I. Coggeshall, was opened at his studio in the Shattuck building at 18 Shattuck street last night, and attracted a number of art lovers. Most prominent in the collection are two paintings which were executed for the Federation of Women's Clubs of Martinsville, Ind. There are also between fifty and sixty other paintings.

The two pictures for the western club measure four by six feet, one of them being entitled "In School Days." This depicts the famous schoolhouse in Whittier's poem and was completed only after Mr. Coggeshall had made several visits to the former site of the little building near Whittier's birthplace. Three years were devoted to gathering the local color and the painting of the canvas which Mr. Coggeshall considers his masterpiece. The other picture to go west is one of the same size with a large beech wood as the subject. Both will be gifts of the Martinsville Women's Federation to the town, one to be hung in the new high school and the other in one of the sanitariums.

The paintings on exhibition at the Shattuck street studio comprise nearly half a hundred other canvases by Mr. Coggeshall and represent much of his life work. Many of the pictures are marine scenes, the products of his studio at Gloucester. Others are landscapes, and views of Venice, Morocco and other foreign places. The exhibition is opened to the public, commencing Saturday, on Saturday and Wednesday afternoons and evenings.

Mr. Coggeshall himself is leaving Lowell for a trip to Tennessee where he has been commissioned to do some illustrative work.

PINKLETS are excellent dinner pills. One after overeating aids digestion and prevents congestion.

Twenty-five cents at your druggist's or direct by mail on receipt of price. Write for free booklet, "Constipation, Its Causes and Treatment." Address: Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

TAKE THEM PINKLETS REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

To Mother the Incubator Chicks

We have the following makes of Brooders on display for your inspection.

THE STANDARD CYPHERS BROODERS—Self regulating self ventilating and insurable.

THE "IRON HEN"—The Mackay Colony Brooder. The original coal burning brooder. It has passed the severest tests in practical use.

THE STANDARD COLONY BROODER—Will care for from 100 to 1500 chicks. Costs less than six cents a day to operate.

BARTLETT & DOW, 216 Central Street

NEW USE FOR BABY CARRIAGE

LONDON, March 2.—The baby carriage has been put to a new use in some of the east coast towns. The lighting regulations make it a misdemeanor to use a flash lamp in the streets during these nights of precaution against Zeppelin attacks, but at the same time the law insists that a perambulator must carry a lamp. Some ingenious individuals have hit upon the idea of pushing baby carriages around at night to light their way, and still keep within the law.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Office of the License Commission,
Lowell, Mass., March 2, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that applications for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors under the provisions of Chapter 100, revised laws, for the license year beginning May 1, 1916, and ending April 30, 1917, should be made at this office, not later than 12 o'clock, noon hour, Thursday, March 16, 1916.

Blank forms can be secured at this office and the applications must be accompanied by a fee of $3.00 for each license.

The following license fees will be charged:

Innholder—First class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises—$1800.

Common victualler—First class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises—$1300.

Dealer—Fourth class. To sell liquors of any kind not be drunk on the premises—$1200.

Brewer—Fifth class. To sell malt liquors, cider and light wines containing not more than 15 per cent. of alcohol, not to be drunk on the premises—$2000.

Druggist—Sixth class—$1.00.

Dealers in paints or in chemicals—Seventh class. To sell pure alcohol—$1.00.

Clubs—Special class—$300.

The holder of a first-class license as innholder will not be granted an additional license of the fourth class.

Certificates from the building inspector of the state police, showing that the buildings to be licensed comply with the state laws, must be presented with the application for an innholder's license and special class club licenses. Certificates from the State Board of Pharmacy must accompany each application for a sixth-class license as druggist.

Applications for sixth and seventh-class licenses may be filed up to Saturday, 12 o'clock noon, March 25, 1916.

Applicants are notified that the premises to be licensed as hotels and common victuallers must be furnished and equipped in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 102, revised laws, at the time applications are made; and offices, screens, pictures, boxes and all other obstructions of every character must be removed so that a clear and unobstructed view of the bar and interior of the premises can be obtained from the street, except as provided in Chapter 104, acts of 1906.

The office of the license commission is open daily from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m., and on Saturdays from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and all inquiries for information should be made there.

Rules adopted by the license commission of the city of Lowell for the granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors for the license year 1916-1917.

The attention of all persons interested in the granting of liquor licenses is called to the following requirements.

HOW TO APPLY

On application to the clerk of the commission at our office, blanks will be furnished to those desiring to make application for licenses.

The application must state clearly the location of the building for which the license is desired, naming all entrances, regular or bulkhead, and must also state the number of rooms on each floor to be used for the sale, use or storage of liquors. It must be signed with the full names of each applicant and must state the interest of each applicant in the license, whether financial or otherwise.

Any person making application for a license must personally appear before the commission upon written request in order that he may be questioned in reference thereto, and the commission may require any statement which may be made before it and papers which may be filed with it, relative to applications for licenses to be sworn to before a member of the commission or the clerk thereof.

Applications must be made between the dates of March 2 and March 16, 12 o'clock, noon hour.

OBJECTIONS

Notice of all applications for licenses shall, at the expense of the applicant, to be paid in advance, be published in some Lowell newspaper at least 10 days before the commission will act thereon.

If, before the expiration of the 10 days following the publication of the notice as above set forth, the owner of any real estate within 25 feet of the premises described in an application for a license to be exercised by a common victualler to sell liquors to be drunk on the premises, notifies the licensing board in writing that he objects to the granting of the license, no license to sell intoxicating liquors to be drunk on said premises shall be granted, unless the applicant therefor shall, for the two years next preceding the date of his application, have held a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors upon said premises.

Other objections to the granting of the license, either on account of the unfitness of the applicant, or otherwise, may be made to the commission at any time before the application is acted upon. The laws of the commonwealth do not compel the licensing board to grant licenses in any case.

Upon objection being made to the granting of the license, except the objection by an adjoining owner of real estate as above provided, the commission may in its discretion, if so desired, grant a hearing to parties interested.

JOHN J. MULLANEY,
CHARLES H. HANSON,
THOMAS P. BOULGER,
The License Commission of the City of Lowell.

CITY HALL NEWS

All Quiet After Strenuous Time in Slashing the Estimates

After being tied up on estimates for over a week the members of the municipal council were able to spend today in their offices and attend to their department work. There did not appear to be much doing at city hall, however, and the usual routine was moving along quietly.

Sewer Hearing

A hearing will be given before Commissioner Charles J. Morse at 7.30 o'clock tomorrow evening on the petition of Charles E. Simpson to lay a sewer in Varnum avenue, from Dunbar avenue to West Meadow road and in West Meadow road to drain the proposed Isolation hospital site. So far as could be learned today, there will be no one present in opposition to the petition.

Hearings before Commissioner Morse have been set for 7.30 o'clock on the evening of March 13 on the following petitions:

Annie J. Devine for a sewer in Bernice avenue to drain Lot 17; Annie J. Devine for a sewer in Devine avenue to drain Lot 4; Charles O'Neil et al. that the sewer in Anderson street be extended to Stromquist avenue; Arsene E. Brun and others that a sewer be laid in Woburn street from near Spruce street to the city line; Arsene E. Brun for a sewer in Acton street from end of present sewer to Easton street; Arsene E. Brun for a sewer in Clifton street from Billerica street to Easton street and whereas it will be necessary to lay a sewer in Billerica street, from Bolton to Clifford street; Charles Hame that a sewer be laid in Riverby street from Lakeview avenue; Dianna Beaudry et al. for a sewer in Alma street to connect with sewer in Rosemont street; Lowell Realty Co. that a sewer be laid in Chelmsford street, from Cambridge to Liberty.

On the same date Margaret W. Merrill will be given a hearing on her petition for a concrete sidewalk in front of the property at 599 Market street; Freeman M. Bill et al. that Remington street be accepted; James H. Leighton et al. that Havilah street be accepted a distance of 430 feet from the junction of Clark road; John C. Pihl et al. that edgestones and concrete sidewalks be laid on the northerly and southerly sides of Cosgrove street, from Gorham st. to Stromquist ave., and Charles P. Witham that Putnam avenue be accepted.

The Wife Seeker

As a result of a letter published recently stating that Jack Hennessey of Butte, Montana, is looking for a life partner to go west and share the rest of her days with him, Mayor O'Donnell today received a communication from a Mrs. B. Perreault of Brookhouse, Baldwinville, Mass., asking for more information about the man. Mrs. Perreault, who apparently has a husband of her own, states that matrimony is not her intention, but that she has a cousin whose name corresponds with the man in search of a wife and she would like to locate him.

For Park Department

Purchasing Agent Foye has received requisitions for plants for the park department, city hall's official sign that spring is near. The department will purchase about 1800 plants, including shrubbery, flowers, etc. The bids will be opened at 10 o'clock tomorrow forenoon.

Leap Year Marriages

Though this is leap year, when a woman is licensed to collar the first inoffensive and unsuspecting male she desires and make him sign a contract to pay her bills during the rest of her natural life and pay the undertaker if she passes before he does, this year's marriage intentions book in the city clerk's office shows but a slight increase thus far over last year. Where 159 marriage licenses were taken out prior to March 1st last year, the number was increased to 161 in the same period this year. Whether this fact is due to the extra day in February or means that two of Lowell's girls proposed is not known.

The contagious hospital committee will meet next Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

Superintendent Welch of the police department has filed a complaint with Mayor O'Donnell charging Patrolman John F. Healey with a violation of rule 19 of the police manual. Failure to report at the station at a certain hour for duty is the specific charge in the complaint. The mayor will give a hearing on the matter in his office tomorrow forenoon.

SAVED TOWN RECORDS

CLERK FLUNG ARCHIVES AND RECORDS INTO VAULT AS FLAMES SWEPT INTO ROOM

HOLBROOK, March 2.—With the smoke from the burning town hall filling the office, Town Clerk Zenas A. French, one of the oldest town clerks in the state, flung the archives and records into the vault today and closed the door as the flames swept into the room. The town hall was destroyed with an estimated loss of $15,000 but it was believed that its records would be found intact when the vault is opened.

MATRIMONIAL

Edward M. Mills of Lowell and Miss Ada B. Wilcox of Baltimore, Md., were married by Rev. Daniel I. Gross of the Pilgrim Congregational church, at Nashua, N. H. The groom gave his age as 48 and the bride said she was 36. Mr. Mills is a mechanic.

WINCHESTER POST OFFICE

MONEY APPROPRIATED BY CONGRESS—SITE HAS BEEN PURCHASED

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The treasury department is preparing to erect a new post office building in Winchester. It this week purchased a site for $19,500 and the limit of cost for site and building is fixed at $75,000. RICHARDS.

LATE WAR NEWS

Continued

where the Germans have worked at several points to the base of the heights of the Meuse, pausing before the strong French positions that crown the ridge west of the plain.

Attempt to Break French Line

In apparent attempt to break the French line near the southern end of the 12-mile front along which their recent advance in this region the Germans made a drive on the French at Fresne ten miles southeast of Verdun and succeeded in penetrating the French positions at some points. Paris, however, declares that they were promptly ejected in a counter-attack.

French Took Offensive

The French themselves took the offensive at Douaumont, four miles northeast of Verdun, the outlying fort captured last week by the crown prince's Brandenburg troops and since reported to be held by several hundred Germans cut off through a subsequent French advance. Berlin announces that the attacks were fruitless resulting only in useless sacrifices of French troops. The Berlin statement does not mention the Fresne operation, the Verdun situation being otherwise covered in the general statement that conditions along the Franco-Belgian front remain unchanged.

Activity Along Meuse River

West of the Meuse river, the Germans are showing signs of the renewed activity, violently bombarding French positions between Melancourt, ten miles northwest of Verdun, and Forges, five and one-half miles east of Melancourt, indicating a possible spread of the line of the Verdun attack to the west.

German Attack Fails

Out side of the Verdun district the only important happening recorded in either of the official statements was a German attack in the Lorraine forest west of the Bezange, ten miles north of Luneville which Paris declares was a complete failure, despite the prolonged artillery preparation.

Fight In Yser District

There is possible significance in the German announcement of intense activity by the British artillery in the Yser district of Belgium where military observers have forecast a possible diversion of the British in aid of the French further down the line.

Five Vessels Sunk

Some evidences of increased submarine activity following the inauguration of the German campaign under which merchantmen are to be treated as warships are reflected in today's despatches reporting the sinking of several vessels. These vessels include the Russian steamer Alexander Wentzel, the Italian sailing ship Elisa and three British smacks.

In this connection comes announcement from Rome that the Italian ambassador at Washington has been instructed to notify the American government that Italian merchantmen will continue to carry armament which will be used only for defensive purposes.

German Loss at Verdun

Estimates of the German losses in the offensive are running high in entente quarters, one from Paris placing them at between 125,000 and 130,000. All accounts from German sources however, have declared that the casualties of the attacking armies were surprisingly small.

INTERMITTENT BOMBARDMENT OF VERDUN AND WOEVRE FRONT DURING THE NIGHT

PARIS, Mar. 2, 2.31 p. m.—The war office announcement of this afternoon says that there was intermittent bombardment of the Verdun and Woevre front during the night but that there were no developments of importance.

The text of the war office announcement reads as follows:

"In the Artois district to the east

Continued to page five

DENIED BY PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, March 2.—A statement from the White House denying the account of President Wilson's statements given by Sen. Gore to the senate today probably will be issued tonight.

AMBASSADOR VISITS LANSING

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Count Macchi di Cellere, the Italian ambassador, conferred today with Secretary Lansing, presenting the views of his government on armament of merchant ships. It was said that the Italian government's reply to the American memorandum is not final and that its formal answer will be a joint one with its allies.

VESSEL STRUCK MINE

DOVER, March 2.—The inquest into the death of the victims of the steamer Maloja, sunk off Dover on Sunday last resulted today in a verdict that the deaths were caused as the result of the vessel striking a mine.

FELL, BREAKING AN ANKLE

Arthur Crawford of 87 Union street slipped and fell on the street this afternoon, breaking his ankle. The ambulance was summoned and he was taken to St. John's hospital where he received treatment.

TO VOTE ON RESOLUTION

Continued

comfort to foreign nations, you have given them a contempt for your own government, you have weakened my hand; now I want a show down. And I believe it will be a show-up. I am through.'

"You have nagged and prodded him until he has picked up the gauntlet and said: 'If the patriotism of congress is behind me, let's find out, and if it's not behind me, let's find that out. If I'm to be hamstrung, just kill me as a negotiator and have done. If I am helpless, say so, and let me and the people know it.'

The president has offered no new doctrine. The proposition of armed merchantmen is a principle recognized in the war with Spain and in the Civil war. What Germany wants to do, what she wants us to do, is to change international law and she is trying to make us a participants criminis.

"The only danger of war today, the only cloud on the horizon comes from the fact that politicians have not let him alone, and that some of you must seek to create the impression that the American people are not behind the American government and to you action alone is due the last position taken by the Germans."

Gore Defends Resolution

Senator Gore defended his resolution:

"In my judgment any American placing Germany's interest above that of the United States is a traitor," declared Senator Gore, "and there are many traitors of that class in America. I think any American placing Great Britain's interest above ours is a traitor and there are many of that class. These two types are equally offensive, disloyal and reprehensible.

"I do not doubt that American ship owners whose ships are flying the allies' flags would like to have the United States police and protect their vessels plying to European ports. I do not doubt that the buyers and brokers of the $500,000,000 allies' bonds sold in this country rejoice to have the United States underwrite their investment."

Senator Gore declared that at the proper time he would put squarely before the senate whether the sinking of an armed merchant vessel by a submarine would be considered sufficient cause for war.

"I introduced my resolution because I was apprehensive we were heading toward war," he said. "My act was based on a report which seemed to me to come from the highest authority that certain senators and members of the house in a conference with the president received from him, the intimation, if not the declaration, that if Germany insisted on her position the United States would insist upon hers and that this would result, probably, in a breach of diplomatic relations, and that a breach of diplomatic relations would probably be followed by a state of war and that a state of war might not be an evil, might not be ungrateful, might end the war by midsummer, and thus might render a great service to civilization. I cannot certify to the truth of the report. I tell the tale as it was told to me.

"If the senator from Missouri, the chairman of the foreign relations committee, will deny it, that will satisfy me. If the senator from Indiana says it is not true, I will accept that."

"Well, in fairness to the president," said Senator Stone, "I think I should state that the president never stated to me or stated in my hearing that he believed or in any way entertained the thought that war between the United States and the central powers would be desirable or would result in any good, or would not be ungrateful."

"It is well known that the president has a passion for peace," interjected Senator Kern in a tone which indicated a flat denial of Senator Gore's charge.

Stone Again Denies Report

"I have no passion for peace," Senator Gore responded. "I do not believe all peace is honorable, or that all war is desirable, but I repeat that what I heard of the reported conversation between the president and the senator from Missouri was believed to be founded on fact because of the source from which it came to me."

Senator Stone jumped to his feet a second time.

"The president of the United States made no such statement as quoted by the senator from Oklahoma," Senator Stone declared emphatically. "Whatever the president did say is something that I do not care to repeat. Whenever I go to the White House for a conference with the president, what he says to me is sacred. I have not repeated the conversation I had with the president.

"I made no intimation that the senator from Missouri has repeated the conversation," Senator Gore replied.

"When this rumor came to his ears," demanded Senator James of Kentucky, "why didn't the senator from Oklahoma go to the president and ask if it was true?"

"The senator from Oklahoma is one of the president's closest friends. Why did he not go to him and ascertain just what he said? I am sure the president would have been glad to tell him."

"In the first place I had no evidence that I might be taken into the president's confidence or that I might receive his impressions in the matter," Senator Gore replied. "I acted on what seemed to me to be the facts. I have only undertaken to tell of the report as it came to me. If it be untrue, everybody must be gratified."

As Senator Gore took his seat there was tense silence.

ARMED SHIP CONTROVERSY

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Congress met today with a clear cut issue pending between President Wilson and the official leaders of the house on the armed ship controversy.

The president, believing that a majority of the rank and file of the house

Continued to page five

STABBED DURING SHOW

Actress in Manchester Miscalculated Lunge With Bayonet and Inflicted Bad Wound in Breast of Actor

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 2.—Rose King, leading woman of a local stock company, inflicted a bad wound in the breast of Leo Kennedy, who plays "heavy" roles, during a performance. She miscalculated a lunge with a bayonet, and stabbed him in the breast. He was treated by a physician between the acts but continued his part until the end of the performance. The company was appearing in "The Heart of Maryland."

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Int Mer Marine pf.	64⅝	61¾	62¾
Int Paper	9¾	9¾	9¾
Int Paper pf	49½	49½	49½
Kan City So	25¾	25	25⅛
Kan & Texas	5	5	5
Lehigh Valley	77½	77⅜	77½
Louis & Nash	123¼	123¼	123¼
Maxwell	60⅝	57¾	57¾
Maxwell 1st	83	82¾	82¾
Maxwell 2nd	44	42¼	42¼
Mex Petroleum	97	91½	95
Nat Lead	66	65⅜	65¾
N Y Air Brake	139	135½	138½
N Y Central	104½	103¼	104
Nor & West	114⅝	114¼	114½
North Pacific	112½	111⅞	112¼
Ont & West	28¾	27½	28¼
Pacific Mail	29⅝	28¼	28¾
Pennsylvania	57½	56⅞	57
Pitts Coal	29⅞	29½	29⅞
Pressed Steel	51¼	49½	49½
Pullman Co	162½	162½	162½
Ry St Sp Co	35¼	35¼	35¼
Reading	82¾	82	82
Rep Iron & S	50¾	49⅞	50
Rep I & S pf	110	110	110
St. Paul	53¾	52⅝	53½
So Pacific	97¼	96⅝	96⅞
Southern Ry	20¾	20	20
Studebaker	137	131¾	134⅞
Tenn Copper	55¼	54¼	54¼
Texas Pac	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
Third Ave	60½	59⅝	59⅝
Union Pacific	132½	131	131
Union Pac pf	82½	82½	82½
U S Ind Alcohol	155	150½	151
U S Rub	49½	49	49
U S Rub pf	107	107	107
U S Steel	81¾	80½	80½
U S Steel pf	116¾	115⅞	115⅞
U S Steel 5s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
Utah Copper	84⅞	83¾	83⅞
Va Chem	43½	42	43
Westinghouse	62⅝	61⅝	61⅝
Western Un	88	87¾	88
Allis Chalmers	28	27⅞	27⅞
Am Beet Sugar	68¼	67¼	67¼
Am Can	58⅛	57¼	57⅛
Am Car & Fd	65¾	65	65
Am Hides L Com	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
Am Hide & L pf	46	46	46
Am Locomo	68½	68	68½
Am Locomo pf	100¼	99¾	100⅛
Am Smelt & R	97¼	96½	96½
Am Smelt & R pf	112	112	112
Am Sugar Rfn	110	109⅛	109¼
Anaconda	35⅞	34⅞	34⅞
Atchison	102½	102	102
Atchison pf	102	102	102
Baldwin Loco	103	101	101¼
Balt & Ohio	56	55¾	55¾
Balt & Ohio pf	76½	76½	76½
Br Rap Tran	86¼	85¼	85¼
Cal Pete	27¾	27	27½
Cal Pete pf	58¾	58	58
Canadian Pa	165¼	164	164¾
Cast I Pipe Com	17	16⅝	16⅝
Cent Leather	52⅝	52½	52⅝
Ches & Ohio	62½	61½	61½
Chic R I & Pac	17¾	17⅝	17½
Chile	23¼	23	23
Col Fuel	41½	40¼	40¼
Consol Gas	132	132	132
Corn Products	21⅜	21	21⅛
Corn Products pf	96	96	96
Crucible Steel	74	72¼	72¼
Dis Secur Co	46¾	45	45⅝
Erie	36⅛	35⅞	35⅞
Erie 1st pf	52¼	52	52¼
Gen Elec	166	165½	166
Goodrich	69¼	68½	69
Gt North pf	120½	120¼	120½
Gt N Ore ctf	41½	41	41
Illinois Cen	101	101	101
Int Met Com	16⅝	16⅜	16½
Int Met Com pf	74¼	73	73
Int Mer Marine	15½	15	15

GAINS AT OPENING

TRADING MODERATE DURING THE EARLY HOURS — GAINS CANCELLED AT NOON

NEW YORK, March 2.—The rally that attended yesterday's late dealings was fully maintained at the opening of today's market, numerous active issues advancing 1 to 2 points. Industrials, including the war group, coppers and such specialties as Industrial Alcohol and Distillers Securities, figured prominently in the rise, Alcohol soon gaining 4 points to 155 on its remarkable statement of earnings for the past year. Rails and U. S. Steel were distinctly firm, Reading gaining a point over yesterday's close. Trading was moderate with an absence of recent feverish conditions.

Gains were largely cancelled before the end of the first hour, Washington advices regarding the international situation inducing fresh selling. Alcohol yielded much of its advance and petroleums, Marine pfd., Erie and Northern Pacific were lower. Metals were affected by cables stating that drastic steps had been taken to prevent speculation on those products abroad. There were various items of favorable import, including the review of domestic business conditions by the federal reserve board, but these were ignored. Trading was wholly professional and diminished materially, but prices hardened again at mid-day. Bonds were firm.

Coppers became more animated during the mid-session, increased dividends on Utah, Butte and Superior and Chino infusing strength in that quarter. Specialties and standard shares also improved.

Some active stocks fell to lowest prices in the final hour, the rest of the list showing a similar tendency. The closing was irregular.

BOSTON MARKET

BOSTON, March 2.—Considerable strength was shown at the opening today on the local exchange. While zinc stocks were in demand, copper shares were fairly active, with East Butte a leader.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, March 2.—Cotton futures opened steady. March 11.32; May 11.46; July 11.64; October 11.81; December 11.93.

Futures closed steady. March 11.41; May 11.55; July 11.75; October 11.90; December 12.07. Spot quiet; middling 11.55.

EXCHANGES

NEW YORK, March 2.—Exchanges, $616,712,480; balances, $37,834,646.

BOSTON MARKET

RAILROADS			
Stocks	High	Low	Close
Boston Elevated	81	81	81
Bos & Maine	15¾	14¾	15½
N Y & N H	67½	67	67
MINING			
Adventure	2¼	2¼	2¼
Alaska Gold	21	20⅝	20⅝
Allouez	70	70	70
American Zinc	79¾	77¾	77¾
Arcadian	8¾	8¾	8¾
Arizona Com	8¾	8½	8¾
Butte & Superior	93⅞	91¾	92½
Cal & Arizona	74½	74	74¼
Cal & Hecla	570	570	570
Chino	57⅝	56¼	56¾
Copper Range	63	62	63
Daly-West	2¾	2¾	2¾
E Butte	12¾	12½	12¾
Granby	88½	87¾	87¾
Hancock	16	15¾	15¾
Inspiration	41⅞	41½	41¾
Kerr Lake	3¾	3⅝	3¾
Lake	17¼	17	17¼
Miami	35½	34¾	35¼
Mohawk	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞
Nevada	16¾	16¼	16¼
Nipissing	6½	6½	6½
North Butte	29¾	29¼	29¼
Old Dominion	71¾	70	70
Osceola	93	93	93
Quincy	92½	92	92½
Ray Con	24⅞	24⅜	24¾
Santa Fe	3¼	3⅛	3¼
Shannon	10⅝	10½	10½
Saint Mary	68	67	68
Shattuck	37	36¼	36⅜
Tamarack	51	50	50
Trinity	9	9	9
Tuolumne	19	19	19
U S Smelting	61¼	60¾	60¾
U S Smelting pf	50¾	50⅜	50⅜
Utah-Apex	4⅝	4	4
Utah Cons	11	11	11
Wolverine	65¾	65½	65¾
TELEPHONE			
Am Tel & Tel	127½	127¼	127½
New Eng Tel	135¾	135½	135¾
MISCELLANEOUS			
Am Ag Chem pf	97¾	97	97¾
Am Woolen	52½	51½	51¾
Am Woolen pf	99	99	99
Mass Elec pf	36	36	36
Pond Creek	12	11¾	11¾
Swift & Co	129¾	129½	129¾
United Fruit	113	111½	113
United Sh M	51½	51	51½
United Sh M pf	29	28⅞	29
Ventura	10⅛	9¾	10⅛

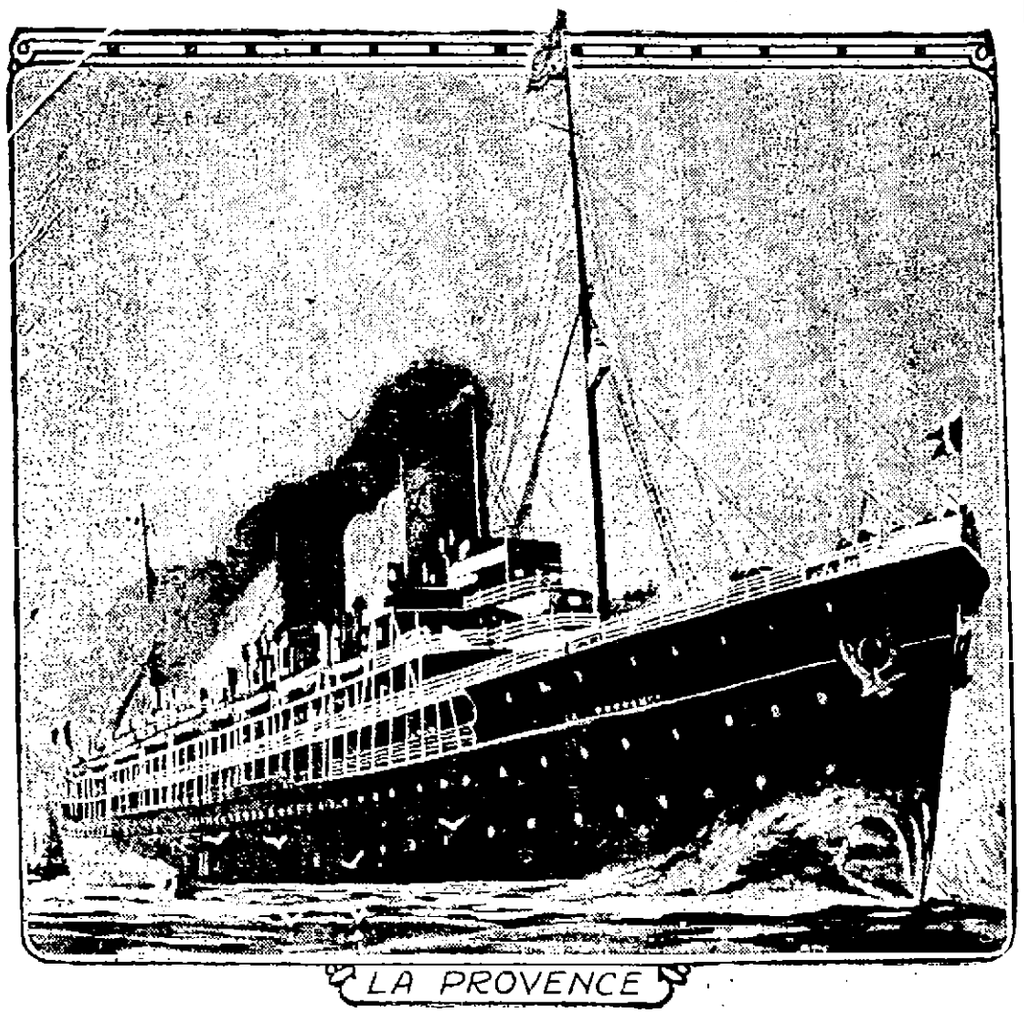
MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Mar. 2.—Mercantile paper 3¾@4 1-4. Sterling: Sixty day bills 4.71 1-2; demand 4.76 7-16; cables 4.77. Francs: Demand 5.88; cables 5.87 1-4. Marks: Demand 73 3-8; cables 73 1-2. Kronen: Demand 13 1-4; cables 13 1-2. Guilders: Demand 42 3-8; cables 42 5-8. Lires: Demand 6.70; cables 6.69. Rubles: Demand 32 1-8; cables 32 3-8. Bar silver 56 7-8. Mexican dollars 43 5-8. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm. Time loans firmer; sixty days 2 1-2@3; ninety days 2 3-4@3; six months 3¾@3 1-4. Call money steady; high 2; low 1 3-4; ruling rate 1 3-4; last loan 2; closing bid 1 3-4; offered at 2.

HENRY AND POU, VETERAN LEGISLATORS, HEAD RULES COMMITTEE

In the absence from Washington of Robert L. Henry of Texas, chairman of the house of representatives' committee on rules, President Wilson addressed to Representative Edward W. Pou of North Carolina, the acting chairman, his letter requesting that congress come to a vote concerning the administration's foreign policies. Both Mr. Henry and Mr. Pou are veteran lawmakers. The latter is serving his eighth consecutive term in the house and the former his tenth term. Both are democrats.

LOST STEAMSHIP LA PROVENCE WAS CRACK VESSEL OF FRENCH TRANSATLANTIC LINE



La Provence, sunk in the Mediterranean with the loss of nearly 1,000 lives of French soldiers and sailors, occupied the same position in the fleet of the French line as the ill fated Lusitania did in the Cunard line, and when she completed her fastest trip on Sept. 13, 1907, was in active competition with that vessel. She made on that occasion the fastest trip which up to then had ever been made between New York and Havre, completing the run from port to port in 6 days, 1 hour and 12 minutes. She was then about eighteen months old. She beat the Lusitania across on that occasion by about one hour. Her fastest run for the day was 585 miles, which was not far behind the record of those times, 601 miles, made by the Deutschland. La Provence was launched in 1906 at St. Nazaire. She displaced 13,752 tons and was 602 feet long, with a beam of 65 feet. She belonged to the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique and was for years one of the favorite liners sailing out of New York. Since the beginning of the war she had been used by the French government for the transport of soldiers and munitions of war

DORIZAS, PENN'S STRONG MAN, TO QUIT ATHLETICS SHORTLY

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.—It now looks as if another great athlete is to cast aside his athletic togs shortly. He is Dorizas, Penn's strong man and one of the greatest wrestlers ever turned out in any college. Although the husky Greek recently competed against a Princeton man in the intercollegiate mat tourney, it is said that he is tired of athletics and will quit the sport for good after the close of the college season.

CITY LEAGUE GAMES

WHITE WAYS AND CRESCENTS OVER THE 1600 MARK—FORMER ROLL STRING OF 590

There were some good scores made in the City bowling league last night the White Ways and Crescents hitting the plus over the 1600 mark. The White Ways put up a single of 590 while the team total was 1617. Every member of the White Ways made triple's of over 300. They took all four points from the Kittredge aggregation. Dooley and Singleton of the losing team were in good form but the other members of the team were a trifle off color.

The Crescents had little or no difficulty in puting it all over the Carrs. Lebrun's score of 350 and Concannon's 344 were features of the game.

The Brunswicks won four points from the Jewels the latter team being handicapped by a substitute player who scored but 263 while Edwards could not do better than 266.

With Chet Martel out of the lineup the Kimball System got bumped for four points by the Bridge Streets last night.

In the Y.M.C.I. league the Tigers and Pollies split even, the former team taking the total pinfall.

The Congress club took all four points from the Columbus Five in a game in the Carr league. The feature of the game was the work of Burns of the winning team who put up a triple of 342. The scores:

White Ways

	1	2	3	T'l
Cole	109	130	117	356
Bernardinin	100	113	102	315
Hall	85	103	113	301
Killilea	91	119	130	340
Kempton	93	125	117	335
Totals	478	590	579	1617

Kittredge's

Sharpe	95	105	90	290
Ward	84	101	112	297
Singleton	96	93	121	310
Dooley	100	121	118	339
McCarthy	100	79	96	275
Totals	475	499	537	1511

Carr's

Barrows	101	112	102	315
Stanton	95	77	96	268
Lane	94	96	116	306
O'Brien	92	117	91	300
Wynne	88	86	105	280
Totals	470	488	511	1469

Crescents

Jewett	102	119	105	326
Concannon	115	111	118	344
Johnson	109	120	98	327
Lebrun	104	133	112	350
Kelley	96	109	88	293
Totals	526	583	522	1631

Jewels

Farrell	111	115	91	317
Edwards	86	91	89	266
Whipple	97	108	106	311
Jodoin	96	102	110	308
Sub	85	88	92	263
Totals	475	504	486	1465

Brunswicks

Perrin	115	115	102	332
Pierce	85	104	90	279
Clark	99	106	99	304
Dickey	101	88	92	281
Whalen	102	110	111	326
Totals	505	523	497	1525

Kimball System

Flanders	103	96	87	286
Myrick	102	121	86	309
Kimball	94	102	88	284
Rivard	96	96	91	283
Craib	102	97	101	303
Totals	497	512	456	1465

Bridge Street

Brigham	95	94	94	283
Panton	106	101	94	301
Noonan	100	90	102	292
Sweeney	96	115	92	303
Devlin	108	114	99	321
Totals	505	514	481	1500

Y.M.C.I. LEAGUE

Tigers

Higgins	87	75	86	248
Tyrrell	85	78	74	237
Collins	93	86	90	269
J. Rogers	84	70	91	245
McCartin	101	81	93	275
Concannon	92	101	91	284
Totals	539	491	528	1558

Pollies

Beane	75	78	86	239
Wilkes	79	80	105	261
Merrill	78	90	79	247
M. Rogers	76	88	84	248
McCaffrey	87	96	90	273
Driscoll	75	88	87	250
Totals	470	520	531	1521

CARR'S LEAGUE

Congress Club

O'Loughlin	80	88	92	260
Clancy	94	111	113	318
Kirane	113	91	118	325
Burke	92	108	101	301
Burns	106	104	132	342
Totals	485	505	559	1549

Columbus Five

O'Loughlin	85	80	74	239
Shea	83	84	70	237
Jones	87	90	83	260
Sudberry	73	76	83	232
Roarke	90	76	91	257
Totals	419	406	401	1226

BASKETBALL COMMENT

Saturday night Associate hall will be the scene of the next game between the Y.M.C.I. team and the Salem A.C. Those who saw the last battle between these two teams at Y.M.C.I. hall on Washington's birthday anniversary afternoon recall the closeness of the game and the basket that decided the contest in the last few seconds. The series now stands two to nothing, in favor of the Salem A.C., but the Y.M.C.I. team claims that Saturday night's game will surely go their way. Both teams contain the best of the amateur players in the city and the games have provided more real rivalry than any that have been seen in recent years. The lineups are as follows:

Salem A.C.—Martin, Flynn, Randall, Lane, Rourke, McLaughlin, Caveney.

Y.M.C.I.—Haggerty, Keenan, Leipper, Gillis, Lyons, Desmond and T. Clark.

Both managers, Dwyer and Farrell, are holding in reserve one player, to be announced later. Referee Wilson being otherwise engaged, the game will be handled by Referee Gillon of Milford, who has been seen here in the recent Lowell Five Worcester K. of C. game.

Paul Clark played with the Winthrop White Bears last night against Franklin.

The Lowell Five will play the Lawrence Military A.A. quintet in the Lawrence cage Saturday night.

Managers Moore and Lew will hold a conference tonight at which all arrangements for the coming city championship series will be completed.

The Y.M.C.I. and Salem A.C. will play the third game in their series at Associate hall Saturday night. Managers Farrell and Dwyer reached an understanding last night.

The series between the Salem A.C. and Y.M.C.I. now stands two to nothing in favor of the Salem A.C. quintet, but Manager Dwyer feels confident that Saturday night's game will surely go to the Y.M.C.I. Connie Desmond has been signed to play with the institute aggregation.

Referee "Billy" Wilson being engaged in Lawrence Saturday night, the game will be handled by Charley Gillon of Milford, who is rated as one of the best basketball officials in the country. Gillon worked here a few times this season while the Central Massachusetts league was in commission.

TED LEWIS BEATS STONE

ENGLISH BOXER PUT IT ALL OVER NEW YORKER IN BOUT AT NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—Ted Lewis of England was awarded a referee's decision over Harry Stone of New York, at the end of their 20-round bout last night. By his victory Lewis claimed the welterweight championship of the world.

Lewis received the credit of forcing the fight in 13 of the 20 rounds and with a slight advantage in weight, height and reach, seemed to be in no danger at any stage of the contest. Ringside authorities gave the winner 11 rounds, Stone six and declared three even.

Both men weighed in under the required weight of 145 pounds. Before the contest the winner was challenged by Sam Rowlands of Milwaukee.

TRACK MEET SATURDAY

Dorchester high will be entertained at the Paige street annex on Saturday evening by the local high school track team, and one of the best meets of the season is anticipated by followers of the sport. Dorchester this year has a very formidable squad and Lowell will have to display unusual form in order to win. Last year the local team beat Dorchester by the score of 61 to 20.

At the recent schoolboy games in Boston, Dorchester made a very creditable showing and easily defeated the crack Mechanics Art relay quartet. The mile run will be elminated Saturday night at Dorchester's request, and the standing broad jump will be substituted. As a result Capt. Larrett will appear in both the 600 and 1000 yard events.

The broad jump has not been on the local's list for a number of years, and it is simply a matter of conjecture as to how the Paige street athletes will fare in the event. Trials were held yesterday and Coach Farrell selected Arthur Lynch, Crossland, Falls, Babligan and Heathcock as the most likely performers. Lynch is the best of the lot, and he is expected to go over nine feet.

Special team races will enliven Saturday night's encounter. The Butler school fliers will compete against the Giants, and L.H.S. Midgets will endeavor to show their heels to a school quartet called the "Unknowns."

COOK WINS IN HAVERHILL

HAVERHILL, March 2.—In a special election the smallest vote in the city's history, 2815, was cast. Christopher C. Cook was elected commissioner of public property to fill the vacancy in the municipal council created by the resignation of Alderman James W. Harris at the beginning of the year, when the latter's citizenship status was questioned.

Mr Cook is a retired building contractor and a resident of the Bradford district, from which another member of the council, Alderman Hoyt, hails. Under the commission government charter district and party lines are eliminated.

Edgar F. Shannan, Mr. Cook's opponent, received 1206 votes.

The legislative act to permit the municipal council to elect Stanislaus Rainville, James Bolan and Justin R. Bridgham, lockup keeper and patrol drivers, respectively, in the police department, as regular members, was accepted by a vote of 2049 to 359.

ENTRIES FOR KENTUCKY DERBY

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 2.—Entries for the 42nd renewal of the Kentucky derby closed at midnight last night with what horsemen predict will be the largest number of possible starters in the history of the stake. The list, however, probably will not be announced for two or three weeks.

The race this year, with $10,000 added money, will be worth approximately $15,000 to the winner,

TRIANGLE A.A. BOUTS

Another stellar card is offered by the Triangle club tomorrow night. Dick Stosh of Cleveland, who has been showing sensational form of late, will have another chance at Eddie Murphy of So. Boston in the feature number of 12 rounds. Stosh met and defeated Murphy a month ago at Lawrence, but Murphy was not satisfied with the verdict and kept challenging Stosh until the directors of the local club stepped in and clinched the affair for this city.

Stosh was formerly amateur champion for three successive years and has been a very consistent winner since leaving the ranks of the "pures." The Cleveland boy has won over nearly all the best men in New England, Steve Kennedy, Larry Burns, Walter Butler, Tommy Moore and Eddie Murphy being victims of this clever performer.

ONE OF THE BEST TRACK MEETS

LOWELL HIGH

—VS.—

Dorchester High

SATURDAY EVENING

BASKETBALL

ASSOCIATE HALL

SATURDAY NIGHT, MARCH 4th

Third Game of Series

Y. M. C. I. vs. SALEM A. C.

Y. M. C. I.	SALEM A. C.
Haggerty	Martin
Keenan	Flynn
Lyons	Lane
Lepper	Rourke
Gillis	Randall
Desmond	McLaughlin
T. Clark	Caveney

Admission, 25 Cents.

Reserved Seats, 35 Cents

Notice to Members, Triangle A. A.

Friday Evening, Mar. 3, 8 o'clock

Dick Stosh of Cleveland vs. Eddie Murphy, So. Boston, 12 Rounds

Tommy Doyle of Lowell vs. Billy Edwards of Lawrence. 8 Rounds. Two 6-Round Preliminaries.

BRANDEIS CASE

Advocates of Confirmation Had an Inning Today—Partner Called

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Advocates of the confirmation of the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis as a justice of the supreme court had an inning today before the senate committee investigating charges against Mr. Brandeis.

Edward F. McClennen, law partner of Mr. Brandeis, was ready to continue his explanation of the various incidents for which Mr. Brandeis has been criticized. Newton D. Baker, former mayor of Cleveland, and president of the National Consumers' league, had a petition for confirmation from a group of New York manufacturers, labor leaders, publicists and social workers.

The petition called attention to Mr. Brandeis' successful advocacy before the United States supreme court and state supreme courts of five states of eight cases involving the constitutionality of statutes of industrial justice as to hours of labor and unhealthful conditions of employment.

"The fact that Mr. Brandeis' services in these important cases and, indeed, all the services to which we refer, were unpaid and were the expressions of a lawyer's ideals in action, is a concrete tribute to the quality of his mind and heart," the petitioners stated.

The petitioners express an appreciation of Mr. Brandeis for contributing to New York's industrial peace by offering the "preferential union shop" as the basis for arbitration between the manufacturers and employes in the needle trades. They point out as signal proof of his qualifications as a judge his success in presiding over an "industrial court" to which have been brought the disagreements in these trades.

Among the signers of the petition are Oscar Straus, chairman of the New York public service commission; Frederic C. Howe, commissioner of immigration, New York; Hamilton Holt, editor of The Independent; John Mitchell, chairman of the New York state industrial commission; Charles F. McFarland, secretary of the federal council of churches of Christ in America; Henry R. Seager, president of the American Association for Labor Legislation; Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, New York; Charles R. Crane, Chicago; Edward T. Devine, New York; Mrs. Florence Kelly, secretary National Consumers' league; Owen R. Lovejoy, secretary national child labor committee; Henry Bruere, New York, and George W. Kirchwey, Ossining, N. Y.

Francis Peabody of Milton, Mass. last of the "character" witnesses for those opposed to Mr. Brandeis, testified that Mr. Brandeis' reputation was that he was not trustworthy and sailed under false colors. Mr. Peabody testified that he had talked with more than 50 members of the Suffolk bar and only one gave him the impression that Mr. Brandeis was trustworthy and honorable.

"How far is the esteem in which Mr. Brandeis is held due to his being a Jew?" asked Senator Fletcher.

"I didn't know until the last few years that he was a Jew," the witness answered.

When Mr. Baker appeared to present his petition he was asked as to Mr. Brandeis' reputation as a lawyer.

"I do not know his reputation in Boston," he said, "but among public service workers he is known not only as the best lawyer, but a detached, spiritual, high minded man."

Henry Moskowitz, president of the municipal service commission in New York, and secretary of the arbitration board in the needle trades of which Mr. Brandeis is president, described Mr. Brandeis' work on that board.

"If Mr. Brandeis has one characteristic it is his capacity to see both sides, not only in judicial statement but in judicial thought," he said.

The Marchioness Townsend, who acts as literary advisor to Sir Herbert Tree, spends her Sunday assisting in giving tea to wounded soldiers in London.

While her husband is at the front with the British soldiers, Mrs. J. A. Baine, of London, is carrying on the three-fold business of window cleaner, billman and bellman.

LEGAL NOTICES

UNITED STATES Post Office, Lowell, Mass. Office of Custodian, Feb. 25, 1916. Sealed proposals will be received at this building until 2 o'clock p. m., March 9, 1916, and then opened, for furnishing electric current, gas, water, ice, and miscellaneous supplies, and washing towels during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917. Sealed proposals will also be received until 2 o'clock p. m., April 10, 1916, and then opened, for 95 tons anthracite coal. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the Treasury Department. John F. Meehan, Custodian. F26-M2

SPECIAL NOTICES

BELANGER, 183 Merrimack st., tel. 4444-R. I buy all kinds of furniture and pay highest prices. See me before you sell anyone else.

HUGH McGROGAN, piano and furniture mover. Special attention to pianos moved through windows. Also storage. All jobs promptly attended to. 62 Bartlett st., or tel. 4818.

HAT BLEACHERY—Ladies' and gentlemen's felt, velour and beaver hats cleaned or dyed and reblocked into the latest styles. E. H. Severy, Inc., 133 Middle st.

PIANOS and organs tuned and repaired; tuning $1. J. Kershaw, 60 Humphrey st. Tel. 974-M.

OLD MIRRORS re-silvered to look like new. We make new ones to order. Lowell Mirror Shop, 473 Merrimack st. Drop postal.

STOVE REPAIRS—We carry in stock linings, grates, water fronts and other parts to fit all ranges. Telephone 4170. Quinn Stove Repair Co., 140 Gorham st.

IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Limburg Co. Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge st. Tel. 945.

ROOFERS—J. Burns & Son, slate roofers. Roofs repaired. Tel. 3282-W. 166 Concord st. Tel. 1459-J. 200 Pleasant st.

WANTED

WANTED to know a private family who would take an infant to care for at a reasonable rate. Address M 18, Sun Office.

SHOW CASE, counter and ice chest, in good condition wanted for store. Write M 9, Sun Office.

CLAIRVOYANT

MRS. FANNIE STRATTON, medium and card reader. Circles Tuesday and Thursday eve. 75 East Merrimack st., room 3.

CLAIRVOYANT

PROF. GIFFORD

WHAT I DO FOR FIFTY CENTS

I tell you exactly what you wish to know; what conditions your business is in and how to promote it; who and when you will marry, whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false, I will tell you HOW to gain the affection or friendship of the one you most desire or to overcome enemies, rivals, habits, or bad luck of any kind. I give never failing advice on all matters of importance, such as LOVE, MARRIAGE, DIVORCE, BUSINESS, HEALTH, SPECULATIONS, SALES, LAW SUITS, WILLS, DEEDS, TRAVELS, MINES, BURIED TREASURES, INVESTMENTS, PATENTS, Old Estates, in fact no matter WHAT may be your HOPE, FEAR or AMBITION, come to me this very day and I will positively lift you out of the path of doubt, sadness and bad luck, and start you on the road to happiness and prosperity.

All This Week Low Fee—His Complete $2.00 Reading 50c.

Hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily. Closed Sunday. Permanently located at

29 BRIDGE ST., LOWELL

Rooms 7 and 8

TELEGRAPHY

Train for railroad or commercial position three nights each week. Rates $4.00 per month. Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights.

LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

LEGAL NOTICES

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—State House, Boston, March 1, 1916. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in H. 269, recommendations of Commissioner of Weights and Measures; H. 272, on licensing peddlers; H. 273, on licensing slot machines; at room No. 436 State House, on Tuesday, March 7, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Charles W. Eldredge, Chairman. James E. Phelan, Clerk of Committee.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—State House, Boston, March 1, 1916. The Committee on Public Health will give a hearing to parties interested in H. 6 and 758, report of State Dept. of Health on hospitals for Tuberculosis; H. 322, for putting incorrigible persons in certain institutions; S. 1, part of Governor's address on prevention and cure of congestion diseases; H. 1056, that Bristol county may maintain hospital for tuberculosis patients; S. 279, on building and use of hospitals for cities and towns; H. 1152, making and sale of fruit syrups; H. 1562, for State investigation of non-pulmonary tuberculosis; H. 1561, for better ventilation of water closets; at room No. 382 State House, on Tuesday, March 8, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Ezra W. Clark, Chairman. James T. O'Dowd, Clerk of Committee.

Tewksbury, Mass., Jan. 21, 1916.

To the Middlesex County Commissioners:—

Respectfully represent the undersigned inhabitants of Tewksbury in said County that the road leading to Andover from the Lowell city line as a continuation of Andover street in said city, via North Tewksbury village and continuing in Andover past the southerly end of Haggett's Pond and thence to Frye Village in Andover, is in need of relocation and specific repairs.

Wherefore we pray that you will relocate said highway and direct specific repairs thereon, all within the town of Tewksbury.

John R. Martin and seven others.

A true copy attest.

EDWARD W. CLARK,
Deputy Sheriff.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—Middlesex, ss.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for the County of Middlesex, at Cambridge, in said County, on the first Tuesday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, to wit, by adjournment at Cambridge, on the twelfth day of February, A. D. 1916.

On the foregoing petition, Ordered, that the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties at the Commissioners' Court Room in Lowell on Monday, the twentieth day of March, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, by serving the Clerk of the town of Tewksbury with a copy of said petition and of this order thereon, thirty days at least before said view, and by publishing the same in the Lowell Courier-Citizen and in The Lowell Sun, newspapers printed at Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and also by posting the same in two public places in the said town of Tewksbury fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

WM. C. DILLINGHAM, Clerk.

Copy of petition and order thereon.

Attest,

WM. C. DILLINGHAM, Clerk.

A true copy attest,

EDWARD W. CLARK,
Deputy Sheriff.
F17-24-M2

Shoemakers

Are Invited to Hear

Mr. Chas. L. Baine

General Secretary-Treasurer of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union at

CARPENTERS HALL—RUNELS BUILDING,

Sunday, March 5

AT 2 P. M.

WINTER IS NEARLY GONE

From now on buy wood. I have 500 cords of all kinds of dry cord wood ready for prompt delivery; sawed if desired. I will appreciate your order. Amasa A. Brown, 73 Inland st., Lowell. Tel. 2320.

HELP WANTED

EXPERIENCED wood workers wanted; 2 bench men, 2 men to work machining doors; 48 hours a week; steady job; good pay to right party. Apply C. H. Borchers, Salem Depot, N. H.

KITCHEN GIRL wanted at once; one who can go home nights. Apply 75 Westford st.

WANTED at Adams Bros. Shoe Co., Lincoln and Tanner sts., patent leather vamp repairers, patent leather brush repairers, experienced packers and general packing room help. Steady work.

THE TRAVELER SHOE CO. desires the services of a shoe salesman for an out-of-town store. One who can speak French preferred. A good opportunity for the right man for advancement. Must have experience. Apply to Mr. Lambert, 162 Central st.

FIRST CLASS BARBER wanted. Apply at 65 Central st. C. H. Burns.

SECOND CLASS ENGINEER wanted at once; nights; one used to Curtis Turbine preferred; wages $20. Write T 75 Sun Office.

TRIMMING CUTTERS and boys to learn to cut trimmings, wanted. Apply Adams Bros., Lincoln st.

COAL SHOVELERS wanted. Horne Coal Co.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 coal and wood teamsters, 2 coal shovelers and 3 boys for paper bagging. John P. Quinn, 937 Gorham st.

KITCHEN GIRL wanted at once. Apply 305 Summer st.

STORE GIRL wanted for bakery; must have had experience. Write R 77, Sun Office.

$20 TO $35 per month extra money to any employed person without interfering with regular work. No selling, no canvassing. Positively no investment. Unemployed need not apply. Address The Silver Mirror Co., Inc., 123 W. Madison st., Chicago, Ill.

SUCCESSFUL life insurance man wanted; $150 per month to right party. References. Lock Box 591, Bangor, Maine.

YOUNG MAN wanted, over 16 years to learn the drug business, good opportunity; Portuguese preferred. Write D S, Sun Office.

MEN WEAVERS wanted; can make between $13 and $14 a week. Apply Lowell Textile Co., North Chelmsford, Mass.

LASTERS WANTED

Niggerhead operators wanted, also hand pullers. Derry Shoe Co., Derry N. H.

WANTED AT ONCE

Men and women weavers on Knowles looms, Talbot Mills, North Billerica, Mass.

NATIONAL ACME AUTOMATIC OPERATORS, ALSO EXPERIENCED TOOL MAKERS, WANTED

Apply at the employment office of the International Steel & Ordnance Corp., (former location of Patterson Rubber Co., Middlesex street.)

SITUATIONS WANTED

CHAUFFEUR would like situation; private or commercial driver; good repairing experience. Inquire 22 Abbott st.

TO LET

CANARIES for sale. Males and females; Yorkshire and Norwich. At 102 Cross st.

LARGE furnished front room to let, steam heated, electric lights and family privileges. 136 Smith st. Tel. 2278.

HOUSE of 38 rooms, to let; suitable for lodging or boarding house; within three minutes' walk of Bigelow Carpet mills. Apply 310 Market st.

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let, 27 Howard st., between Westford and Middlesex sts.; 2 minutes' walk from depot. Inquire 23 Mt. Vernon st.

UPSTAIRS 9-room flat to let; near two car lines and Normal school. Inquire 33 Columbus ave. Tel. 2375.

WHOLE of third floor in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank building, to let; formerly occupied by John A. Stevens, Engineer.

COTTAGE of 11 rooms, to let at 91 Butterfield st.; pantry, bath, furnace and nice barn. Inquire at 53 Butterfield st.

OFFICE—Large office, 34 by 14 feet on the second floor of the Harrington building, 52 Central st., good light and ventilation, for rent. Will be partitioned off to suit a desirable tenant and will be rented or leased at a very reasonable rent. Apply to Building Manager, 401 Sun Bldg.

FOR SALE

FANCY GOODS, small wares and embroidery store, for sale; low rent; good location; long established; offered for no fault at a bargain for cash. E. H. Judkins, Lowell, Mass.

GRAY & DAVIS self starter for sale, battery head light, tail light, electric horn wiring complete with same, everything in A1 condition; $125; cost $300; used 3 months. Inquire T. F. Costello, 212 Central st.

SECONDS TIRES, engine coils, magnetos, one Winton Five passenger, one Rambler truck, for sale. 11 Livingston st.

INDIAN motorcycle for sale; with side car; 7 h. p.; running only 5 months; model 1915; in best condition; price $250, or exchange for an automobile. Apply at 18 First st.

SPECIAL SALE of pianos and talking machines. Hand-played music rolls for player pianos, 25c, at Hounsell's, 704 Bridge st.

FOR SALE

Counting machine which will count anything; bird seed, bolts, tacks, even postage stamps. We used it to count tobacco tags. A most useful article. Will sell at very reasonable price. Carr's Alleys, 102 Gorham st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

8-ROOM HOUSE, bath and all improvements, for sale; stable, henhouse for 75 hens; 3 building lots, 12,030 sq. ft. Will sell on easy terms. Inquire 359 Riverside st.

A REAL BARGAIN

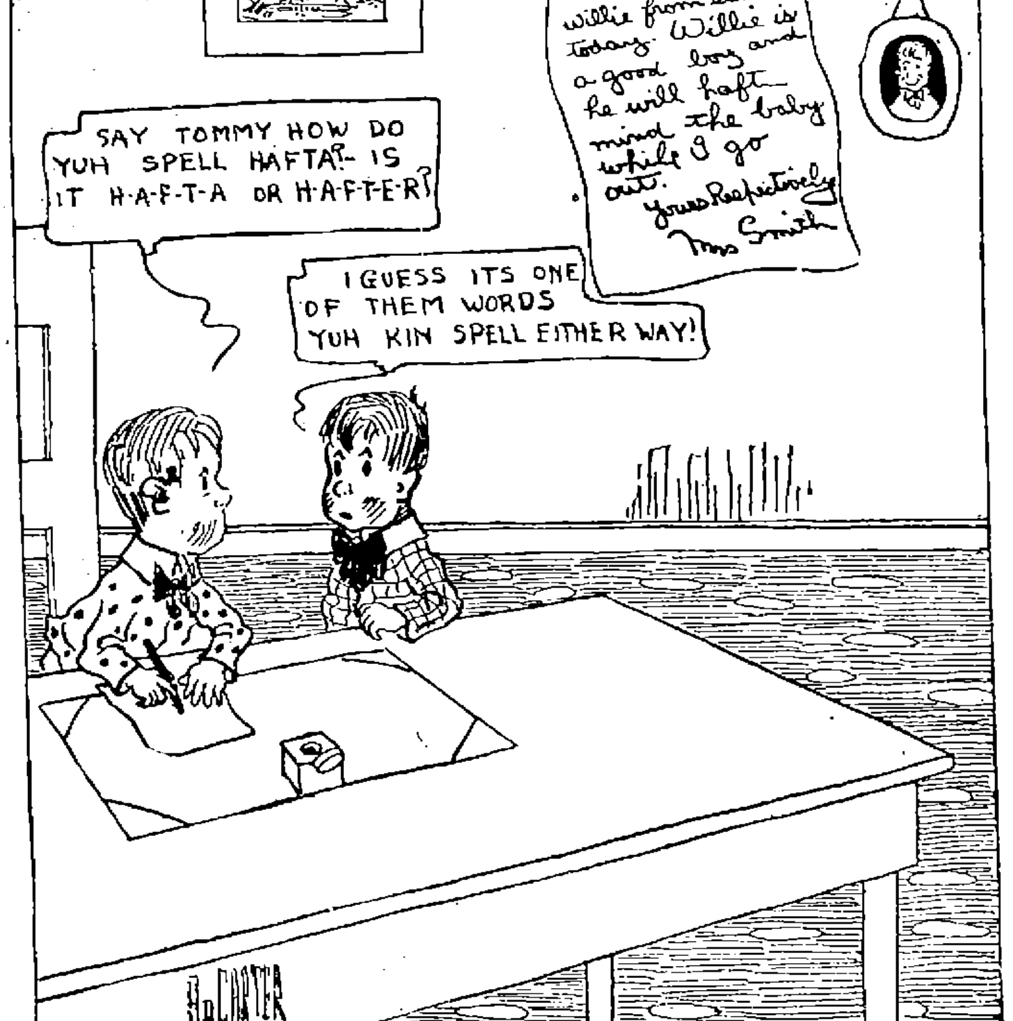
SIMON B. HARRIS, ROOM 1, CENTRAL BLOCK, would like to tell any inquirer all about a very desirable village farm of between 3 and 4 acres. Price low. Easy terms.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleaning of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.

49 JOHN STREET

JUST KIDS—Forgery!



MARCH

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	—

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div. To Boston Lve.	Arr.	From Boston Lve.	Arr.
5.33	6.50	2.05	3.38
6.35	7.26	6.00	6.59
6.47	7.19	7.13	8.21
d7.40	7.53	7.50	8.35
6.51	8.00	b8.21	9.34
7.21	8.05	9.00	9.40
b7.25	8.49	9.30	10.08
7.56	8.37	11.30	12.09
8.56	9.37	12.30	1.05
z9.20	10.34	1.05	1.57
9.56	10.22	2.00	3.10
10.13	11.25	3.00	3.47
10.53	11.40	b3.16	5.00
12.15	1.05	4.00	4.30
1.50	2.36	4.14	5.34
2.50	3.27	5.00	5.33
b3.30	4.10	b5.21	6.31
3.55	4.35	5.33	6.20
4.17	5.26	b5.51	7.10
5.25	6.09	6.14	7.23
5.33	6.20	8.00	8.38
b6.02	7.16	8.30	9.05
6.22	7.05	9.45	10.40
8.15	8.57	10.30	11.56
9.45	10.36	11.40	12.36

Portland Div. To Boston Lve.	Arr.	From Boston Lve.	Arr.
6.35	7.26	z6.35	8.04
n7.51	8.45	9.15	10.39
9.10	10.07	10.50	11.53
10.50	12.07	11.50	12.05
12.05	1.13	3.30	4.49
z1.37	2.40	6.14	6.13
3.45	4.41	6.03	7.06
6.15	6.44	6.30	7.55
7.05	8.15	9.50	11.14
10.25	11.38		

Sunday Trains

Southern Division

6.47	7.30	8.45	9.47
7.21	8.05	9.30	10.08
8.25	9.31	11.30	12.09
9.14	10.06	1.00	1.53
10.20	11.17	5.30	6.21
2.52	3.35	7.15	8.20
6.10	6.00	8.00	8.38
6.28	7.10	8.30	9.04
8.16	8.57	9.20	10.25
8.45	9.63	10.20	11.35
9.15	10.30		

Portland Division

8.20	9.27	8.00	9.28
12.10	1.16	12.00	1.04
3.50	5.06	3.30	4.44
6.45	7.00	5.20	6.38
8.55	10.04	8.45	9.47

b Via Bedford, s Via Salem Jct., z Via Wilmington Jct., n not run on Holidays, d Saturdays only.

KEY TO FIRE ALARM BOXES.

1 All box numbers commencing with the figure one, as 12, 13, etc., up to 131 are located within a radius of about one-half mile from the North common, extending from Dutton street north to Pawtucket street and from School street east to Merrimack mills.

2 All box numbers commencing with two as 21, 23, etc., are located in the business area about one-quarter mile radius from the post office, extending from Boott mills to South common and from Dutton street to Concord river.

3 All box numbers commencing with three, are located in the lower Highlands, extending from the depot to Wilder street and from Hale street along the line of Western avenue and Pawtucket canal to Pawtucket street.

4 All box numbers commencing with four, are located in the Ayer's City and Bleachery districts, extending from Edson cemetery northerly to Hale street and from Chelmsford street easterly to Concord river.

5 All numbers commencing with five, are located in the upper Highlands and Middlesex Village.

6 All numbers commencing with six, are located in Centralville.

7 All numbers commencing with seven, are located in Pawtucketville.

8 All numbers commencing with eight, are located in Belvidere.

MONEY TO LOAN

National Loan Co.

Will Advance You Money

$5 to $100

AT LEGAL RATES and EASIEST TERMS

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MERRIMACK SQUARE

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If You need money and are working, we will make you a loan quickly $5 & $10

SMALL WEEKLY PAYMENTS

ALL DEALINGS CONFIDENTIAL

Equitable Loan Co.

OFFICES 202 HILDRETH BLDG., 45 MERRIMACK ST.

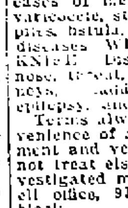
Up One Flight at Head of Stairs. Lic. No. 144.

LOST AND FOUND

BAG containing two bank checks and a small bank book lost on Lincoln st., Tuesday, Feb. 29. Reward if returned to Mrs. Smith, 1003 Gorham st.

$2.00 LOST between Gendron Bros. store and St. Peter's church. Return to Gendron Bros., 391 Gorham st.

BROWN MUFF lost Saturday night on 5.15 car from Collinsville to Lowell. Reward for return to 403 Bridge st., tenement No. 29.



PROF. EHRLICH'S "606" SALVARSAN

Administered in the veins at Dr. Temple's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Lues, malaria, locomotor ataxia, and various forms of skin disease arising from blood poison.

This solves the problem of the centuries and rids the world of the WORST SCOURGE that the human race has known. RESULTS IMMEDIATE. Wasserman blood tests made. Also treats cancers, tumors, all acute and chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocele, varicocele, stricture, prostatic diseases, piles, fistula, fissures, ulcers and rectal diseases WITHOUT THE USE OF THE KNIFE. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels and rectum, epilepsy, and all nervous diseases.

Terms always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 97 Central street. Manuel block.

Hours: Wednesdays, 2 to 4, 7 to 8, Sundays, 10 to 12.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

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SECOND FLOOR

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY MARCH 2 1916 PRICE ONE CENT

THE SPELLBINDER

The appropriations have been made; everybody hasn't been satisfied; the commissioners slashed and reslashed, and at times got heated over it, and the next tax rate will probably be 50 cents greater than the present. Had the original estimates been allowed the rate would have been a couple of dollars greater. In the discussion of the estimates Mayor O'Donnell expressed himself in plain language and he said at the time that he knew that his position was an unpopular one, but he felt that it was right. It is the mayor rather than any other individual commissioner on whom the taxpayer brings down his criticism if taxes are high or the government appears to be extravagant, and it is the mayor, on the other hand, on whom criticism falls when the government keeps expenses down to hard pan.

The commissioners are of the opinion that they couldn't have figured down their expenses any closer than they have done. In some cases they are disappointed at being obliged to relinquish improvements upon which they had set their minds, but they all agree that to keep the tax rate anywhere within reason it was necessary to cut deep. As an evidence of the growth of the city's expenses over its revenues within the past five years, the city auditor yesterday selected a number of departments, off-hand and figured the comparative increases. The total increase of expenses in these departments within five years has been $170,000, while the total increase in revenues has been $140,000. The same proportion will prevail throughout the departments.

In figuring out appropriations, the municipal council had to consider not only its own current expenses for ordinary city work, but also the largely increased state and county taxes, and the increases imposed upon the city by legislative enactment and over which it has no control. The state tax has jumped $20,000 per year regularly, and the city can't prevent it. The county tax has also increased regularly though not as greatly as the state tax. In regard to the expenses imposed by legislative enactment there is the dependent mothers' pension which last year cost the city $25,000 and this year may run up to $35,000. Then there is the care of tuberculosis cases, formerly taken care of by loan which costs from $5000 upwards. There is the vocational school with its teachers, equipment and other expenses and the tuberculosis physician and nurse and the school nurses. In addition to these must be added the city's own running expenses and every householder realizes the increased cost of household articles, food, fuel, etc., while every business man realizes the increased cost of materials and supplies. Under the circumstances the municipal council cannot be said to have been extravagant in making its appropriations.

The Street Department

Commissioner Morse was inclined to believe that he couldn't get along on $155,000 in the street department but his brother commissioners are of the opinion that after he figures it all out he will find a sufficient amount of money has been allotted him. Conditions will be radically different in the street department this year than formerly and will operate to the commissioner's advantage as far as spending money is concerned. In the past the street commissioner has been hounded by men seeking employment, and great leeway has been allowed the department for the purpose of giving employment to a large number of men rather than have them fall back on the charity department. This year, however, there is no such demand for that labor, for men are employed elsewhere, and while undoubtedly many will seek employment in the open when the good weather comes, the number will not approach that of former years.

Mr. Tarbox's Fine Work

If Mr. Everett E. Tarbox, who at present is conducting the annual audit of the city's books did nothing else, he would be entitled to the full amount of his bill as a result of the good work he has accomplished in ironing out the affairs of the street and sewer department and installing therein a system which is going to be the means of a big saving in those departments. When Mr. Tarbox first came here four years ago he found in existence the same old fault of all municipalities, an elaborate system of payments but little attention to receipts. A child could trace each payment made by the city but it would take an expert to figure out what the city's receipts were. In business corporations principal attention is given to accounts receivable or otherwise the concern goes to the wall. Mr. Tarbox is an auditor who is not content to check up the city's accounts and see that no money has been stolen but he aims to improve the service. Thus four years ago he installed a new system as a result of which there was an increase of about $12,000 in receipts noted on the books the next year.

Last year Mr. Tarbox started to dig a system out of the chaos existing in the street and sewer departments and he has finally perfected it. He started on his work by systemizing the reports from the outside so that all expenditures could be readily classified in the office showing exactly on what feature of departmental work each dollar is spent. It will be recalled that last year when the municipal council wanted to know the cost of paving the exact cost could not be given as teaming, for one item had not been charged up against paving. Under the new system, the cost of paving, macadamizing, sidewalks, or anything else done by the department can be told to the dollar. He then sought to regulate the system of receipts in the department for by means of receipts from other departments and outsiders, the street department should have a snug annual income. He has separated the cost of construction from the cost of maintenance so that when men who have been working on the maintenance payroll start to work on construction work their labor is charged to construction rather than to maintenance, and hence all expenses are properly classified. This new system includes the most insignificant expenditures in the department and is simplicity itself. It will become a part of the auditor's monthly statement and undoubtedly will be of inestimable assistance to Commissioner Morse in conducting the affairs of his department. It also will preclude the possibility of the appropriations being unintentionally overrun as has been done in several cases in years past.

Those School Nurses

That certainly was a strange statement that the school board made to the civil service commission relative to the ability of Misses Anna C. O'Dwyer, Margaret Dwyer and Helen Tompkins, three of Lowell's graduate nurses. The civil service commission sent the names of these three young women to the board as an eligible list from which to select a school nurse, and the school board in a letter to the commission under date of January 27 stated that in its opinion neither of the three possessed the qualifications required for the position.

Miss O'Dwyer is a graduate of the Nurses' Training school, of St. John's hospital; Miss Dwyer of the Carney hospital, Boston, and Miss Tompkins of the Lowell General hospital. In addition to graduating from these reputable schools these young ladies were among the first six in a civil service examination in which some 16 passed, and yet the school board states that neither is possessed of the qualifications for the position of school nurse. It would be a good joke, were it not for the fact that it reflects unfairly on the ability of the young ladies in question.

The school board, when it found that it should engage two school nurses, immediately went out of town and hired a couple, without giving any local nurses an opportunity to apply for the position. The civil service commission stepped in and called for an examination for the places, confined to residents of Lowell. Sixteen took the examination and every one passed. The names of the first four were sent to the school board and Miss Margaret O'Dwyer who headed the list was given the place held by Miss Walsh, one of the original two. Miss Pease who was second on the list declined the position, but the school board went no further down the line keeping Miss McDonald, the other nurse from out of town on the job. When the civil service commission demanded an appointment from the list, the school board sent its letter relative to the alleged lack of qualification on the part of the other three. Finally the civil service commission notified the city treasurer not to pay Miss McDonald any further salary as she is illegally employed.

If the school board is looking for a fight with the civil service commission, it is proceeding in the right way, but it will have its hands full for all boards and departments look alike to the commission.

At Tuesday's meeting the school board voted to have the one school nurse who is eligible, Miss O'Dwyer, divide up her work so as to cover the entire city. Some people are uncharitable enough to believe that the board is out to make things uncomfortable for the nurse who was forced upon it by the civil service commission, and they also argue that if there was sufficient business to warrant the employment of two nurses a few months ago, there is still enough work for two. If one nurse is sufficient for the entire work, then the school board is open to the charge of needless extravagance in employing two. In its estimate for its annual appropriation the board has provided for the payment of two nurses. The municipal council has been cutting and scouting in an attempt to keep the appropriations as low as possible, hence in the interest of economy, if the school board is to have one nurse do all the work why give it money for an additional nurse who is not to be employed. Employers of labor and clerks in the civil service, all over the state, are obliged to make their selections from the lists sent to them by the civil service commission regardless of their personal preferences.

The Soldiers' Graves

The municipal council, evidently got out of a quarrel in graceful manner by passing up the appropriation for the care of soldiers' graves, for which originally they intended to vote $700. The law on the matter was enacted in 1911, but its provisions have not yet been carried out by any city in the commonwealth. The law reads as follows:

Chapter 122, Acts of 1914: Section 1—In every city and town there shall annually be appointed by the mayor of the city or by the selectmen of the town a citizen of the city or town, preferably a veteran of the Civil war, or of the Spanish-American war, whose duty it shall be to see that the graves of all soldiers and sailors who served in the Civil war or in the Spanish-American war are suitably kept and cared for. If the cost of such care and maintenance is not paid by private persons, or by the trustees of the cemetery where any such graves are situated, it shall be paid by the city or town; and cities and towns are hereby authorized to appropriate money for this purpose. Money thus appropriated may be expended directly by the city or town, or may be paid to the trustees or manager of any cemetery in which any such grave is situated; but the sum so paid ever in any year shall not exceed for each grave the sum charged for the annual care and maintenance of like graves in the same cemetery, or, if no such charge is made in that cemetery, then it shall not exceed the sum charged in other cemeteries in the same city or town for the said service.

Section 2—This act shall take effect upon its passage. Approved March 4, 1914.

A petition was sent to the mayor early in the year, signed by a number of G.A.R. veterans, asking for the appointment of Mr. J. B. Flanders as supervisor. But when the matter came up before the municipal council there was objection to the appointment of Mr. Flanders from a number of well known G.A.R. men, while the Spanish war veterans objected to the supervisor getting any pay out of the appropriation as proposed. At the present time, the G.A.R. does the best it can toward looking after the graves of its comrades, and the Sons of Veterans are taking up the work of the G.A.R. as its ranks diminish. As yet the graves of the Spanish war veterans happily are but few and the members of the organization in this city take care of them. Later, when the city has more money at its disposal, undoubtedly it will give its attention to this matter, but from the reading of the law it doesn't seem that it will ever need to employ a man at a good salary to see that the graves are properly cared for. It should be a labor of love.

Middle Street White Way

The last gun in the Middle street white way battle was fired yesterday noon, after the appropriations had been reported, and hence it was fired too late to accomplish anything for the promoters of the project. Since the members of the council started in on the appropriations, Mr. Edward W. Trull, who recently purchased property in Middle street, has been a very frequent visitor before the body, in behalf of a white way for Middle street, but he failed to convince the commissioners that the improvement should be made at the city's expense this year. Yesterday he expressed surprise to the mayor that the project wasn't assisted along by the city, and the mayor informed him that if the property owners wanted a white way of their own in Middle street the city would assist by granting the necessary pole locations, but it did not propose to foot the expense of the project out of the tax levy. Mr. Trull protested that it was a public improvement, and the mayor replied that it was more in the nature of a private graft, in which the owners of property in Middle street were the only ones particularly interested. It was an improvement, the mayor was willing to admit, but not such an improvement as to be paid for by the entire community. Hence, there will be no white way in Middle street this year, unless the public spirited citizens of that locality provide one at their own expense.

A Seven Day Hearing!

In a letter which John J. Pinder, through his attorney, has sent to Mayor O'Donnell, according to the copies published in the daily papers the writer expresses himself as follows:

"In view of said notice I hereby request a public hearing to be held to answer said charge, and I further request that said hearing be held at a time set by you of not less than seven days, in order that sufficient opportunity may be permitted me to summon such witnesses as I deem necessary to present at said hearing."

Does Mr. Pinder or his attorney mean that he desires a hearing that must last seven days, no more, no less? His letter would give that impression, judging by the language employed. If it is to cover a period of seven days it ought to be some hearing. It probably will take seven days and more to discover the "charge" to which Mr. Pinder or his attorney has referred in his notification to the mayor, for the latter made no charge whatever, against Mr. Pinder. He simply abolished the position as an unnecessary expense on the police department. Whatever charge there may be is against the office as needless expense, rather than against the man holding the office. The civil service law provides that when a man is removed from office on charges he may request a hearing upon them, in order that he may reply to the charges made against him. In this case Mr. Pinder wasn't removed from office, but the office itself was abolished.

"Chicken" Brady's Job

John Brady, better known about town under the soubriquet of "Chicken" as the result of his diminutive stature, received a communication from the civil service commission a few days ago, that made him sit up and take notice. He is registered under the civil service laws as a laborer and up to recently was employed in the water department. A few days ago he received a letter from Boston which read in part as follows: "We have requisitions for strong and able-bodied men at $2.25 per day to throw ash-barrels. Kindly notify us if you want such position."

"Chicken" immediately wrote back to the commission to inquire if the ash-barrels are empty. "Chicken" never weighed over 115 pounds in his life.

THE SPELLBINDER.

U. S. HUNTING CLUB

There was a large attendance at the regular meeting of the Hunting club last night. Three applications for membership were received and acted upon. The building committee reported that everything would be in readiness for a house warming on April 19.

The minstrel show committee reported that arrangements have been made to secure Merrimack Square theatre for Monday, May 1. The committee on cricket reported that they expected to have a first class team in the State league when the season opens. The regular monthly concert will be held at the club house on March 5, with President James Smith as chairman.

COUGHS AND COLDS ARE DANGEROUS

Few of us realize the danger of Coughs and Colds. We consider them common and harmless ailments. However statistics tell us every third person dies of a lung ailment. Dangerous Bronchial and Lung diseases follow a neglected cold. As your body struggles against cold germs, no better aid can be had than Dr. King's New Discovery. Its merit has been tested by old and young. In use over 45 years. Get a bottle today. Avoid the risk of serious Lung ailments. Druggists.

Established March 1, 1877

PETER DAVEY

UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Office 19 East Merrimack St.
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Residence 83 Bartlett St.
Telephone 70-R

To Discard Aged or Weather-Soiled Skin

To free your skin of blotches, roughness, muddiness, over-redness, freckles or any cutaneous difficulty, the best thing to do is to free yourself of the skin itself. This is easily accomplished by the use of ordinary mercolized wax. Use at night as you use cold cream, washing it off next morning. Immediately the old skin begins to come off in fine powder-like particles. Gradually the entire cuticle is absorbed in this way, causing no pain or inconvenience. Nor does the face exhibit any evidence of this treatment. The second layer of skin now in view presents a clear, healthy beauty and youthful coloring, obtainable in no other way we have ever heard of. The mercolized wax can of course be found in any druggists and you won't need more than an ounce of it.

To free yourself of wrinkles or crowsfeet, there's nothing better than the saxolite lotion. You need only dissolve an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint of witch hazel and bathe your face in the solution. The effect is quite remarkable, the lines being less in evidence even after the first application.

HELD ANNUAL REUNION

St. Peter's Parish and Friends Crowded Associate Hall—Fine Entertainment Presented

With Associate hall beautifully decorated the annual parish reunion of St. Peter's church was held last evening and was attended by the same success that has characterized these events for the past decade. The hall was well filled with members of the large parish and the balcony was literally packed with interested onlookers who were present long before the delightful concert program started. In the afternoon the children enjoyed a varied program which consisted of singing and dancing. Everything considered it was one of the most successful gatherings of its kind in the annals of the parish.

The concert last night as given by members of the South End club was of unusual merit and each and every number was enthusiastically received. Edward "Tip" Handley had general charge of the program. John A. Quinn handled the role of interlocutor in a very creditable manner and he was well supported by the entire cast. The various solo numbers left nothing to be desired in both classical and popular music, those by Ed. Handley, Commissioner James E. Donnelly, Joseph M. Reilly, Walter Davis, John Roane and Richard Barry being especially pleasing. The chorus work was praiseworthy while the work of the ends kept the audience in laughter throughout.

REV. D. J. KELEHER
Pastor

The concert program complete was as follows:

Grand opening overture, "My Little Girl," "Close to My Heart," "I Found You Among the Roses," "Come Back Dixie," solos sustained by Con. J. O'Neil; "Eileen Asthore," John F. Roane, Jr.; "You'd Never Know That Old Home Town of Mine," Ed (Tip) Handley; "Return With the Springtime, Acushla Machree," Andrew Doyle; "Beatrice Fairfax Tell Me What to Do," Walter Davis; "In the Garden of the Gods," Joseph M. Reilly; "The Little Grey Mother," James Lyons; "Roll On, Beautiful World, Roll On," James E. Donnelly; "Just a Little Bit of Heaven," Richard Barry; "Listen to That Dixie Band," John McArdle; "When I Leave This World Behind," Walter Clough; "When You're Down in Louisville Call On Me," Frank Ginty; specialty—musical, the Misses Coughlin and Bryant Palmer of Boston. Finale, "Don't Bite the Hand That's Feeding You," Jarleth Dacey and chorus of 50 voices.

During the latter part of the evening, general dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Markham's orchestra. The pastor of the parish, Rev. D. J. Keleher, Ph. D., and Rev. W. George Mullin, Rev. D. J. Heffernan and Rev. F. L. Crayton were present and assisted very materially in making the affair a success.

During the afternoon several hundred children of the parish took much enjoyment out of the events arranged for their benefit. There were candy scrambles and other games that kept them busy during the afternoon. One of the decided features was a game in which boys only were allowed to enter. This was called a pillow contest. The children also enjoyed dancing. The booths about the hall, reported a thriving business during the afternoon and evening.

The officers were as follows:

General Manager, Patrick Reynolds
Assistant General Manager, John L. McDonough

Reception Committee

James E. Donnelly, Chairman
William Welch John Watson
Bernard D. Ward

Floor Director, James E. Markham
Assistant Floor Director, Francis P. Corbett
Floor Marshal, William F. Conden

Aids

Dr. J. McGreevey	Jos. Daley
Dr. Wm. F. Ryan	H. F. Sheehan
J. H. Frawley	F. W. Sadlier
C. A. Donahue	T. F. Carmody
C. J. O'Neil	C. A. Donohoe
J. J. Gilbride	John Delaney
B. J. Malony	Richard Ryan
J. F. Roane, Jr.	C. A. Driscoll
F. P. White	Wm. Murray
W. J. McLaughlin	Edw. Fahey
L. Gendron	Jos. G. Pyne
J. A. Quinn	J. F. McMahon
Arthur T. Cull	John O'Grady
Wm. Geary	Wm. Cooney
J. H. Egan	Stephen Shelvey
E. Forgays	F. A. Donohoe
Frank Ginty	J. L. Markham
J. H. Gilbride	John O'Neil
P. J. Roane	C. A. Sadlier
F. Farrell	John Harley
E. H. Frawley	Jas. McPartland
Chas. Fox	A. Finnegan
Dr. F. W. Morris	

Lemonade Table

Miss Lulu Ginty, Matron

Mollie J. Donohoe	Margaret Corbett
W. Flannagan	Nellie Corbett
M. Gormley	Margaret McCavitt
G. E. Keleher	Alice Gray
Margaret Riley	Jennie McGrath
A. C. Donohoe	Agnes McKennedy
Margaret Green	Mabel Ferguson
Mary O'Neil	Evelyn Barrows
Katharyn Hafferty	Kathryn King
Mary O'Day	Bessie Kirwin
W. Harrington	J. Barrett
Marion Sanderson	E. O'Connor
Sadie Sheehan	Martina Mahan
Sarah Tighe	Minnie Donahue
Mary Maher	M. McGreevy
Kathryn Sparks	Sadie Riley
Margaret Box	Mary Griffin
Mary G. Quinn	Mary Guilfoyle
Mollie Duffy	Jennie Maguire
E. Murningham	Kathleen O'Day
Lillian Moran	Sarah Conlon
Vera Moody	Elizabeth Drain
Loretta Whitely	Margaret Hyde
S. G. Sparks	Anna Scannell
Helen O'Day	Margaret McDevitt
Rita Maughan	C. Broderick
Minnie Shea	Lena Farrell
Mary E. Green	Lucy Spillane
Alice Mahan	Florence Hague
Rita Nawn	Etta McDermott
Kathryn Box	Mrs. H. McNally
May Howe	Mrs. H. L. Bourke
Kathryn Cawley	Mrs. J. F. Donohoe
Mary Crowe	Mrs. D. Mahoney
H. M. Kilkennie	Mrs. M. Singleton
Mary Griffin	Mrs. D. J. Donahue
K. O'Connell	Mrs. Jos. Green
Mollie Roane	Mrs. T. Coleman
H. Donahue	Mrs. A. Milicent
Louise Cull	Mrs. J. Maughan
V. Rediker	Mrs. H. Gilligan
C. Rediker	Mrs. W. Fahey
M. Bushnell	Mrs. J. Farrell
A. McLaughlin	Mrs. D. F. Carroll
Abigail Cronan	Mrs. F. Routne
Hannah Cronan	Mrs. P. Sheehan

Refreshment Table

Mrs. Miles F. Burns, Matron

Mrs. C. McQuade	Mrs. B. Carmody
Mrs. B. Ward	Mrs. H. Cahill
Mrs. W. Higgins	Mrs. M. McDonough
Mrs. P. Flanigan	Mrs. Lomasney
Mrs. C. Maguire	Mrs. C. McKennedy
Mrs. M. Gilbride	Mrs. M. Kenny
Mrs. M. Moody	Mrs. Maxwell
Mrs. O. Donohoe	Mrs. D. Markham
Mrs. D. Corcoran	Mrs. J. Sadlier
Mrs. J. Dooley	Mrs. M. Flanagan
Mrs. A. McQuade	Mrs. Alice Farley
Mrs. H. W. Garity	Mrs. Annie Flynn
Mrs. M. Regan	Catharine Hey
Mrs. N. McNenny	Della Leonard
Mrs. M. Bloomburg	Delia Daley
Mrs. L. Gendron	Nellie Farrell
Mrs. A. Ferguson	Mary Farrell
Mrs. C. Markham	

Candy Table

Miss Laura L. Gendron, Matron

Mary Corbett	Genevieve Breen
W. McDonald	Margaret Morris
Mary Kennedy	Sadie Maguire
Mary Flanagan	Margaret Maguire
Gertrude McQuade	Mary Daley
Katherine Tobin	Nora Graham
Katherine Quinn	M. Armstrong
Mary Tobin	Mary Howard
Lena Gendron	K. Mulligan
May Rourke	Anna McKeon
Edith Donohoe	Lucy Spillane
May Smith	J. Flanagan
Abbie Higgins	Katherine Joyce
A. McLaughlin	Regina McDonald
Katherine McAleer	Ethel Codding
Mary Quirbach	Alice Burns
Mollie Bradley	Mary King
Loretta Kelley	Lena King
Mary Markham	Mary Ryan
Marion Gormley	May Mealey
Mary Mungavan	May Gilday
Mary Egan	Alicia Riley
Mary Early	Mary Baxter
Mary Collins	Grace Gibbons
Sadie Box	Katherine Kiernan
Margaret McQuade	Mary Kelley
Nellie Rogers	Alice Leary
Mary Fitzgerald	Anna Leary
Alice Gilligan	Anna Rogers
Katherine Murphy	Lillian Rogers
Delia Daley	May Tighe
Mary McQuade	Lena Marshall
Anna Mulligan	Josephine McHugh
Marion Sanderson	Mabel Sheehan
Anna Lardner	

"CASCARETS" FOR HEADACHE, COLDS, LIVER, BOWELS

Enjoy life! Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy and constipated.

Get rid of bad breath, sour stomach, coated tongue, indigestion.

Get a 10-cent box now.

They're fine! Cascarets turn your liver, clean your thirty feet of bowels and sweeten your stomach. You eat one or two, like candy, before going to bed and in the morning your head is clear, tongue is clean, stomach sweet, breath right and cold gone. Get a box from your druggist and enjoy the best night's liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Cascarets stop sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, bad breath and constipation.

Mothers should give a whole Cascaret to cross, bilious, sick, feverish children; any time. They are harmless and never gripe or sicken.

DRACUT

A special meeting of the citizens of Dracut was held last night, it having to do with the ratifying of an improperly drawn motion relative to the borrowing of $400,000 in anticipation of taxes. The matter was ironed out, however, by the presentation of a motion by John W. Brennan, town clerk.

The motion read as follows:

"That the town treasurer, with the approval of the selectmen, be and hereby is, authorized to borrow money from time to time in anticipation of the revenue of the municipal year beginning Jan. 1, 1916, to an amount not to exceed in aggregate $40,000, and at a rate of interest not to exceed 1 per cent per annum, and to issue a note or notes therefor payable within one year, any debt or debts incurred under these notes to be paid from the revenue of said municipal year."

As a reward for her clever work in capturing an escaped convict, Miss Constance Kopp has been appointed a deputy sheriff in Berken County, N. J.

FOR WORLD'S FAIR IN HUB

Gov. McCall Urges Boston Business Men to Act—To Celebrate Landing of Pilgrims

BOSTON, March 2.—A world's fair celebration of the 300th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth was the subject of an earnest address delivered by Governor McCall last night at the ninth anniversary dinner of the Massachusetts real estate exchange at the Copley-Plaza.

In making this suggestion, Governor McCall made a strong plea to all the business men of Boston to get together and exert all their energies to make an exposition possible in 1920.

The governor pointed out that at no time within a century would a world's fair be so opportune as during the coming period, in which the nations of the world will seek to rehabilitate themselves and meet in a spirit of commercial concord following the close of the present conflict in Europe.

Pessimistic Notes Struck

Striking as was the address made by the governor, it scarcely was more so than declarations made by other speakers on other subjects in the course of the dinner. National preparedness for defence and the preparedness of New England industries for the big business which would come to this section of the United States after the present war constituted the subjects of other addresses.

Notable among the features of the evening, however, were certain pessimistic revelations made by H. C. Keith of the New England Shoe and Leather association and J. W. Powell, president of the Fore River Shipbuilding company. Mr. Keith startled his hearers by the manner in which, by statistics and a comparison of the laws of Massachusetts with those of other states, he indicated how Missouri and Ohio are in a fair way to rob New England of the supremacy which it always has maintained in the manufacture of shoes.

Mr. Powell, speaking in behalf of the shipbuilding interests of the United States, showed that, while vessels aggregating a tonnage of 750,000 now are under construction in American ship-yards, the rapid rise in the cost of materials and labor, together with the totally inadequate railroad facilities of New England, promise soon to make the construction of merchant ships impossible in the United States. He also asserted that these conditions would offer grave difficulties to the putting in effect of an adequate naval program of preparedness.

Nor was Mayor Curley a whit behind the other speakers in sensational utterances. The mayor's topics were the disreputable condition of the streets of Boston, and the need of a national commission for national defence.

The occasion was otherwise notable in that it marked the last appearance of John J. Martin as president of the Massachusetts real estate exchange, after having served for six years in that capacity. In behalf of the members of the exchange Herbert S. Frast, in a graceful speech, presented to the retiring executive a gold watch and chain.

DECIDE ON ADVERTISING

MERCHANTS VOTE NOT TO PATRONIZE SCHEMES SUCH AS PROGRAMS, SCORE CARDS, ETC.

WARE, March 2.—The merchants of Ware met yesterday and agreed not to patronize many of the numerous advertising schemes outside of newspapers and magazines, which are presented throughout the year, concerning which there has been no set rule in the past.

The original meeting of the merchants was called by the merchants committee of the Ware board of trade, to decide the schedule of closing on holidays and half holidays and yesterday it was voted to close from noon until 6 p. m. on the first afternoon of the Ware fair. John F. Robinson was chairman of the meeting and David Woolley was secretary.

There was a hot discussion on the subject of certain merchants keeping their places of business open after closing hours. An attempt is to be made by the merchants committee to get all of the Main street stores into line and those who do not agree to close nights when all of the other stores are closed will be ostracized by the majority of the merchants.

It was also voted to have a "Dollar Day" some time during the summer, at which time local merchants will have extraordinary values for a dollar and will combine to advertise the occasion. The agreement voted yesterday is as follows: "The business men of Ware agree not to patronize advertising schemes such as programs, score cards, hotel desks and registers, books, time tables, circus mediums or any other scheme of like nature, or to donate goods or money for any fair or entertainment."

BRITISH AMERICAN CLUB

The members of the British American Social club held a meeting last night in Post 120 hall, President Neil McNeill Watters occupying the chair. There was a large attendance and considerable business of importance was transacted during the evening. The concert and dance committee reported that the recent concert and dance had netted the sum of $98.55.

Walter Booth was chosen for the position of treasurer, as the present incumbent is to leave the city soon. For the benefit of the relief fund the entertainment committee decided to conduct an English tea party in April. After the meeting a social hour was spent and songs were contributed by Mr. and Mrs. Taft, William Clark, George Whalley, Mrs. Arthur Taylor, Mrs. Leach, Mrs. J. Boughton and Mrs Saxon.

WOMAN LOST ARM IN FALL

CALAIS, Me., March 2—Falling over a cat, which darted between her feet when she opened a door, then pitching headlong down a flight of five steps, resulted in serious injuries to Mrs. Daniel Fitzsimmons. Her arm was fractured in four places and so badly crushed that amputation has been necessary. She was also much shaken and bruised.

COULDN'T BE DROWNED

LONDON, March 2.—Charles Dunn, a sailor, pleaded guilty to the charge of failing to report for duty on an admiralty transport which sailed without him. Although such an offense, in war times, is regarded as a most heinous one, the Liverpool magistrate, who heard the case, inflicted no punishment upon him.

Dunn, as was brought out in the evidence, is a modern Jonah. Although he seems to bear a charmed life himself the ships on which he sails almost invariably go to the bottom. He was on the Titanic and the Empress of Ireland when they went down, and on the Lusitania and Florizian when they were torpedoed by German submarines. His portrait, as that of the man who couldn't be drowned, has been shown at many of the "movies."

Among the sailors of the transport his extraordinary career was well known and his reputation as a Jonah firmly established. He said they had threatened to throw him overboard if he joined the ship.

"So you see, your worship," he explained to the magistrate, "if I had sailed on the ship they wouldn't have let me stay on her long. And though my luck might have held good again if they had chucked me overboard I didn't want to risk another wetting, especially in winter."

CAMBRIDGE FIRE

Big Coal Pocket of Gaslight Co. Destroyed—Gasometer Saved

BOSTON, March 2.—With the exception of a section about 40 feet long the big coal pocket of the Cambridge Gaslight company, extending about 800 feet along the northerly side of the Broad canal, Cambridge, was destroyed by fire that started shortly before 10.45 last night.

Albert M. Barnes, president of the company, estimated the loss at $125,000. The building and equipment is covered by insurance and there is some insurance on the coal. There were 7000 tons of coal in the pockets, which, according to Mr. Barnes, is a rather small amount for the company to have on hand at this time.

A general alarm was sounded in Cambridge and two alarms were rung in Boston for assistance. Engines sent from Boston were massed on Main street in front of the large plant of the Bay State Coal company. Some burning brands set small fires, but did no material damage, and the plant was saved.

Owing to the repair work on the gates of the lock of the Charles river dam, the Boston fireboat, which answered on the first alarm, was unable to go up the river and assist in fighting the fire.

The flames lit up the sky and as the reflection could be seen for miles thousands were attracted to the scene. Many thousands crowded the esplanade along the Back Bay side of the Charles river basin and watched the flames leaping high in the air.

The greatest danger was that the fire would cross Broad canal and ignite the buildings on the Main street side. Together with the large plant of the Bay State Coal company, there is a large four-story brick and granite building, occupied by E. R. Luke & Co. Although the fire passed directly behind this building, within 100 feet of it, it did not touch it.

Employes of the Gas company were quickly on hand as it was feared the blaze would communicate to the other buildings on the easterly side of Third street, running back from the office or main building. Less than 50 feet from the blaze is a large gasometer, containing millions of cubic feet of gas, but the fire did not reach it.

For some time the whole section of Cambridgeport was threatened. The burned building runs directly back from the office building on Third street and but a short distance away is the large lumber wharf of William H. Wood & Co.

The fire appeared to have started about the middle of the long coal pocket and spread in either direction. It was quickly seen by Chief Bunker that there was no hope of saving the easterly end of the structure and efforts were bent toward preventing it extending toward Third street. The firemen were successful and the blaze was stopped about 40 feet from the office building on Third street.

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.